



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

Fig. 4.1

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1922. [Price, 2 annas, 6 p.]

Part A.—Notifications by Government.

CONTENTS

BANKRUPT ESTATE OF		ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Real Estate	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Personal Property	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Accounts Receivable	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Inventory	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Prepaid Expenses	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Other Assets	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Total Assets	500.00	500.00	500.00	500.00	500.00
Accounts Payable	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Notes Payable	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Other Liabilities	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Total Liabilities	300.00	300.00	300.00	300.00	300.00
Equity	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 1.—Programme of His Excellency the Governor's visit to Filipinas and Madagaskar, in January-February 1884.

Month and date.	Day of week.	Place.	Arrival or departure.	Time.		Remarks.
				A.M.	P.M.	
1879						
Jan. 28	Monday	Malaga (Central)	Departure		4-25	By special train, private.
Jan. 29	Tuesday	Wilmington	Arrival	9-40		Arrived private.
Jan. 30	Wednesday	Do.	Departure		9-40	By special train, Department private.
Feb. 2	Thursday	Malaga (Central)	Arrival	7-25		Arrived private.
Feb. 3	Friday	Do.	Departure		10-50	By special train, Department private.
Feb. 4	Saturday	Essexville	Arrival	9-45		Arrived private.
		Do.	Departure	10-10		Departure private.
		Do.	Departure	8-30		By morning special train, Department private.
		Essexville	Arrival		8-30	Arrived private.
		Do.	Departure		9-45	By special train, Department private.
		Essexville	Arrival		10-50	Arrived private. Through train.
Mar. 4	Monday	Do.	Departure	9-40		By special train, Department private.
		Malaga (Central)	Arrival	1-45		Arrived private.

All letters, etc., intended for His Excellency and party should be addressed "Madras Director's Camp, India," without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency will consist of—

- Her Excellency the Lady Wellington, C.I., D.S.S.
 R. Courtenay-Smith, Esq., I.C.S., Private Secretary.
 Major D. F. Johnston, A.M., D.S.S., D.A.M.C., Surgeon.
 Major T. W. Vernon, M.C., Aide-de-Camp.
 Major Owen-Spencer, Aide-de-Camp.

GUTHRIE & SONS, CALCUTTA,
 17th January 1924.

K. G. GOLDBIE, Major,
 Military Secretary.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Port St. George, January 14, 1924.

No. 17.—Under rule 21 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. C. H. Herbert, I.C.S., leaves on average pay for two months and leaves on half average pay for six months in continuation from 7th March 1924.

No. 18.—Under rule 21 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. T. Vengopal Chetti, I.C.S., leaves on average pay for four months from 6th January 1924.

Port St. George, January 17, 1924.

No. 19.—Under rule 21 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. G. H. Jackson, I.C.S., leaves on average pay for six months and leaves on half average pay for six months in continuation from 1st April 1924.

Port St. George, January 18, 1924.

No. 20.—In modification of the leave granted to him in Public Department Notification No. 425, published at page 1291 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 4th December 1923, Mr. G. T. Larnach, I.C.S., leaves on average pay for three months and leaves on half average pay for eight months and eleven days in continuation from 21st March 1924.

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Port St. George, January 18, 1924.

No. 21.—Mr. K. R. F. Subbaya Mudaliyar, Ammal, Sub-Judge, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Madras, vice Mr. T. Vengopal Chetti, I.C.S., general leave.

No. 22.—Mr. W. Beck Huron, I.C.S., from the Kowpat division of the Vengapatt Agency Station to the Narayagottam division of the Vengapatt district and the Narayagottam Agency Station of the Vengapatt Agency district.

Port St. George, January 18, 1924.

No. 23.—Mr. A. R. G. Murchison, I.C.S., Acting Under Secretary to Government, to be Temporary Additional Under Secretary to Government, Public Department.

No. 24.—Mr. F. J. Finkbein, I.C.S., to be Collector of Madras, Protector of Emigrants, Superintendent of Stamp and Duty and Paymaster of Customs Revenue in addition to his duties as Collector and District Magistrate, Chingleput, in relief of Mr. H. A. R. Vernon, I.C.S.

No. 25.—Mr. H. A. R. Vernon, I.C.S., Collector and District Magistrate, on recall by Mr. F. J. Finkbein, I.C.S., to Collector in relief of Mr. H. E. Davidson, I.C.S., (pending on leave).

No. 26.—Mr. J. Guy, M.A., I.C.S., on return from leave, to act as Registrar of Cooperative Societies.

No. 27.—Mr. H. T. Bell, I.C.S., on return from leave, to act as Collector of Madras, Protector of Emigrants, Superintendent of Stamp and Duty and Paymaster of Customs Revenue.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, January 12, 1924 (P.O. No. 24, Public).

No. 12.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 20th January 1924.

No. 6.—For the purpose of sub-section (1) of section 42 E of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 57 of the *Legislature Assembly General Rules*, the Governor-General is pleased to nominate the following persons, being officials, to be members of the said *Legislature Assembly*:—

Mr. Thomas Evelyn Moss, C.B., C.I.E.

Mr. John Malcolm Tait.

Port St. George, January 12, 1924.

No. 16.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Foreign Trade.

Delhi, the 10th January 1924.

No. F. 94-C.—The services of Mr. I. W. Howe, C.M.S., C.B.E., I.C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras with effect from the 26th November 1923, on which date he vacated the post of Secretary to the High Commissioner for India at the United Kingdom.

M. E. COUCHMAN,
Acting Chief Secretary.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

Port St. George, January 12, 1924.

No. 10.—Under section 8 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Government sanction the issue of a licence to the undersigned gentleman to solemnize marriages within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act:—

Mr. Robert Herbert Foster of the Wesleyan Methodist Mission Society, residing at Nagari in the taluk of Chendragiri in the district of Chittoor.

No. 12.—Under section 8 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Government sanction the issue of a licence to the undersigned gentleman to solemnize marriages within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras:—

Mr. Robert Herbert Foster of the Wesleyan Methodist Mission Society, residing at Nagari in the taluk of Chendragiri in the district of Chittoor.

M. E. COUCHMAN,
Acting Chief Secretary.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Port St. George, January 22, 1924.

No. 1.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 1st January 1924.

No. 14-C.—With reference to notification No. 24-C., dated the 20th August 1923 and with the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to reorganize previously the appointment of Mr. W. M. Thompson as Consul for Denmark at Madras.

M. E. COUCHMAN,
Acting Chief Secretary.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Port St. George, January 16, 1934.

No. 28.—Under Fundamental Rule 81, Mahomed El-ud-Deh Salih Babiker, Deputy Superintendent of Police, leaves on approved pay for one month from the 17th December 1933, with permission to prefer further his 19th December 1933 therein, subject to the conditions of the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 81.

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Port St. George, January 22, 1934.

No. 33.—Mr. H. G. Newfield, Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave for business days.

No. 35.—M.R.Sy. Kai Fakih A. Subis Baidi Gani, Deputy Superintendent of Police, an extension of leave on approved pay for five months from the 24th October 1933 under Fundamental Rule 81.

APPOINTMENT.

No. 32.—Mr. C. E. Gurney, Officer Commanding the Agency Operations, to be temporary Deputy Inspector-General of Police.

POSTINGS.

Port St. George, January 17, 1934.

No. 31.—Mr. L. B. Ganes, Acting Superintendent of Police, Tinianville District, to act as Principal, Provisional Training School and Central Research School, Valletta, vide Mr. F. Dupin, gazetted here.

No. 34.—Mr. R. S. Milton, Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, to be Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, vide Mr. L. B. Ganes.

No. 36.—M.R.Sy. V. Venkatasubramanian Ayyar Aravali, Deputy Superintendent of Police and Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Amavapoor District, to act as Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, vide Mr. R. S. Milton.

Port St. George, January 23, 1934.

No. 30.—Mr. G. S. Cunningham, Superintendent of Police, Madras District, to be Superintendent of Police on special duty for the reallocation of police stations, with effect from 1st February 1934.

No. 37.—Mr. A. F. Buckley, Superintendent of Police, Ramnagar District, to be Superintendent of Police, Madras District, vide Mr. G. S. Cunningham.

No. 38.—M.R.Sy. Rao Bahub S. Panayyan Madhavji Aravali, Deputy Superintendent of Police and Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, to act as Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, vide Mr. A. F. Buckley.

No. 39.—M.R.Sy. Rao Bahub R. Nangura, Ayyangar Aravali, on return from leave, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Kermel District, vide Mr. S. Panayyan Madhavji.

No. 40.—M.R.Sy. K. S. Rajagopala Ayyangar Aravali, Acting Deputy Superintendent of Police and Principal, Central Research School, Assistant, to act as Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Amavapoor District, vide Mr. V. Venkatasubramanian Ayyar.

No. 41.—M.R.Sy. P. Subramanian Ayyangar Aravali, Acting Deputy Superintendent of Police and Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, North Arcot District, to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madhavji sub-stations, Kermel District, vide Mr. Rao T. Dasababai.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, January 18, 1934 [G.O. No. 87, Judicial (Police)].

No. 42.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1923, the Governor in Council is pleased to establish, with effect from 1st February 1934, the police station at Perchappali, Enfield police, Amavapoor District, and to declare Subrahmanyam to be a police station, including within its local area all the villages which are now attached to the Subrahmanyam station.

Port St. George, January 17, 1934 [G.O. No. 53, Judicial (Magistrate)].

No. 43.—The addition to rule 1 of the rules framed under section 21 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1923, by the Chief Presidency Magistrate vide the gazette of Branch of History

Magistrates appointed by the Government in Notification No. 449, Judicial, dated the 20th December 1933, in the City of Madras, has been approved by the Government and the rule as amended is published for general information.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate shall, if present, act also as the Chairman of the Bench. In his absence the Deputy Chief Magistrate, if any, present shall act also as the Chairman of the Bench. In the absence of any Deputy Chief Magistrate, the Bench shall, as often as may be necessary, elect a Chairman from among the Magistrates present. If the Bench should be absent the Chief Presidency Magistrate shall decide which Magistrate, Magistrates shall preside. A Magistrate selected to preside at the first hearing shall, if present, continue to preside at the subsequent hearings of the same case.

Port St. George, January 22, 1934.

No. 44.—The following resolution of the Government of India is published:—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POWERS.

Delhi, the 2nd January 1934.

No. P-108-23.—The following Resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information:—

RESOLUTION BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 22-B of the Government of India Act, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (5) of the said section, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held the 29th day of November 1933, hereby makes the following rules under the said section which shall have effect from the date stated against them:—

Police under section 22-B (3) of the Government of India Act. Pay of Officers provided from the Provincial Police Service in India (Imperial) Police Service Rules.

(1) The rated pay of an officer promoted from the Provincial Police Service shall be such as to be at least equal to the highest time-scales of pay for the Indian (Imperial) Police Service at the stage next above his existing pay in the Provincial Police Service. As soon as he holds a superior post he shall rise to the corresponding stage of the superior scale. This rule shall have effect from the 7th April 1933.

(2) When an officer of a Provincial Police Service is drawing pay in this service equal to, or higher than, the maximum of the Indian (Imperial) Police time-scales and is promoted to a superior post in the Imperial Service, he shall be brought on to the superior time-scale at the stage which is the 11th in series of the pay he was drawing in the Provincial Service, as if there is an such stage, then at the stage next above the total of his pay in that service plus the 11th, provided that an officer so promoted from the Provincial Police Service shall draw more pay than that which an officer of the Imperial Service of the same number of years' service would be entitled to under the superior time-scale. This rule shall have effect from the 7th April 1933.

(3) In any enhancement of pay of a Provincial Police Service pay (whether as the result of general promotion of the Provincial Police Service rates of pay or of the operation of the Provincial Police Service time-scales or of promotion to the selection grade of the Provincial Police Service) while effecting in an Indian (Imperial) Police Service post such an officer shall be entitled to have his pay in the Indian (Imperial) Police Service time-scales of pay assimilated in accordance with the principles laid down in rules (1) and (2) of these rules to the basis of his enhanced pay in the Provincial Police Service, and with effect from the date of such enhancement. This rule shall have effect from the 7th April 1933.

(4) Increases of pay in the Indian (Imperial) Police Service time-scales of pay shall be granted to a Provincial Police Service officer holding an Indian (Imperial) Police Service post only on completion of a full year's service on any stage of that scale, and for the purpose of calculating one year's service at a given rate of pay broken periods of effecting service at that rate of pay shall be taken into account. This rule shall have effect from the 7th April 1933.

M. R. COUGHMAN,
Acting Chief Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, January 22, 1934.

No. 28.—The following telegram, dated the 18th January 1934, from the Controller of the Currency, Calcutta, to the Accountant-General, Madras, is published:—

* Rate of exchange applied to in communications to Indian Civil Service, etc., funds during February 1934 was at January 1934, i.e., one hundred paise per rupee. Percentage admissible on exchange compensation allowances on salary paid during the same month represent two, one and three and six paise per hundred rupee subject to maximum rupee fifty-five and annas six only (Rs. 45-6-5)."

Fort St. George, December 31, 1923 (P.O. No. 1112, France).

No. 12.—Statement showing the Financial transactions of the Fort and Marine Funds for the official year 1922-1923.

Funds	Opening balance as per S.O. No. 14, 1922, dated 19th February 1921.		Receipts								Charges	
	Cash.	Overseas Donation.	Delivery receipts.	Less transf.	Less repaid.	Total of receipts (1) to (5).	Fund for contingencies.	Total of receipts (7) and (8).	Budget excess.	Ordinary charges.	Less transf.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Fort Fund.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	Sh. p. s.	
Start Fort Fund	5,75,000 10 1	2,04,700 0 0	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	—	
End Fort Fund	—	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	—	
Marine Fund.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Start Marine Fund	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
End Marine Fund	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total ..	5,75,000 10 1	2,04,700 0 0	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	5,75,000 10 1	—	—	—	
Income and Expenditure.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Expenditure	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Balance	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Fort Fund.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Expenditure	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Marine Fund.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Expenditure	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

(1) Includes Sh. 2,515-10-5 on account of Special President Fund.
(2) Equipment of boat 10-0-0.

Atchampana Landing and Shipping Fund

Sh. 7,000

Total

Statement showing the Financial transactions of the Port and Marine Funds for the official year 1922-1923.

Fund.	Charges—cont.						Credits balance.		Grants.	
	Loans repaid.	Total Machines (10) to (12).	Loans on interest.	Total of returns (14) and (15).	Budget grant.	Alcohol grant.	Cont.	Government grants.	Total of same and up to the ending of the year. (18)	Total of same and up to the end of the year. (19)
	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
First Term.										
Water Works Fund	\$5,400 0 0	\$4,700 1 4	..	\$4,700 1 4	\$14,200 0 0	\$12,400 0 0	\$1,300 0 0	\$1,300 0 0	\$4,700 1 4	\$14,200 0 0
Public Park Fund	\$1,600 0 0	..	\$1,600 0 0	\$7,000 0 0	\$7,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,600 0 0
Second Term.										
Public and Kitchen	\$1,500 0 0	..	\$1,500 0 0	\$1,500 0 0	\$1,500 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,500 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Total	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Loans and Grants										
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
London	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	..	..	..	\$1,000 0 0
Washington	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0
Public Park	\$1,000 0 0	..	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0	\$1,000 0 0
Washington</									

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Fort St. George, January 22, 1926.

No. 30.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

TAXES AND ASSIGNMENTS.

T.M., 10/198 January 1926.

No. 48 P.E.—The services of Mr. V. Marudeti Poo, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras with effect from the 15th December 1925, and with further orders.

Mr. M. S. Teyvita, a Senior Assistant in the office of the Assistant General, Madras, has been appointed in addition as Assistant Accounts Officer in that office with effect from the 15th December 1925, and with further orders.

R. W. DAVIES,
Secretary to Government.

No. 51.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

CUSTOMS.

T.M., 10/204 December 1925.

No. 1818.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VII of 1878), the Customs General in Council is pleased to exempt from the whole of the duties leviable (including thereon goods imported into British India before the 31st March 1925) in respect of which an order sanctioned on this behalf by the High Commissioner for India certifies that they were previously imported into the United Kingdom from British India and have been exhibited at the British Empire Exhibition and are being returned to British India in the condition in which they were so imported.

Fort St. George, January 15, 1926 (P. O. No. 40, Finance).

No. 15.—The following shall be substituted for the words "his substantive pay" occurring in subsidiary rules 1 and 2 under Fundamental Rule 49:—

"the pay due to his substantive appointment (including overseas pay and technical pay)".

J. E. BROWN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

(General.)

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, January 17, 1926.

No. 40.—M.E.Ry. Anni Nannayya Krishnaswami Ayyar, Avargal, Sub-Judge, Additional Sub-Commissioner, to the Sub-Court, Bellary, via H.R.Ry. A. Venkataswamy Ayyar, quoted here.

No. 41.—M.E.Ry. Srinivasan Venkataswami Ayyar, Erode, District Master, Palni, is appointed in addition as Sub-Judge and posted to the Additional Sub-Court, Bellary.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, January 15, 1926.

No. 42.—Under section 85 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the undersigned officiating sessions in the District specified appoints to their offices and authorizes to take oaths the witnesses of sessions with their own hand in the English language:—

At the District Station, Madras, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—Karnal,
M.E.Ry. K. R. Venkataswamy Ayyar, Avargal, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—
Madras.

Fort St. George, January 15, 1926.

Mr. V. MOHAMMAD, I.C.S., Sessions Judge—South Malabar.
H.R.Ry. V. S. Narayana Ayyar, Avargal, Sessions Judge—Belum.

Fort St. George, January 17, 1926.

M.E.Ry. Vepe Adityaswami Pandita, Gura, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—
Kudal.

Fort St. George, January 15, 1926.

No. 43.—The Government in Council is pleased to appoint the undersigned gentlemen to be Special Magistrates for the area specified within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified appoints to their offices with due powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 737, dated the 15th August 1915, published at pages 1260 and 1261.

Port St. George, January 17, 1913 [G.O. No. 126, Law (General)].

No. 45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Madras Towns Municipal Act, 1819 (LII of 1819), the Government in Council is pleased to declare, with effect from the 1st February 1913, the provisions of sections 3 to 12 (both inclusive) of the said Act to be the local laws comprised within the limits of the unincorporated villages in the Tiruvallur taluk, Madras district:—

NAME OF VILLAGES

1. Tiruvallur.	3. Pudukottai.	19. Pottanahampanam.	28. Tiruv.
2. Andakkal.	4. Pithapuram.	20. Kottanahampanam.	29. Tiruppur.
3. Tiruvallur.	5. Aramangudi.	21. Pudukottai.	30. Tiruppur.
4. Tiruvallur.	10. Aram.	22. Tiruppur.	31. Tiruppur.
5. Tiruvallur.	11. Kattankudi.	23. Tiruppur.	32. Tiruppur.
6. Tiruvallur.	12. Tiruvallur.	24. Tiruppur.	33. Tiruppur.

Port St. George, January 15, 1913 [G.O. No. 126, Law (General)].

No. 46.—Under section 18 (2) of the Indian Registration Act, 1912, the Government in Council is pleased to prescribe that the following form of register shall be kept by the Registrar of Land Revenue for persons engaged or assisted to emigrate for the purpose of skilled work and their dependents and the persons engaging or assisting such persons.

This *Form* is published in No. 121, Law (General), dated 19th March 1913, published as page 85 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated 27th March 1913.

FORM

Register of emigrants and their dependents engaged or assisted to emigrate under the provisions of Chapter IV of Act VII of 1912:—

Registration	1. Date.
Emigrants	2. Number.
Dependents	3. Name.
	4. Father's name.
	5. Name.
	6. Relationship to persons engaged.
	7. Sex.
	8. Age.
	9. Caste.
Particulars of residences of emigrants and their dependents.	10. Family residence.*
	11. Occupation.
	12. District.
	13. Town, village or taluk.
Home of emigrants and their dependents.	14. Village or town and Post office.
	15. Name and residence.
	16. Father's name.
	17. Relationship.
	18. Country for which engaged and Port of disembarkation.
	19. Name of ship and date fixed for departure.
	20. Period for which engaged.
	21. Nature of work.
	22. Rate of wages.
Terms of agreement	23. Provisions made for the health and comfort of the persons engaged and their dependents during the period of engagement.
	24. Conditions as to repatriation at the end of the period of engagement.
	25. Name.
Persons by whom engaged or assisted to emigrate.	26. Father's name.
	27. Occupation.
	28. Residence.
	29. District.
	30. Town, village or taluk.
	31. Village or town and Post office.
	32. Signature, rank, degree or other impression of the emigrant and their dependents.
	33. Governmental Order (number and date).
	34. Remarks.

* Single or without, shared or separated; as married persons including their or married couples including together or with their children.

Port St. George, January 15, 1913 [G.O. No. 126, Law (General)].

No. 47.—The following names of an emigrant who has been granted an emigrant's certificate by the Madras Government in accordance with the rules made under section 14 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, is published for general information:—

Name	1. M. R. T. R. Narayanaiah.
Registered as emigrant	2. Unregistered.
Permanent or temporary	3. Permanent.

Port St. George, January 18, 1924 [G.O. No. 181, Law (General)].

No. 42.—The Government are pleased to declare that, with effect from the 1st January 1924, the price of the Indian Law Reports, Madras Series, shall be Rs. 2 (including postage).

Port St. George, January 15, 1924 [G.O. No. 178, Law (General)].

No. 41.—Whereas the Revenue Officer appointed in and under Section 21, published on page 22 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated the 2nd January 1924, as amended by subsequent No. 375, published on page 377 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated the 25th August 1921, for the proposition of a record of rights for the village of the *Samar Zametiam* and for 14 or 15 villages in the District of the *Samar Zametiam*, has published the record of rights in respect of the said villages on the date stated below, the local Government in exercise of the powers vested in them under section 147 (1) of the *Madras Estates Land Act, 1 of 1920*, hereby declare that a record of rights has been finally published for the said villages:—

Number and name of village.	Date of final publication.	Number and name of village.	Date of final publication.
1. <i>Samarzametiam</i>	14th Feb. 1924.	8. <i>Parth Zametiam</i>	14th Feb. 1924.
2. <i>Induram</i>	15th ..	9. <i>Samar</i>	15th ..
3. <i>Haripad</i>	15th ..	10. <i>Haripad</i>	15th ..
4. <i>Samar Zametiam</i>	15th ..	11. <i>Sam Zametiam</i>	15th ..
5. <i>Maduram</i>	15th ..		

Port St. George, January 16, 1924.

No. 40.—The following notification of the Government of India is reprinted:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

COMPANY LAW.

The 1st of January 1924.

No. 50-7.—In pursuance of the powers conferred on section 271 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), the Government-General in Council is pleased to exempt the London Missionary Society Corporation, Ootacamund, and the American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, Madras, from the requirements of the said provisions.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

(Registration.)

NOTIFICATION.

Port St. George, January 15, 1924 [G.O. No. 54, R. Law (Registration)].

No. 8.—Under the provisions of section 3 (1) of the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1907, the Government are pleased to direct that, from and after the 1st March 1924, the said villages mentioned in column (1) which now form part of the registration sub-district named against them in column (2) be transferred to and form part of the registration sub-district named against them in column (3) in the register as districts of Tenkasi. The limits of the villages shall be the limits which shall from time to time be determinate for administrative purposes:—

Survey number and name of village.	District		Survey number and name of village.	District	
	From sub-district.	To sub-district.		From sub-district.	To sub-district.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ANNAMALAYAM DISTRICT.					
SOUTH ARCOT.					
1. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	2. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
3. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	4. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
5. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	6. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
7. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	8. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
9. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	10. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
11. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	12. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
13. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	14. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
15. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	16. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
17. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	18. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
19. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	20. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
21. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	22. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
23. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	24. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
25. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	26. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
27. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	28. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
29. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	30. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
31. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	32. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
33. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	34. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
35. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	36. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
37. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	38. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
39. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	40. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
41. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	42. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
43. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	44. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
45. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	46. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
47. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	48. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
49. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	50. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
51. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	52. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
53. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	54. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
55. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	56. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
57. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	58. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
59. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	60. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
61. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	62. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
63. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	64. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
65. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	66. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
67. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	68. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
69. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	70. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
71. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	72. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
73. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	74. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
75. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	76. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
77. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	78. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
79. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	80. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
81. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	82. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
83. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	84. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
85. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	86. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
87. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	88. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
89. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	90. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
91. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	92. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
93. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	94. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
95. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	96. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
97. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	98. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
99. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	100. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
101. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	102. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
103. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	104. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
105. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	106. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
107. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	108. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
109. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	110. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
111. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	112. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
113. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	114. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
115. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	116. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
117. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	118. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
119. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	120. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
121. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	122. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
123. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	124. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
125. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	126. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
127. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	128. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
129. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	130. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
131. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	132. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
133. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	134. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
135. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	136. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
137. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	138. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
139. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	140. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
141. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	142. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
143. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	144. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
145. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	146. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
147. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	148. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
149. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	150. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
151. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	152. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
153. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	154. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
155. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	156. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
157. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	158. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
159. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	160. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
161. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	162. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
163. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	164. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
165. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	166. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
167. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	168. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
169. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	170. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
171. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	172. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
173. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	174. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
175. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	176. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
177. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	178. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
179. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	180. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
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185. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	186. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
187. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	188. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
189. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	190. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
191. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	192. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
193. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	194. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
195. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	196. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
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199. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	200. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
201. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	202. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
203. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	204. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
205. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	206. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
207. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	208. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
209. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	210. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
211. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	212. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
213. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	214. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
215. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	216. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
217. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	218. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
219. Karukal	Karukal.	Salem.	220. Turukal	Turukal.	Salem.
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MILBY, Narasimha Venkataswamy Aggarwal, B.A., F.A., Assistant Executive Engineer, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Cologoyal division. To join forthwith according the unexpired portion of his leave. The order to duty is optional.

M. B. KHAREGAT,
Off. Secy. to Govt., F.W.D. (General Buildings and Road).

ERRATA.

Port St. George, January 15, 1934.

To the notification for the acquisition of land in No. 31, Kumbhagudi village, Namakkal taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 1259 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th November 1933—

NORTHERN SURVEY.—For "S.S. No. 118" read "S.S. No. 117-2, part."

SOUTHERN SURVEY.—Add "S.S. No. 117-2, part."

WESTERN SURVEY.—Add "S.S. No. 117-2."

NOTIFICATION.

Port St. George, January 8, 1934.

Closure of works in the Gudalur District during the year 1934.—

Delayed Western Division— Summation and	Date of	
	Closure.	Re-opening.
Work.—How of closing 6 a.m.,	24th January 1934	3rd June 1934.
How of re-opening 6 p.m.		

T. HAWKINS,

Off. Joint Secy. to Govt., F.W.D. (Engineering).

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Port St. George, January 16, 1934.

Under section 4, Act I of 1924, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0.15 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to Chittoorank tank of Mallapally taluk, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Pondicherry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Pondicherry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Gudalur District, Pondicherry taluk, Mallapally village.

Measured, say, portion of 1945 S. a. 128, belonging to Rajoli Alagar, bounded on the north and east by S. No. 417; north by S. No. 418; west by S. No. 419 0.15

Port St. George, January 16, 1934.

Under section 4, Act I of 1924, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0.47 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairs to the Pail tank; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Rajapet, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Rajapet, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Chittoorank District, Rajapet taluk, Thiruvaiyur village.

W. of Survey, S. No. 2750 A, belonging to Raju Menakal and Akkai Yachurakkal of Rajapet, bounded on the north by S. No. 2752 F, and, south and west by S. No. 2753 B	0.25
W. of Survey, S. No. 2750 B, belonging to Raju Yachurakkal, grandson of Akkai Yachurakkal of Rajapet, bounded on the north by S. No. 2752 F, and, west by S. No. 2753 B	0.25
W. of Survey, S. No. 2751 A, belonging to Chittan Chittan, bounded on the north by S. No. 2752 F, and, west by S. No. 2753 B, and, south by S. No. 2754 A, and, east by S. No. 2754 B	0.40
W. of Survey, S. No. 2752 A, belonging to Akkai Yachurakkal, grandson of Akkai Yachurakkal of Rajapet, bounded on the north by S. No. 2752 F, and, west by S. No. 2753 B	0.40
Total	0.47

Under section 4, Act I of 1924, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0.62 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for closing the bogalake in the Cavery flood tank; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Trichinopoly, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

തം പുനഃപരിശോധിച്ചു. ആദ്യകാലത്തെ ഒരു ശാസ്ത്രീയ സംഗ്രഹമായിട്ടുള്ള ഇതിന്റെ കൂടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷകന്മാരുടെയും അദ്ധ്യാപകന്മാരുടെയും പേരിടും വേദികയും വെട്ടിയും അതിന്റെ പ്രയോജനം വർദ്ധിപ്പിക്കുവാൻ അധികാരികൾ ശ്രമിച്ചിരുന്നു. ഇതിന്റെ പ്രയോജനം വർദ്ധിപ്പിക്കുവാൻ അധികാരികൾ ശ്രമിച്ചിരുന്നു. ഇതിന്റെ പ്രയോജനം വർദ്ധിപ്പിക്കുവാൻ അധികാരികൾ ശ്രമിച്ചിരുന്നു.

എഫ്. വെസ്ലിസ്

അദ്ധ്യക്ഷകൻ, ആസ്കോളിക് കോളേജ്,

(A free translation)

P. V. KUSIVILA,

Assistant Translator to Government.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I

OR

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 43

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1924.

[Price, 2 pms.]

RETURNS OF ELECTION EXPENSES—LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY AND
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

[Legislative Council—European Constituency.]

It is hereby notified for information that Mr. T. W. Partridge who has been elected to the Madras Legislative Council by the European Constituency lodged his return and declaration of election expenses in the office of the Secretary to Government, Law (Legislative) Department, Fort St. George, on the 4th January 1924. They may be inspected on any working day on or before the 21st January 1924 between 12 noon and 4 p.m. at the above office.

Fort St. George,
18th January 1924.

M. NAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secy. to Govt., Law (Legislative) Department,
and Returning Officer for the European
Constituency of the Legislative Council.

It is hereby notified under rule 39 (4) of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules that M.R. R. K. Anthony Joseph, a candidate of the South Arcot and Chingleput Non-Mahomedan Rural Constituency of the Legislative Assembly has lodged his return and declaration of election expenses in the Chingleput District Collector's Office, Saidpet, on 10th December 1923. They may be inspected in the Chingleput District Collector's Office, Saidpet, between 12 noon and 4 p.m. on any working day before 16th February 1924.

Chingleput District Office,
15th January 1924.

F. J. RICHARDS,
Collector and Returning Officer.

Notice is hereby given to the public that M.R. R. Gopabandhu Narayanaiah, Nandyal, a candidate for election for the Non-Mahomedan Constituency of the Legislative Council, Kistna District, lodged in my office on 12th January 1924 a return of election expenses and declaration duly signed. They may be inspected in my office at Chidambaram on 18th January 1924 between the hours of 12 noon and 4 p.m.

Chidambaram Office,
18th January 1924.

H. H. F. M. TILES,
Collector and Returning Officer.

It is hereby notified under rule 19 (5) of the Assembly Electoral Rules that the following candidates for the Legislative Assembly for the district of Arcot and Bellary have lodged with me on the dates stated against each, returns of their election expenses and declarations duly signed. They may be inspected between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on 18th February 1924 in the Collector's office:—

Names of candidates.	Dates on which returns have been lodged.
1. M.R. R. K. Kameswari Venkateswara Reddi Gari, P.O., Bellary District	18th December 1923.
2. M.R. R. P. Venkateswara Venkateswara Gari, " "	18th December 1923.
3. M.R. R. K. K. Balinder Parthi Venkateswara Reddi Gari, " "	18th December 1923.

I-Secy-1

It is hereby notified under rule 10 (5) of the Madras Electoral Rules that the following candidates for the Legislative Council for the district of Nilgiris have lodged with me on the dates noted against, returns of their election expenses with their declaration and they can be inspected between hours 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. on 24th February 1924 in the Collector's Office:—

Names of the candidates.	Date on which returns have been lodged.
M.E. Py. Fernando Parameswara Naidu Barr, B.A., M.L.A.	19th December 1923.
M.E. Py. A. S. Krishna Rao Chett, B.A., B.L., M.L.A.	14th do
M.E. Py. Nayudu Srinivas Nayudu Chett	22nd do
Mrs. Princesa Thegala Naidu Rao Chett, Candidates of Madhyapad.	14th do.

Collector's Office,
24th January 1924.

F. W. R. ROBERTSON,
Collector and Returning Officer.

Under rule 10 (5) of the Madras Electoral Rules it is hereby notified that the returns of election expenses and declaration have been lodged on 19th December 1923 by M. R. Py. O. Ganesalingayam P.O. election agent to Rao Bhaskar P. Nallayappa Pillai, a nominated uncontested candidate for the Neo-Brahmanas Urban Constituency of the Madras Legislative Council, Tansavely 1000 Palamotta Municipality, and that the same may be inspected in my office at any time between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. from 14th January 1924 to 24th January 1924, excluding holidays.

Tinsavely Collector's Office,
19th January 1924.

R. H. BURETT,
Collector and Returning Officer.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 6.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, 1924.

[PART I contd.]

Part I-B.—Local Self-Government.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 18, 1924.

No. 48.—Major James Alexander Creitchikoff, I.M.S., leave on average pay for eight months and study leave for four months in continuation with leave from the 31st March 1923 to date of relief.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 15, 1924.

No. 49.—Lt.-Col R. Byrnes, I.M.S., an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months from 27th February 1923.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, January 23, 1924.

No. 50.—The Government are pleased to appoint Mr. Herbert Hawley, M.A., F.R.S., to be Public Analyst for the Presidency for a period of three years from the 1st January 1924, the date on which the old one has reported himself for duty.

Fort St. George, January 22, 1924.

No. 51.—Under section 6 (a) (b) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1919, the Government appoint Mr. H. A. Warren, I.C.S., Revenue Collector, Srirangapatna, to be a member of the Srirangapatna District Board.

No. 52.—Under section 8 (4) (a) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1919, the Government appoint M.R.Sy. Kandaswami Arasu Kandaswami Chettiar Arangal to be a member of the Salem District Board.

No. 53.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Government appoint M. R. S. Valliammal Jeyapappa Natar Arangal to be a member of the Madras District Municipal Council.

No. 54.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Government appoint Captain Richard Stanley French to be a member of the Madras District Municipal Council.

No. 55.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Government appoint Mr. E. W. Cranston to be a member of the Tiruchirappalli Municipal Council.

NOTES ON CONTRIBUTORS

Act. St. George, January 13, 1934 (St. G. No. 144, L. 4, 185)

No. 51.—Under section 80 (1) of the Malaya Land Ordinance Act, 1916, the land measuring 48 square feet in the Mohammedan street of Telukemping, Orang, bounded on the north, west and south by roads and R. No. 118, Mohammedan street, now by Subultrap's house, will be excluded from the control of the Telukemping Urban Board.

Act II, scene, January 16, 1714 (S. O. 30, 32, 36, P. 17)

26. 27.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Madras Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1940, the Local Government hereby directs that the jurisdiction of the said Act be extended to the entire village of Pottampuzhal in the Kalakudi taluk, Tenkasi district, with effect from the 1st January 1954.

Proc. Roy. Soc. London, January 17, 1934 (G.O. Soc. No. 95, P. 27)

25. 44.—The Government approves the proposal of the Director of Public Health that milkery inspections ordered by local boards should ascertain a diary in the appended form:—

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

From The Sanitary Inspector,.....,Tahak Board,
To The President, Tahak Board,.....
(Through the District Health Officer,.....)

Date	}	No.
Year published		
Revised		

Forwarded to the President, Tashk. Stand.....
Dietrich Henschel, G.S. Sec.....

[Subject—Diary of Sanitary Inspector,, Talsi Board for the week ending with Saturday the 29]

Days of the Monthly Inspection..... Total Award for the month ending with Saturday

[illegible]

In Notification No. 781 published on page 456 of Part I.-K. of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 14th July 1921, as being required for opening a sanitary lane between Paris Palace-museum street and Rehabilitation street.

No. 45.—Under sub-section (1) of section 43 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1924, the Government hereby withdraws from the acquisition of 4 acres of dry muck-land No. 18 of Tondoo village, Salem District, Salem Division, which was notified on the schedule appended to the Notification No. 185 published in pages 174 and 175 of the Fort St. George Gazette, Part I.-K., dated 10th February 1921, as required for quarrying gravel to 15/3 of road No. 60 (60 feet of bridge-park to Tondoo lake.

No. 47.—The following notification of the Chief District Officer dated 26th January 1924 is republished:—

Whereas there is danger of plague being imported into Cochin if people from plague-infected parts are allowed to attend the Festival Festival and Fair at Vayalunkulam in the Taluk of which the Cochin State of Malabar, 19th February 1924, corresponding to the list of February 1924 and the first meeting days, the District Officer, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Regulation I of 1907, that the attendance of people from plague-infected areas at the annual Festival Festival and Fair at Vayalunkulam is prohibited.

5. All persons proceeding to the festival in contravention of this prohibition will be treated as such.

6. Entering visitors are warned of the danger they may be exposed to by proceeding to the above festival and fair.

F. L. MOORE,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 285 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Collector of Malabar, under section 81 (2), hereby declares that, from and after the date of this notification, the land within the Corporation municipality described below and measuring 6 acres, be the same a public square or not, shall be withdrawn from the control of the Council:—

S. No. 161-A, belonging to Kanchi Estate, bounded on the north by S. No. 17; and, south and west by S. No. 161-B	6
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Malabar Collector's Office,
14th January 1924.

F. A. THOMAS,
Collector.

Under section 41 (1) of the District Municipalities Act, 1920, the undermentioned land in the Taluk municipality and within the boundaries noted below will be withdrawn from the control of the Taluk Municipal Council from and after the date of this notification:—

T.S. No. 407-A, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 408; and by T.S. No. 409; south by T.S. Nos. 407-B and 407-C; west by T.S. No. 408	70
T.S. No. 110-A, bounded on the north, east and south by T.S. No. 101-A; and by T.S. Nos. 101-B and 101-C	410
T.S. No. 797-B, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 797-A; south by T.S. No. 80; and east and west by T.S. Nos. 797-A and 797-B	102

North Arcot Collector's Office,
14th January 1924.

Under section 41 (1) of the District Municipalities Act, 1920, the undermentioned lands in the Taluk municipality and within the boundaries noted below will be withdrawn from the control of the Taluk Municipal Council from and after the date of this notification:—

T.S. No. 115-A, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-B, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-C, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-D, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-E, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-F, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-G, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-H, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-I, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-J, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-K, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-L, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-M, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-N, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-O, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-P, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-Q, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-R, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-S, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-T, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-U, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-V, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-W, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-X, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-Y, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100
T.S. No. 115-Z, bounded on the north by Kottayam street; south by Kottayam street; east by Kottayam street; and by Kottayam street	100

North Arcot Collector's Office,
14th January 1924.

F. C. MOHONY,
Collector.

Under sections 18 and 17 (3) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1912, M.L.B., P. E. Manjappa-
swami Pillai Arampal has been declared duly elected as a member of the Coimbatore District Board
by the District Board of Koda.

Coimbatore District Board Office,
19th January 1924,

- G. S. NATSARAPATHI MUDALIYAR,
President.

Under section 12 (5) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1912, and under the rules for the conduct
of elections of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards issued in G.O. No. 1865, L. & M.,
dated 22d June 1921, M. S. Br. Rangaraj Yachannayya has been declared duly elected as Vice-
President of the Coimbatore District Board in the Koda District.

Koda District Board Office,
19th January 1924.

T. BALAJI RAO,
President.

Under section 105 of the Madras Local Boards Act, XIV of 1905, the District Board of Koda
has by resolution that from and after the 17th January 1924, the tollgate at the 6th mile stretch
between of road No. 6 (Madurai-Kodavallur) will be closed and opened at the 6th mile stretch
between of the same road and that toll at the maximum rates specified in Schedule IV of the Act
will be levied on all passages, carts, animals, etc., passing through it.

Madurai District Board Office,
18th January 1924.

- R. MOULLEN,
President.

Under sections 3 (A) and (4) of the Madras District Municipalities Act, V of 1921, T. S. Abdul
Wahid Sahib Behadur has been duly elected as a Councillor for the third ward in the District
municipality. His term of office will be till 1st November 1924.

Dindigul Municipal Office,
16th January 1924.

R. V. RAMANUJAM ATTAR,
Off. Chairman.

Under rule IV (5) of the rules for the election of chairmen and vice-chairmen of municipal
committees, J. S. P. Sengupta, Esq., B.A., LL.B., is declared to have been elected Vice-Chairman of the
Mangalore Municipal Council.

Mangalore Municipal Office,
16th January 1924.

M. VENKATA RAO,
Chairman.



Published by Authority.

Eq. 4.3

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1934.

(1998, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 268

Part 3-B.—Educational.

08 SEP 2024

Line (Thousands) Thousands	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Non-Residential Construction	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99											
Vacant	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99										

LAW DEPARTMENT.

(Education.)

LEAVE

Box 21, Chicago, January 10, 1922

No. 12.—Under rule 81 (3) (b) of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. K. Schofield, Superintendent, Government Secondary and Training School for Blindness, Calcutta, draws an average pay for two months.

APPROXIMATE AND EXACTING.

Rev. St. George, January 13, 1854.

No. 14.—M.R.Rp. Parangarayan Saghara Acharya Aravind, in act as District Mineral Officer, South Area, in the Indian Geological Service from the 15th January 1924.

Ref. St. George, January 10, 1954.

No. 11.—With effect from date of taking charge, Miss Servon Embury, Assistant, Government Secretary and Training School for Misses, Commence, to act as Superintendent of that school in the Madras Educational Service (Women's Branch), during the absence of Miss K. Schell, on leave or until further orders.

No. 18.—With effect from the date of taking charge, Mr. William Chakrabarti Douglas, Principal, Government Arts College, Rajshahi, and Acting Principal, Government Training College, Rajshahi, is set as Junior Professor, Government Training College, Rajshahi, work & T. S. Rajshahibhat Awaraz, an Assistant or until further orders.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE.

Under rule 43 (3) of the Fundamental Rules, Miss L. Phillips, Senior Lecturer, Lady Willingdon Training College, Madras, leaves on average pay on medical certificate for fifteen days from 23rd November 1933.

Madras, 16th January 1934.

Miss Hulse, Headmistress, Lady Ayrappalli Girls' Secondary School, Marudapuram and Acting Superintendent, Government Secondary and Training School for Women, Rajahmundry, leaves on average pay on medical certificate for six weeks from the date of relief under rule 43 (3) of the Fundamental Rules.

Madras, 16th January 1934.

TRANSFERS.

M. H. R. V. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar Anagall, District Educational Officer, South Arcot, to act as District Educational Officer, Bellary, and Mr. U. Sankar, as leave or visit lecturer orders.

M. R. Raju, B. Ramasubramanian Das Guza, Assistant Lecturers, Ceded District College, Anantapur and Acting District Educational Officer, Bellary, to act as District Educational Officer, Goleenad, and M. H. R. K. Guruswami Sankar Ayyar, as leave duty or visit further orders.

Madras, 17th January 1934.

ERRATUM.

Page 1142 of *Govt. B. Books Catalogue*, Part I-B, dated 18th December 1931 (under Telugu).—

For—			
A. Venkata Ramana ..	..	Venkatesh ..	..
Y. V. S. R. Rajamma Gura ..	..	Lakshmi ..	..
Do ..	..	Tilak of Bhavala ..	..
Read—			
A. Venkata Ramana ..	..	Venkatesh ..	..
Y. V. S. R. Rajamma Gura ..	..	Lakshmi ..	..
Do ..	..	Tilak of Bhavala ..	..

Madras, 20th January 1934.

NOTIFICATION.

The following book will be included in the list of Mathematics books approved by the Text-Book Committee and published on page 4 of Part I-B of the *Govt. B. Books Catalogue*, dated 18th January 1934:—

Suitable for Teachers—

Name of author or editor given on the title page.	Name of book.	Name of publisher or printer.
T. V. Sankar and P. V. Ramaswami.	Elementary Mathematics for High School, Part I.	Madras Publishing House.

Madras, 20th January 1934.

R. LITTLEHAILL,
Director of Public Instruction.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

EXAMINATION FOR TEACHER'S CERTIFICATE IN PHYSICAL TRAINING (FOR MEN).

It is hereby notified that the next Examination for Teacher's Certificate in Physical Training (for men) will be held in the following manner:—

- (1) Bangalore—Trinity College.
- (2) Calcutta—Government Secondary Training School.
- (3) Canton—Town High School.
- (4) Calcutta—C. H. S. High School.

3. The examination will be open only to candidates trained at one of the aforementioned institutions. The Adviser to Government of Physical Education and the District Educational Officer at the district will form the Board of Examiners. The examination will be conducted in the month of April and the exact date of examination in each centre will be communicated in the form of the notification forwarded by the Adviser to Government on Physical Education.

4. The examination will be based exclusively on A. G. Nichol's "Handbook of Physical Education for Indian Schools" published by the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, price Rs. 1. Candidates should make a careful and detailed study of (a) The syllabus of Physical Exercises including religious exercises, (b) Games, (c) Methods of conducting Physical Education Tests, (d) Group Exercises and (e) Suggestions for the Organization of Physical Education, as explained and illustrated in the text book.

5. Applications for admission to the examination must reach the Office of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Madras, on or before 30th January 1934. They must be prepared in the prescribed printed form, copies of which may be had on application to the undersigned and they should be sent accompanied by the Physical Training Instructor under whom the candidate underwent training and the head of the institution.

(3) The *Greenish Ad Code* and the relevant portions of the *Madras Elementary Education Act* and the rules issued thereunder.

(4) *Educational Statistics and Accounts*.

Notes.—(1) Candidates will be provided the use of the Public Instruction Report and the Census Bulletin in answering the questions on Educational Statistics.

(2) The following are the subjects for a candidate in two (English)—

(a) *Code of Criminal Code*—Volume I—English edition, Chapter I (including section 31 to 33), 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 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811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 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3831, 3833, 3835, 3837, 3839, 3841, 3843, 3845, 3847, 3849, 3851, 3853, 3855, 3857, 3859, 3861, 3863, 3865, 3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883, 3885, 3887, 3889, 3891, 3893, 3895, 3897, 3899, 3901, 3903, 3905, 3907, 3909, 3911, 3913, 3915, 3917, 3919, 3921, 3923, 3925, 3927, 3929, 3931, 3933, 3935, 3937, 3939, 3941, 3943, 3945, 3947, 3949, 3951, 3953, 3955, 3957, 3959, 3961, 3963, 3965, 3967, 3969, 3971, 3973, 3975, 3977, 3979, 3981, 3983, 3985, 3987, 3989, 3991, 3993, 3995, 3997, 3999, 4001, 4003, 4005, 4007, 4009, 4011, 4013, 4015, 4017, 4019, 4021, 4023, 4025, 4027, 4029, 4031, 4033, 4035, 4037, 4039, 4041, 4043, 4045, 4047, 4049, 4051, 4053, 4055, 4057, 4059, 4061, 4063, 4065, 4067, 4069, 4071, 4073, 4075, 4077, 4079, 4081, 4083, 4085, 4087, 4089, 4091, 4093, 4095, 4097, 4099, 4101, 4103, 4105, 4107, 4109, 4111, 4113, 4115, 4117, 4119, 4121, 4123, 4125, 4127, 4129, 4131, 4133, 4135, 4137, 4139, 4141, 4143, 4145, 4147, 4149, 4151, 4153, 4155, 4157, 4159, 4161, 4163, 4165, 4167, 4169, 4171, 4173, 4175, 4177, 4179, 4181, 4183, 4185, 4187, 4189, 4191, 4193,

Day and date.	Time.	Subjects.
1914.		
Thursday, 25th March ..	10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 1 p.m. to 3 p.m. ..	First language. Arithmetic for measures and arithmetic and Experimental Geometry for measures.
Friday, 26th March ..	10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. .. 1 p.m. to 3 p.m. ..	Psychology and School Hygiene. Drawing and 2 additional work.
Saturday, 27th March ..	10 a.m. to 12 p.m. .. 2 p.m. to 3 p.m. ..	Handicraft for measures. Education.

* First of commencement of the examination is the subject.

Candidates in all the subjects must bring with them for use in the examination their own pens and pencils.

Candidates who use graph sheets should be plain that in the answer-book that the graph may face the sheet on which the corresponding question is worked and there shall be no working on the back of the graph sheet.

5. *Materials.*—Candidates must bring to the examination hall, a couple of steel pens (drawing and writing), a pair of compass, a divider, a ruler, a measuring tape, a pen and red and blue pencils.

6. A copy of the official list will be posted at the entrance to the examination hall a day or two before the examination, and candidates will find their register numbers in this list.

7. *Attention is drawn to the following rules:—*

(1) No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room unless he wears a clean and decent dress, and in all cases where good conduct is required, a suitable covering for the head, nor will he be allowed to keep in shoes or unless they are shoes of English pattern, and soles and leathers are very clean.

No candidate suffering from any contagious disease will be admitted to the examination room.

(2) No candidate will be allowed to quit the examination room on any day until the expiration of half an hour from the time fixed for the commencement of the examination, and candidates arriving after the expiration of that half hour will not be admitted.

(3) No candidate will be allowed to re-enter the examination room during the hours of examination after once quitting it, nor to leave the room without finally giving up his answer.

(4) Any candidate detected in speaking to, or in any way communicating with, any other candidate will be at once removed from the room and the circumstances reported to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

(5) No candidate will be allowed to take into the examination room, shoes, books, ruled slates, newspapers or copies of any kind. Any one detected in the violation of this rule or having recourse to any unfair practice will be removed from the room and the circumstances reported to the Director of Public Instruction, Madras.

(6) Candidates are prohibited from writing down the answer to any question on the question paper itself.

(7) Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Chief and Assistant Superintendents of the examination will be liable to have his examination cancelled and also to be detained from appearing again for any of the examinations.

(8) Candidates whose names are not in the printed list furnished to the Superintendents must submit a written declaration through the Superintendents giving full particulars as to the reasons for doing their address and furnish such evidence as may be possible of their having applied for admission to the examination at the proper time and paid the prescribed fees. The admission of such candidates will not be effected unless it is clear that the omission of their names is due to an oversight.

(9) Candidates desiring to change their place of examination without previous permission, or appearing many miles away from the one at which they ought to have appeared, must not expect to have their papers valued. In all cases where permission has been granted, the examination is held at the place where the change should be made for the satisfaction of the Superintendents.

(10) A candidate having completed his paper will rise from his seat and remain standing until the Superintendent takes his answer-book. Any candidate wishing to sit, any question at the Superintendent will permit the same action, but will on no account leave his place.

(11) Any answer-book sent up without the candidate's name, number and grade of answer, unless it is sent up with the answer-book, will be valued together with the left-hand answer, the additional answer-book being placed before the answer-book. In the case of multiple-work the work of candidates should bear the name, number and grade of examination marked on the outside of the paper.

(12) Candidates will not be allowed to take any papers, except their question papers, out of the examination hall.

(13) Candidates may have to write their answers on both sides of the paper supplied to them and in this case they will remove the necessary instructions on the point in the examination hall from the Chief Superintendent of the examination.

(14) Candidates are forbidden to tear up papers or to throw ink or papers on the floor.

Office of the Commissioner for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 16th January 1914.

K. KRISHNA MAO REDDIHAR,
Joint Secretary, E.S.I.C. Board.

(7) Two members elected by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

Mr James Simpson, Esq., Union, Davies Wardrobe & Co., Madras.
W. Lamb, Esq., Imperial Bank of India, Madras.

Two members elected by the Southern India Chamber of Commerce.

M.R.Sr. Chendrasekar M. Seshu Aiyangar, B.A., B.L.S., 104, Popleton's Broadway, Madras.
Mr M. G. V. Madhav Chettyar, Esq., M.A., Vepery, Madras.

(8) Two members elected by the Madras Landholders' Association.

M.R.Sr. D. K. Venkatasubramanian Varma Gura, B.A., B.L., 'Narasayana Bagh', Mount Road, Madras.
" S. R. T. Acharya Prasad Chander Gura, B.A., M.A., Zamindar of Chitlagudi, Madras.

(11) Thirty members nominated by the Government.

M.R.Sr. Devanahobalar E. Venkatasubramanian Naidu Gura, B.A., Pillayarum, Government District.
Mrs S. Sathasubramanian, B.A., care of Mrs. Harcourt, Lanka Lodge, Mylapore, Madras.
M.R.Sr. Rao Subbarao M. C. Raja Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., 80, Queen's Road.
L. G. Madhav Rao, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, Tirunelveli.
M. R. Sr. Chettiar Marudai Aiyangar, B.A., Secretary of Public Instruction, Chokki, Tenkasi.
P. V. S. Puthiah Naidu Th. J. J. Subbarao, B.A., Secretary of Public Instruction, Tirunelveli (District).
M. R. Sr. N. Thyagaraja Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Principal, Maharaja's College, Palakotta (Trichinopoly District).
K. R. Subbarao Mahommed Thammabai Subbarao, B.A., Madhav Naidu, Broadway, Madras.
K. R. Subbarao Mahommed Subbarao Subbarao, B.A., B.L., 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

(12) Members representing the chief municipal corporations in the presidency.

M.R.Sr. T. T. Subbarao Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Government, Kippari, Madras.
" T. Rajagopal Rao, B.A., B.L., 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

S.A. MIDDLEBURY DIPLOMA EXAMINATION—PART I (PROBATIONARY EXAMINATION IN ENGLISH)—1904

It is hereby notified that Hopedesh has been made a centre for holding Part I (Probationary Examination in English) of the S.A. (Middlebury) Degree Examination in 1904.

Seneca House, 12th January 1904.

RULES AND DIRECTIONS FOR THE ADMISSION OF HOLDERS OF SECONDARY EDUCATING CERTIFICATES TO UNIVERSITY COURSES OF STUDY.

I. Admission of holders of secondary school-leaving certificates to University courses of study in the academic year 1904-05 and subsequent years shall be made only in accordance with the following rules and directions, which are the same as those in force for the year 1903-04.

II. Each holder only of completed secondary school-leaving certificates may be admitted to University courses of study and admitted as matriculates under Regulation I of Chapter XVI as (a) had completed not less than 12 years of age on the first day of the month in which the examination qualifying for such certificate is held, unless specially exempted from the operation of this age limit by the Syndicate, and (2) have been declared eligible for such admission by the Syndicate.

III. A complete list of certificates holders declared eligible for admission to University courses of study will be published annually in the *Passbook*, always gratis, and a copy of this list will be furnished to each Principal of a constituent or affiliated college. A certificate holder not included in one of these lists will not be entitled to registration as a matriculate under Regulation I of Chapter XVI except as provided in paragraph VII below.

IV. In the case of certificates issued under the authority of the Government of Madras those holders of certificates who qualify under the following rules will be included in the list of those declared eligible for admission to University courses of study:—

1. Secondary school-leaving certificate-holders shall be eligible for admission to University courses of study whose marks in the Public Examination or whose marks after moderation are

(a) in Group A subjects

either

(i) in English the marks above the Probationary average and in each of the other two subjects (except Vernacular Composition and Translation in the case of school pupils who are exempted by the Director of Public Instruction the study of this subject under Group A), not less than the Probationary average; or

or

(ii) of the total marks, in English 40 per cent and in each of the other two subjects (except Vernacular Composition and Translation in the case of school pupils who are exempted by the Director of Public Instruction the study of this subject under Group A), 33 per cent;

(b) in Group C subjects

either

(i) the marks above the Probationary average in Algebra and Geometry, or Physics, or Chemistry, or English History, and not less than the Probationary average in any other subject; or

or

(ii) of the total marks, 40 per cent in Algebra and Geometry, or Physics, or Chemistry, or English History, and 33 per cent in any other subject.

2. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to qualify in Vernacular Composition or in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English and the other subject of Group A taken together equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the subject in which he fails.

3. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to qualify in Vernacular Composition and in Elementary Mathematics shall be eligible for admission, provided he obtains excess marks in English equal in number to twice the total number of marks by which he is deficient in the two other subjects.

4. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who qualifies in one of the four selected subjects in Group C but who fails to qualify in a second subject of that group shall be eligible for admission, provided that in the former subject he obtains excess marks equal in number to twice the number of marks by which he is deficient in the latter subject.

5. A secondary school-leaving certificate-holder who fails to qualify in Vernacular Composition, or Elementary Mathematics, or in both, and also in a second subject of Group C may be declared eligible for admission, provided that he obtains excess marks in above both in the other subject or subjects in Group A and in one of the four selected subjects of Group C.

6. The eligibility of a school-leaving certificate-holder will be determined for each Group of subjects respectively, by the test of Probationary averages or fixed percentages (whichever, or by the test of Probationary averages in Group A and fixed percentages in Group C), or any other.

4. A secondary school-leaving certificate holder who fails to qualify under the preceding rules by means of deficiency of marks

(a) in one subject only—

will be declared eligible for admission,
if the deficiency of marks is not more than one mark, irrespective of his total marks

provided that the deficiency of marks
is not more than 2 marks.

Do. do. 2 "
Do. do. 3 "
Do. do. 4 "

If his total marks amount to
not less than 200

Do. 210
Do. 220
Do. 230

and so on.

(b) in two subjects only—

will be declared eligible for admission

provided that the deficiency is not
more than 1 mark in one subject
and 1 mark in the other subject.

" 1 mark and 2 marks
" 2 marks and 3 marks

If his total marks amount to
not less than 250

Do. 260
Do. 270

For the purpose of this rule, in calculating the total marks gained, the higher mark obtained in each subject will be selected, whether examination mark or substituted mark, and in estimating the deficiency of marks the smallest deficiency will be selected after application of both alterations in rules 1 and 2 and after applying rules 3, 4 and 5.

In the case of a secondary school-leaving certificate holder who has been exempted the study of Vernacular Composition and Translation and has taken a classical or foreign language and one other subject only under Group C, the total marks required under the rule will be reduced by one-fifth, provided always that in the case of such certificate-holder the total number of marks will be allowed to compensate for deficiency of marks in the language so taken under Group C.

In the case of a certificate holder who has been exempted the study of Vernacular Composition and Translation and has taken a classical or foreign language and two other subjects under Group C, the total marks required under this rule will be reduced, (a) marks in each of the two subjects being taken into account, and compensation for the deficiency of marks will be allowable under this rule irrespective of subject.

5. The reduction of the marks obtained by a holder of a secondary school-leaving certificate for the purpose of the above rule will be effected as follows:—

The individual mark gained by him for the last year at school in each subject will be multiplied by the average mark for the school in the Public Examination and the result divided by the average mark at school of the candidates from the school actually appearing for the Public Examination. The figure thus obtained will be added to the individual mark gained by him at the Public Examination and the total will then be divided by two to obtain the final reduced mark.

6. In the case of certificate holder under the authority of Native States in the territorial jurisdiction of the University, similar standards for admission will be applied.

7. Any candidate for admission to University courses of study who do not yet fulfil to qualify by means of deficiency in any subject or subjects in which he has undergone examination will be required to undergo a supplementary session at school in all the subjects of Group A, and in two subjects of Group C. (a) The subject again appear at the Public Examination at the close of this supplementary session and his eligibility for admission will be determined, according to the preceding rules, after by the marks obtained by him at the last and the supplementary examination. Also in the case of a candidate who, after undergoing a supplementary session and examination, is eligible to qualify for admission to University courses of study and who is permitted to appear at the Public Examination in a subsequent year after private study, eligibility for admission will be determined, according to the preceding rules, after by the marks obtained by him at the last examination or at the supplementary session in each subject obtained by him at the last and the supplementary examination.

8. Hitherto candidates for admission to colleges, whose last appearance at the Public Examination was in 1918 or earlier, must submit their certificates to the Vice-Chancellor not later than the 30th April 1919. Every such candidate will be judged by examination marks alone according to the rules in force for certificate completed in the year in which it is submitted, he is required to certify that the best performance in each subject in any year will be taken into consideration.

9. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rules, the Principals of Colleges for Women will be permitted to make admissions at their discretion of female holders of secondary school-leaving certificates whether or not the names of such holders of certificates are included in the published list of certificate holders eligible for admission to University courses of study. Candidates, however, so admitted to Colleges for Women will be registered as non-candidates under Regulation 1 of Chapter XVI.

10. The list published annually in the Port St. George Gazette will contain the names of all certificate holders found to be eligible for admission to University courses of study in connection of affiliated colleges, other than Colleges for Women, under the rules and directions issued from time to

then. It is, however, to be clearly understood that students in the before-mentioned are no certificate-holder the right of admission to any constituent or affiliated college. The Principals of Colleges are at perfect liberty to restrict admission to such applicants as they may select and are moreover empowered to refuse admission to such eligible certificate-holders as, judged by their authorities, may be expected to profit by the particular course of study upon which they propose to enter in the college selected.

Senate House, 22nd January 1924.

NOTIFICATIONS.

It is hereby notified that the following pupil who appeared at the Secondary School Leaving Certificate Public Examination of 1914 (Sec. the A.S.L.M. High School, Srinagar), has been declared eligible for admission to a University course of study:—

Candidate name(s).	Name of pupil.	Name of parent or guardian.	Age.	Religion.	Vocational.
1914	Arifulla Rahman Khan	Arifulla Khan	20	Christian.	Telega.

Senate House, 18th January 1924.

MEMORANDUM, TIRUPATI, TAMIL NADU, 1921.

As it is reported that copies of Dewani-Saleh by Enayathullah, one of the books prescribed for the above examination, are not available for sale, it is hereby notified that the said book is dispensed from the list of books prescribed for the examination.

(By order of the Vice-Chancellor)

J. J. HENNINGHAM,
Manager-in-charge.

Senate House, 17th January 1924.

CONSTITUTION OF THE SENATE.

It is hereby notified, under Rule 4 of the General Rules relating to elections to the several Authorities of the University of Madras, that the following gentlemen have been declared duly elected to the Senate by the non-official members of the Legislative Council of Madras from among their own body:—

1. M. R. R. Rao Bahadur G. Venkatasubramanian Chetti Arangal, B.A., B.L., Light Chattri Street, Georgetown, Madras.
2. M. R. R. C. Ramalinga Reddi Gura, B.A., Chinman, Chittoor District.
3. M. R. R. A. Ramaswami Naidu Arangal, B.A., B.L., 42 Lawley's Gate Road, Vepery, Madras.
4. M. R. R. P. Subbarayan Arangal, B.A., B.L., Ban-ah-Law, Resident of Kammamangalam, Trichinopoly, Madras.
5. M. R. R. N. Subbarayan Udayar Arangal, B.A., B.L., 2nd St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly.
6. M. R. R. N. Subbarayan Naidu Arangal, B.A., B.L., High Court Road, Chittoor, Chittoor District.
7. M. R. R. N. Subbarayan C. Naidu Madhav Arangal, B.A., B.L., Big Street, Trichinopoly, Madras.
8. M. R. R. A. Ramaswami Naidu Arangal, B.A., B.L., Theosophical Lodge, Bellary.
9. M. R. R. P. T. Rajan Arangal, B.A., B.L., 1st St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly.
10. M. R. R. C. Ramalinga Reddi Gura, B.A., B.L., 42 Lawley's Gate Road, Vepery, Madras.
11. N. R. R. N. Subbarayan Naidu Arangal, B.A., B.L., High Court Road, Chittoor, Chittoor District.
12. N. R. R. N. Subbarayan Naidu Arangal, B.A., B.L., High Court Road, Chittoor, Chittoor District.

Senate House, 18th January 1924.

MANAGE HENNINGHAM ACT, 1923.

Constitution of the Syndicate.

(Election of eight members of the Syndicate by the Senate)

In accordance with G.O. No. 1283, Law (Education), dated 26th November 1923, and with the order for elections to the several Authorities of the University of Madras, it is hereby notified that eight members of the Syndicate are to be elected by the Senate from among its members under section 18, Clause II (1) of the Act.

Each elector is at liberty to nominate a qualified person to fill each of the eight vacancies. Every nomination shall be made by an elector in writing and shall be seconded by another elector. Every such nomination shall be accompanied by a statement in writing of the reasons in favour of the Syndicate if elected.

Nominations must reach the Manager-in-charge, Office of the Registrar, University of Madras, Trichinopoly, P.O., Madras, not later than Friday, the 1st February 1924.

E. H. MACPHAIL,
Vice-Chancellor

Senate House, 22nd January 1924.

EXAMINATIONS—JANUARY 1924

Exquisite medals to the examination in Tamil, Telugu, Kannada, Malayalam and Hindustani of Assistant Officers, etc., and other unreserved offers to be held at the Senate House, Church, Madras, in January 1928.

[illegible]

required to attend. For any further information they should apply to the Superintendents of their examination.

(2) They should bring with them the books which they are permitted to use in answering questions with respect to the examination. Close attention is requested to the rules regarding the books that may be used.

(3) The First Five examination of Assistant Collectors and Probationary Deputy Collectors in Vernaculars by the Lower and Higher Standards will be held at 11 a.m. on the 21st January 1924.

(4) The First Five examination of Police and Forest Officers in Vernaculars by the Higher Standard will be held at 3 p.m. on the 27th January 1924.

(5) The First Five examination of Police Officers in Vernaculars by the Lower Standard will be held at 11 a.m. on the 21st January 1924.

(6) The First Five examination of Forest Officers in Vernaculars by the Lower Standard will be held at 3 p.m. on the 27th January 1924.

Date.	Time.	Subjects.	Place of examination and by whom conducted.
19th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
20th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
21st Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
22nd Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
23rd Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
24th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
25th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
26th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
27th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
28th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
29th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Higher Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.
30th Jan.	10 a.m. to 12 noon.	Lower Standard—Tamil and English.	The examination of Mr. H. K. Varad, I.C.S., will be held at Coimbatore by the Collector of Coimbatore.

(By order)

Office of the Board of Examiners, Coimbatore,
Madras, 26th December 1923.

A. L. RAMSODHAI,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOLS IN THE CHITTPOOR DISTRICT.

The District Educational Officer, Chittipoor, hereby applies for the information of the Deputy Inspectors of Schools and Managers of schools in the district that candidates of the Elementary grade will be admitted for training in July 1924 in the following Government Training schools in his charge:—

Number and name of the institution.	Number of students available.		
	Higher Elementary.	Lower Elementary.	Total.
(1) Government Higher Elementary Training School, Chittipoor.	10	40	50
(2) Government Elementary Training School, Turagah.	..	40	40

1. The period of training varies from six to ten years in the case of students of both the Elementary Higher and Lower grades.

2. The District Educational Officer will make the selection on the recommendation of the Superintendent Inspecting Schools. Each Deputy Inspector should furnish the teachers whose names are recommended in the appropriate memorandum to him with as per article 123 of the Inspection Code with the candidates for admission printed, sponsored by a certificate, and on receipt thereof from the candidates he shall select the applicants according to the instructions given under. Candidates selected if, after selection, they fail to join the training school on the day fixed.

3. Two separate lists will be made for the Higher Elementary candidates, and the other for the Lower Elementary students and class for each training school, must be considered in the light of the other when such candidates:—

(1) Social number; (2) name in full; (3) age on 31st July 1924; (4) marks in exam; (5) present appointment; (6) length of service as teacher; (7) educational and training; (8) language; (9) school in which the candidate receives after training; (10) a number of subjects; (11) remarks.

Copies of general educational certificates should be sent along with such application, and in the absence of a certificate of general educational qualification, a certificate from the Deputy Inspector of schools to the effect that the candidate's educational qualifications entitle him to admission. Higher Elementary students should possess a Lower Secondary Examination certificate, or a transfer certificate of having passed promotion from the Third Form or a certificate from some respectable person to the effect that they have read in the French form at least or an Elementary School-Leaving certificate of having been promoted from the eighth standard.

3. The tabular statement should contain the names of candidates in the order in which the Deputy Inspector desires that the selection should be made, and they should be marked with reference to their services as students, the mark for their learning, and the school from which they apply. These qualifications and the status of the appointment held by them, the attention of the Deputy Inspector is invited to rules 114 and 116 of the Madras Educational Rules. Each Deputy Inspector should recommend at least ten names for each grade.

4. Teachers employed in Mohammedan schools should submit their applications for training to the Deputy Inspector of the Mohammedan range.

5. Teachers holding permanent appointments in Local Board schools will have to send their applications to the Board's office. Their applications may be forwarded with the sanction of the President, Local Board, or Chairman, Municipal Council, or the same may be, with a separate list for each school and each grade.

6. Applications submitted after the prescribed date will not be considered.

7. The lists, complete in every respect, applications and copies of general educational certificates, must be submitted to this office by the 1st May 1924 without fail.

GOVERNMENT SECONDARY TRAINING SCHOOL, CHITTOOR.

Applications are invited from candidates whose second language is Telugu for admission in July 1924 into the Government Secondary Training School, Chittoor.

1. Persons holding certificates of having passed the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary or the Intermediate Examination or those holding satisfactory Secondary School-Leaving Certificates are eligible for admission. In the case of Secondary School-Leaving Certificate holders, copies of their profiles and school examination results should be attached to their applications.

2. The period of training will be two years. In the case of those who have passed the Intermediate or the late F.A. examination and those who have completed the Intermediate or F.A. course but have failed in the University examination, the period will be only one year.

3. The ordinary rate of personal stipend is Rs. 12. In addition to the personal stipend, the District Educational Officer will be prepared to admit candidates whose expenses are met from Local, Municipal or private funds and also other candidates as bona students. Teachers in Board and Municipal schools should also state in their applications whether they hold permanent appointments, or acting appointments, and whether the President or Chairman is prepared to pay stipends.

4. Applicants should be recommended by the managers of the schools concerned or by the Inspecting officers in whose jurisdiction the applicants reside.

5. Every candidate should forward with his application copies of his student and general educational certificates. The originals will have to be produced when he is admitted.

6. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

7. Every student will be on probation for fifty working days.

8. Applications for admission should reach this office before the 1st May 1924. Printed forms of application can be had from this office or any Inspecting officer.

T. K. VENKATARAMAN,
District Education Officer, Chittoor.

Chittoor, 26 January 1924.

SCHOLARSHIPS—VICTORIA JEWELL TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

Subject to there being places available at the Institute, the Government propose to award not more than six scholarships of the value of Rs. 40 each per annum payable by a grant of the Secretary at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, for a period of four years commencing from about the middle of June 1924 for the study of either Textile Manufacture, Technical and Applied Chemistry, or Sanitary Engineering and Plumbing. Candidates desirous of applying for these scholarships should submit their applications to the Director of Industries, Fort St. George, Madras, so as to reach him not later than the 28th February, 1924. Each application should be in the form of a letter to the Director's own handwriting and should be accompanied by testimonials as to character and capacity. The letter of application should form clear indication of the candidate's age, caste, general educational attainments, nationality (whether subject of British India or not) and any other particulars bearing on the application.

Candidates should at least be holders of the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate. Preference for admission to the Department of Technical and Applied Chemistry will be given to candidates who have completed the First Year's Arts Course as an University. Candidates should be able to produce satisfactory evidence of the amount of father or guardian to proceed to Bombay, and be of good character and physical fitness to undergo the course of instruction and study that will have to be followed.

The holders of the scholarships will not be bound by any engagement to serve Government as the stipendiaries at their expense nor will the Government be bound to employ them. Each holder will, however, be required to pay two-thirds of his maintenance as approved pending his return to the Government of the amount of scholarship should be paid to obtain the diploma granted at the end of the course.

The scholarship will be terminated through the Principal of the Institute. In case the Principal reports adversely about any scholarship-holder, the scholarship will be stopped.

E. F. Jones



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 3.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1924. [Price, 12 m. 4 p.

Part XX.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

JUDICIAL.

No. 102, *Leave*.—M.P. Dy. Magistrate Parthasarathi Appanar Arangal, District Muzil, Pudukottai, is granted leave on average pay and/or rules 51 and 52 of the Fundamental Rules for three days from the 20th December 1923. He is permitted to avail of his leave on public holidays on the 16th December 1923 and to offer the Christmas and New Year holidays, subject to the conditions laid down in the subsidiary rules under rule 50 of the Fundamental Rules.

High Court, Madras,
16th January 1924.

No. 103, *Condition of Leave*.—The leave granted to M.P. Dy. Magistrate Parthasarathi Appanar Arangal, District Muzil, Pudukottai, in the High Court Notification No. 102, dated 16th December 1923, published on page 2181 of Part II of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 1st December 1923, is hereby cancelled.

High Court, Madras,
20th January 1924.

No. 104, *Transfer*.—The following transfer of a District Muzil has been ordered by the High Court:—

M.P. Dy. Magistrate Parthasarathi Appanar Arangal, from Kozh to Talasgani at Kaniyapuram. To join immediately.

D-1

No. 126. Appointment and Posting.—M.R.Sy. Paragavara Katakshi Vijayavahara Acharya Aravali, B.A., B.L., Bench Clerk, High Court, Madras, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Kanchi. To join forthwith.

High Court, Madras,
15th January 1924.

Appointment.—The Hon'ble the Officiating Chief Justice has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Sule Committee under the provisions of section 159 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908:—

The Hon'ble the Officiating Chief Justice to be a member of the Committee, viz. the Hon'ble Mr. Walter Selvaraj, Chief Justice, on leave.

High Court, Madras,
15th January 1924.

No. 128. Appointment and Posting.—M.R.Sy. Anantarama Ayyar Parthasarathy Ayyar Aravali, B.A., B.L., High Court Ward Synchronist at Calcutta, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Puduk. To join forthwith.

High Court, Madras,
15th January 1924.

No. 129. Transfer.—The following transfer of a District Munsif has been ordered by the High Court:—

M.R.Sy. Patsikotal Chinmaya Yyengar Ayyar Aravali, from Tiruvallur (Principal) to Chidambaram. To join on the 1st February 1924.

No. 130. Appointment and Posting.—M.R.Sy. Velukkappattu Subrahmanya Srinivasan Pillai Aravali, B.A., B.L., Bench Clerk, High Court, Madras, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Tanjore (Principal). To join in time to enable Mr. V. O. Yyengar Ayyar to take charge of the District Munsif's Court, Chidambaram, on the 1st February 1924.

High Court, Madras,
15th January 1924.

P. O. HUTTEN,
Registrar.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT.

Leave.—Under clause (i) of Fundamental Rule 81 (B), M.R.Sy. A. A. Venkataswami Ayyar Aravali, Special Assistant Settlement Officer in charge of No. 121 Range, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from 21st January 1924.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 15th January 1924.

K. K. CHIDAMBARAM AYYAR,
Assistant Secretary.

PAID, ARREAR AND CURRENT DEPARTMENTS.

Leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Sy. K. Ranga Ayyar Aravali, Inspector, is granted leave on average pay for fifteen days from 12th January 1924.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
15th January 1924.

Leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Abdul Kalam Sayad Sahib Bahadur, Inspector, is granted leave on average pay for four months from or after 1st March 1924.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
15th January 1924.

Leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Sy. G. S. Krishna Murthy, Officiating Inspector, is granted leave on average pay on medical certificate for two months from date of relief.

Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Sy. M. R. Nataraj Ayyar Aravali, Inspector, is granted leave for eight months, preparatory to retirement, as follows:—

- (1) Leave on average pay for two months and twenty-five days from date of relief.
- (2) Leave on half average pay for five months and five days in continuation.

Posting.—Mr. J. S. A. Krishnan, Inspector, on return from leave, to the Salary Clerk, and Mr. Mahomed Annamathu Sahib, Officiating Inspector, requested date.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
15th January 1924.

Leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. G. J. Butler, Inspector, is granted leave on date for one year as follows:—

- (1) Leave on average pay for eight months from or after 18th March 1924.
- (2) Leave on half average pay for four months in continuation.

Board (Separate Revenue), Madras,
15th January 1924.

G. H. MASTERMAN,
Acting Secretary.

FORFEIT.

- Leave.*—Mr. D. F. Silman, Deputy Commissioner of Forests, with, on the expiry of the six-month leave assigned to him in the office Reference No. 1019 of 1923, dated 24th December 1923, he assigned to the North Cambrian Division until he starts himself of the leave mentioned in G.O. No. 495, Development, dated 24th November 1923.

Madras, 17th January 1924.

H. VIREMAN,

Acting Chief Commissioner of Forests

INCOME-TAX.

Leave.—Mr. R. R. F. O. Sridharaswami Pillai, Income-tax Officer, Trichinopoly, is granted leave on average pay from 14th January 1924 to 24th January 1924.

Appointment.—Under section 2 (5) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, the Commissioner of Income-tax for the Presidency of Madras appoints Mr. D. Robinson, Acting Additional Income-tax Officer, Madras, to act as Income-tax Officer, Trichinopoly, and serves him with all the powers of an Income-tax Officer while the Trichinopoly Officer is absent.

Madras, 16th January 1924.

Appointment.—Under section 2 (4) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, the Commissioner of Income-tax for the Presidency of Madras appoints the following persons to be Income-tax Officers in the Madras Presidency on probation:—

- (1) Mr. S. M. P. Chellu, Assistant Superintendent, Legislative Department of the Government of India.
- (2) Mr. S. K. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A., B.L., shorthand Writer on the Original Side of the High Court, Madras.

Leave.—Mr. R. J. Stephens, Income-tax Officer on probation, Madras, is granted leave on average pay for twenty days with effect from 2nd February 1924.

Transfer.—The Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras, orders the following transfer of Income-tax Officer on probation:—

Mr. V. Venkataswami Nayar, from Madras to Madras.

Madras, 17th January 1924.

D. N. STRATHAIRN,
Commissioner of Income-tax.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Transfer and Promotion.—(1) M.R.Sy. M. R. Sathya Ayyar Arangal, Assistant Engineer and Forest Assistant in the Superintending Engineer, from the Superintending Engineer's Office in the Tirunelveli Division for charge of the Tirunelveli subdivision. To serve for a short period after leaving on leave charge of M.R.Sy. T. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, Assistant Engineer in charge of the Tank Kottadai Subdivision, Trichinopoly Circle.

(2) M.R.Sy. S. S. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, Executive Engineer in charge of the Tirunelveli Subdivision, on relief by M.R.Sy. M. R. Sathya Ayyar Arangal, is transferred from the Tirunelveli Division to the Trichinopoly Division for charge of the South subdivision, Trichinopoly division.

(3) M.R.Sy. K. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, Assistant Engineer in charge of the South subdivision, Trichinopoly Division, on relief by M.R.Sy. S. S. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, will join the Trichinopoly Circle office as Forest Assistant to the Superintending Engineer.

(4) M.R.Sy. T. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, Assistant Engineer in charge of the Tank Kottadai Subdivision, Trichinopoly, will in addition to his own duties be also Forest Assistant in the Superintending Engineer in relief of M.R.Sy. M. R. Sathya Ayyar Arangal pending relief by M.R.Sy. K. Srinivasan Ayyar Arangal, Assistant Engineer.

Trichinopoly, 16th January 1924.

L. D. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, Trichinopoly Circle.

AGRICULTURE.

Leave.—Under rule 61 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. Sankar Ullah Khan, Deputy Director of Agriculture, on probation, VI Circle, is granted leave on average pay for six months from 17th March 1924, with permission to avail himself of the benefit of the 15th March 1924 and within the latter holidays from 17th April to 24th April 1924 vacants.

Madras, 17th January 1924.

R. D. ANDREAS,
Director of Agriculture.

MISCELL.

Extension of leave.—M.R.Sy. G. Sridharaswami Arangal, B.A., B.L., M.B.A., Civil Assistant Surgeon, is granted extension of leave on half strength pay for two months from 31st December 1923 under the Fundamental Rules.

Promotion.—M.R.Sy. R. A. Vaidya Ayyar Arangal, L.B.A., Civil Assistant Surgeon, from reserve duty, Government General Hospital, Madras, is transferred to the Government Hospital, Paim, Madras district, now M.R.Sy. G. Satharasa Ayyar Arangal, transferred to Kottadam.

Leave.—Major F. G. deCruz, L.M.D., is granted leave for three months including of leave on average pay for one month and temporary pay from date of relief under rule 106 of the Fundamental Rules and leave in arrear of India for the remaining period under the Military Leave Rules.

Posting—In pursuance of this office order No. 10-E, dated 23rd February 1933 and R. No. 1165 R., dated 19th May 1933, the following postings are made:—

- (1) *David Abraham Isaacson Esq.*, B.Sc., D.L.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on leave from leave, is placed at the disposal of the President, District Board, 3 years, for Local Fund Hospital, Chatterpur, and M.R.S. D. Singapore Rao Esq., M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon.
- (2) *M.R.S. D. Narayana Rao Esq.*, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief at the Local Fund Hospital, Chatterpur, is placed at the disposal of the Chairman, Municipal Council, Chatterpur, for the charge of Municipal Hospital, Chatterpur.

Madras, 10th January 1934.

Posting—*M.R.S. D. Subbaraya Ayyar*, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief at Local Fund Hospital, Kotturam, Coimbatore district, to be Assistant to Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Madras, and *Mr. P. A. Kathoor*, M.B.B.S., granted temporary Commission in the Indian Medical Service.

(By order)

R. P. MATHEIAS,

Principal Assistant to the Surgeon General.

Madras, 10th January 1934.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

TRAINING CLASSES FOR NURSES.

Applications are invited from candidates who have studied at least up to the IV Form in a recognized Secondary School for admission to the training class for Nurses (Indicating *Practical Nurses*) at the Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem.

1. The age of the candidate should be between 18 and 25 years.

2. The following candidates should also be sent to the Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, with the application:—

(a) Certificate from the Headmaster of the school for educational qualifications.

(b) Physical fitness certificate from a registered medical practitioner.

3. The selected candidates will execute agreement binding themselves to serve Government for five years.

4. The stipend at the rate of Rs. 25 and a nursing allowance of Rs. 25 per month with a uniform allowance of Rs. 10 per annum will be given during the period of training.

5. The application should be submitted to the Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, on or before the 25th February 1934.

Govt. Headquarters Hospital, Salem.

25th December 1933.

K. V. GUTTALESINGH AYYAR,

Superintendent in charge.

A training class for Indian *Practical Nurses* will be opened in the Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, and applications are invited from candidates who are willing to undergo the course. The applications should reach this office not later than the 25th February 1934. The conditions are as follows:—

(1) That candidates for admission to the training class for nurses should possess sufficient knowledge of the subjects of general education up to the fourth form in recognized secondary schools.

(2) They should be between 18 and 25 years of age.

(3) Name papers enclosed and submitted for training shall be accompanied also an agreement with Government for five years—the three years' training to be spent in general and nursing at the Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, and on passing the final examination held at the end of the third year may attend a Government Dispensary Hospital for six months for midwifery training and serve the 5-year training period as a staff nurse in any Government Hospital in which certificate in any Government General Hospital in which they may be posted for nursing the first where training. Those who fail to fulfil the above terms of agreement for any reason except illness, should submit to Government a sum equivalent to six months' stipend at whatever they have received excepted elsewhere in law.

(4) The stipend will be given during the period of their training at the following rates:—

Pay Rs. 25 (average) per month.

Uniform allowance Rs. 10 per annum.

Uniform allowance Rs. 10 per annum.

Govt. Headquarters Hospital, Salem.

25th January 1934.

M. K. VARADACHARI,

Superintendent.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS.

STORAGE CROP OF MILK—THIRD REPORT (FINAL).

[On an average of the five years ending 1923-24, the area under sugarcane in the Madras Presidency has represented about 4.5 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India.]

The area planted with sugarcane up to the end of December 1925 is estimated at 121,800 acres against an average of 121,200 acres made at the corresponding date last year or a decrease of 6 per cent. Last year's estimate differed from the final figure only by 0.2 per cent.

3. The present estimate of area exceeds the second forecast by 1,588 acres only. The estimate separately shows the crop planted in the Central districts and Madras in July-August and not reported October. The area is about the same or at least less than in the last year in all districts except Tanjore and Coimbatore. The reduction is most marked in Bellary, Anantapur, South Arcot, Trichopoly, and Madras.

4. The crop in the Coastal tracts of Ganjam and Tinsukia was damaged by the cyclone in December. The area lodged badly in parts and had to be re-sown. The crop in South Kanara district. The harvest has commenced and yields are comparatively low. Elsewhere the crop is stored from August during the south-west monsoon but impaired with the general rainfall in September and October. The north-east monsoon has been poor since November but yields will not be much below normal except in Anantapur, where the crop is largely dependent on rainfall tanks, Chittoor, North Arcot, and Belur where both monsoons have failed and South Arcot. Well but has not yet set in.

5. The seasonal factor for the Presidency works out to 33 per cent of the average. The yield is estimated at 285,200 tons of jaggery as against 256,700 tons on the corresponding date of last year.

6. Figures by districts are given in the appended statement—

(Area in hundreds of acres, i.e., 00 being omitted; yield in hundreds of tons of jaggery, i.e., 00 being omitted.)

District and group.	Estimate of area planted with sugarcane up to the end of			Seasonal factor by districts (%) of the area as compared with the area in season (1925-26)	Seasonal factor to the percentage of the seasonal yield per acre in the current year in the yield per acre in a year of average season.	Estimated yield of the area in	
	Dec. 1925.	Dec. 1924.	Dec. 1923.			Columns (1)-(2)	Columns (3)-(4)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Coastal	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
Ganjam	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Tinsukia	10.0	10.0	10.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Belur	11.0	11.0	11.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
South Arcot	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Trichopoly	1.0	1.0	1.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Total, Coastal	34.0	34.0	34.0	— 2	33	100.0	100.0
Central	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
Belur	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Chittoor	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Coimbatore	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Total, Central	18.0	18.0	18.0	— 2	33	100.0	100.0
South Arcot	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
Chittoor	1.0	1.0	1.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Belur	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Trichopoly	1.0	1.0	1.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Total, South Arcot	8.0	8.0	8.0	— 2	33	100.0	100.0
Madras	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
Belur	12.0	12.0	12.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Chittoor	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Coimbatore	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Trichopoly	6.0	6.0	6.0	— 2	33	19.0	15.0
Total, Madras	30.0	30.0	30.0	— 2	33	100.0	100.0
Grand Total	102.0	102.0	102.0	— 2	33	100.0	100.0

Madras, 18th January 1926.

QUINCELY CROP OF 1923-24—1923-24 REPORT.

(On an average of the five years ending 1921-22 the area under quince in the Malacca Presidency has represented about 17-8 per cent of the total area under quince in British India.)

The area sown with quince up to the end of December 1923 is estimated at 431,800 acres as against an estimate of 452,700 acres on the corresponding date of last year or a reduction of 21,000 acres.

1. The only District in which an appreciable area has been reported since the last harvest was Trichinopoly, Tanjore, and Madras, where the sowing season is later than in other divisions.

2. Early crops have been harvested. The sowing was late in the Cochin except in parts of Vengaloor and Kottayam. The sowing in the Cochin was affected by the drought during the growing season. The yield in Malacca was very poor and that in Cochin was affected by late sowing and insect attacks. The first crop has not yet been harvested in the South, but yields will be low owing to want of showers in the growing season. The crop yielded above normal in the West Coast.

3. The overall total for the Presidency works out to 51 per cent of the average. The yield is estimated at 20,400 tons as against 24,800 tons estimated on the corresponding date last year.

4. Figures by districts are given below:—

Area in hundreds of acres, i.e., 60 being equalled; yield in hundreds of tons, i.e., 60 being equalled.

District & crop		Estimate of area sown with quince up to the end of				Increase (+) or decrease (-) of the area sown in the current year as compared with the area in which the crop was sown in 1921.	Percentage of the estimated yield per acre in the current year as compared with the yield per acre in a year of average season.	Estimated yield of the area in	
		September 1923.						1923.	1921.
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)					(5)	(6)
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Quilon .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Vengaloor .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Madras .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Cochin .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Trichinopoly .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Cochin .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Trichinopoly .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Madras .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Cochin .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Madras .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Belgaum .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Assam .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Calcutta .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5
Total, Malacca .. .. .	.. .. .	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	0	100	10.5	10.5

Malacca, 19th January 1924.

CASSIA CROP OF 1923.

The area under cassia in 1923 is estimated at 248,000 acres as compared with 218,000 acres estimated on the same date last year or an increase of about 14 per cent. Last year's estimate was about 3 per cent below the actual. There is an increase of about 44 per cent over last year in the sown portion of Kottayam, Belgaum, and Assam. The increase is due to the favourable early rainfall which was.

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however, insufficient for food crops. Cereals, except in Georgetown and Salem, there is a ground reduction in area which is greatest in Oveston, Karamal, Galdapah, Fellen, Chikara, Chikabara, and Thakapahy.

2. The crop in parts of Oveston and Yangapetum was affected by the cyclone in November. Very low yields are reported from Anantapur on account of the drought in July-August. The season was slightly better in Karamal and Bellary, but the crop in Bellary was damaged to some extent by caterpillars. The crop in Galdapah and Bellary prospered with the September-October rains and yielded nearly up to the average. The yield in Chikara, North Arcot, and Salem districts was reduced by the unforeseeable season. Elsewhere, fairly good yields are reported. The seasonal factor for the Panchetory works out to 82 per cent. of the average against 100 per cent. in the previous year according to the season and crop report. On this basis, the yield is estimated at 33,310 tons and 33,110 tons estimated on the corresponding date last year and 33,980 tons estimated in the season and crop report of last year.

3. Figures by districts are given below:—

(Area in hundreds of acres, i.e., 01 being omitted; yield in hundreds of tons, i.e., 00 being omitted).

District and crop.	Estimated of the area in acres up to the end of November 1921.	Area in (100) 01 at present and crop report.	Increase 14 of the area in (100) 01 as compared with the area in column (1).	Percentage of the estimated yield per acre of the area in column (2) as compared with the average yield per acre in a year of average season.	Estimated yield of the area in column (2) in tons.	Estimated yield of the area in column (2) in tons per acre and crop report.	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of the yield in column (2) as compared with the yield in column (1).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Oveston	4.8	4.3	- 4	85	3.8	7.8	- 0.8
Yangapetum	14.8	13.3	- 2	89	12.3	12.3	- 0.5
Chikara	8.8	8.3	- 1	92	7.3	7.8	+ 0.5
Chikabara	16.8	16.3	- 0.5	90	14.3	14.3	- 0.5
Galdapah	10.8	10.3	- 0.5	93	9.3	9.3	- 0.5
Total, Oveston ..	46.2	42.6	- 3.6	89	38.3	42.6	- 4.3
Karamal	37.8	35.8	- 2.0	87	31.3	35.3	- 4.0
Bellary	47.8	44.8	- 3.0	93	41.3	44.3	- 3.0
Chikara	73.8	71.8	- 2.0	95	67.3	71.3	- 4.0
Total, Decatur ..	236.4	229.4	- 7.0	91	205.3	229.3	- 24.0
Bellary	22.8	21.8	- 1.0	90	19.3	21.3	- 2.0
Galdapah	30.8	28.8	- 2.0	92	27.3	28.3	- 1.0
North Arcot	9.8	9.3	- 0.5	94	8.3	9.3	- 1.0
Total, Coimbatore ..	63.4	60.9	- 2.5	92	54.9	60.9	- 6.0
Chikara	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
North Arcot	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Chikara	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Chikabara	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Total, Coimbatore ..	40.8	40.8	- 0.2	90	36.8	40.8	- 4.0
Yangapetum	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Bellary	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Chikara	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Total, North ..	30.6	30.6	- 0.2	90	27.6	30.6	- 3.0
Bellary	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
North Arcot	10.2	10.2	- 0.2	90	9.2	10.2	- 1.0
Total, West Coast ..	20.4	20.4	- 0.2	90	18.4	20.4	- 2.0
Grand total ..	328.8	327.8	- 1.0	90	298.3	327.8	- 29.5

REPORT ON THE PRESENT CONDITION OF THE COTTON CROP OF 1921-22.

Crop prospects are very good in the 'Coimbatore' tract. The crop is free from pests and has been benefited by the continued bright weather since November. A bumper yield is expected if the season continues dry.

3. The season is very good in the 'North Arcot' and 'Bellary' tracts. The crop has been benefited by the continued bright weather since November. A bumper yield is expected if the season continues dry. The crop in Bellary and Anantapur has been benefited by the continued bright weather since November. A bumper yield is expected if the season continues dry.

Statement showing the total consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 12th January 1924.

(Rate—All figures in bales of 480 lbs. each.)

Variety of cotton.	For the week commencing week of the previous year.		For the current week.			Total from 4th February in the corresponding week of the previous year.		For the current year from 4th January 1924 to date.		
	Imported at m/lbs.	Not exported by sea.	Imported at m/lbs.	Not exported by sea.	Total.	Imported at m/lbs.	Not exported by sea.	Imported at m/lbs.	Not exported by sea.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tamworth	51		49		98	67,197		50,934		118,131
Bolton	51		50		101	5,275		8,115		13,390
Onitola	51		50		101	8,778		17,417		26,195
Trinidad	51		50		101	34,491		79,346		113,837
Warwick	51	2,819	50	1,871	3,946	241	67,403	274	85,111	142,525
Comstock	51		50		101	11,411		10,808		22,219
Onitola	51		50		101					
Total	1,613	5,115	1,449	5,119	3,978	148,228	118,798	128,948	125,904	254,852

(1) Rawlins have been supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by 11 m/lbs.

(2) Rawlins have been supplied in the current week by 34 m/lbs.

(3) Exports by sea in the current week were—Madras, 1,379 ; Coimbatore, 22 ; Tellicherry, 274.

(4) Total for 1924 bales imported from Bombay into Coimbatore not reported before.

Quantity of cotton ginned in the ginning factories and of improved cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 12th January 1924.

(Rate—All figures in bales of 480 lbs. each.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.					In the current year.					of quantity of cotton received at the 1924-25 season.
	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1923.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1924.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1925.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1926.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1927.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1928.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1929.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1930.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1931.	Spun in the week ending 12th January 1932.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Tamworth	184	118,131	8,202	147,331	28	118,292	4,504	182,084	12,000		
Bolton	50	822	5,717	4,810	86	57	4,415	2,412	41,000		
Onitola	51	40,515	7,119	99,999	57	125,940	4,111	125,674	15,000		
Trinidad	51	10,322	24	63,778	107	304,528	311	71,504	10,000		
Warwick	51	85,415	119	84,719	284	45,148	610	87,020	30,000		
Comstock	51										
Total	391	211,918	17,979	281,854	1,791	483,817	15,946	482,288	415,000		

(1) Includes 47 bales not reported before.

(2) Includes 30 bales not reported before.

Madras, 12th January 1924.

R. D. ANSTADT,
Director of Agriculture.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Applicants, whose names have been registered for Assistant Inspector's post in the Salt, Khadi and Coimbatore Departments, are hereby informed that there will be no direct appointment in the grade of Assistant Inspector in the near future.

Board (Revenue Branch), Madras,
11th January 1924.

G. M. MASTERMAN,
Joint Secretary.

My designation "Co-operative Societies to the Attorney General, Madras", has been altered as "Extra Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Travancore". All officers and others who wish to correspond with me are requested to address me with the new designation in future.

Travancore, 22d January 1934.

M. T. APPA RAO,
Extra Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 34 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the Adithyakudi Co-operative Society No. 4874 in the Pudukkottai taluk of the Madurai district and has appointed the Assistant Registrar, Madurai, to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from this date, viz., 17th January 1934.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 40 of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the Adithyakudi Co-operative Society No. 4874 in the Taluk of the Pudukkottai district and has appointed the Assistant Registrar, Pudukkottai, to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from this date, viz., 17th January 1934.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 34 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the Sarda Co-operative Store, Limited, No. 332 in the Sarda taluk of the Coimbatore district and has appointed the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Coimbatore, to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from this date, viz., 17th January 1934.

Madras, 19th January 1934.

M. M. HUNTO,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 34 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the Chelavandi District Industrial Co-operative, Pambur and Pali Society, Limited, No. 481 in the Chelavandi taluk of the Coimbatore district and has appointed the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Coimbatore, to be liquidator under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from this date, viz., 17th January 1934.

Madras, 19th January 1934.

TREASURY TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 4 (a) of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1912), that on or about the 6th August 1922 the unaccounted money valued at Rs. 25 have been found in one of the walls of the house of one Kuruba Sanyasi in Sengal village of Bellary taluk by three workmen of Allipar village, head of Sengal. The money was found in a brass vessel, closed with a brass plate.

Description of the property—A brass vessel and a brass plate (probably value) Rs. 5. Twenty rupees value (value) Rs. 20. Total value of the find being Rs. 25. The property is now kept in the Taluk Office, Bellary.

3. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by their agents before the Collector of Bellary at his office on or before 1st May 1928 and furnish proof of their claim.

Bellary Collector's Office,
4th December 1927.

A. G. DUFF,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 4 of Act VI of 1912 that the treasure noted below was found on 2nd June 1922 by one Bayan Yousuf while digging earth in the site of Golepalli Kanayya and his brother in Kanavandi of Neelganga taluk. All persons claiming the said treasure are hereby required to appear in person or by agent before the Collector of Kivim district whose office is Chelavandi at 11 a.m. on the 1st June 1928 when the matter will be required into and determined according to law.

A brass bowl containing the following gold jewels worth about Rs. 21:—

One kumakulachra.
Two kappu pottas.
Two muthas.

Entrusted to the postman.
One purpa.

Kivim Collector's Office,
12th December 1927.

M. H. F. M. TYLER,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section (2) of Act VI of 1912 that the treasure noted below was found on 14th August 1922 by one Thirupadaiyan Vayya, son of Vayya, near the hill called Koda tippu in Talupali of Sircadda taluk. All persons claiming the said treasure are hereby required to

appears in person or by agent before the Collector of Kibera district at his office in Chiakakigadi at 11 a.m. on the 24th March 1924 when the matter will be inquired into and determined according to law.

A small cylindrical box containing the following gold articles worth about Rs. 20 or more—
Two gold eisers with pendants with the size of a paper.
A four-sided gold piece 1/2" in length.
Stations smaller than gold pieces with hollow discs.
One copper bangle with four rings attached to it.
One eiser ring.

Kibera Collector's Office,
24th November 1923.

G. H. JACKSON,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 8 of Act VI of 1912 that on or about the 12th October 1923 persons—1433 whose names to the value of Rs. 1,428—was found buried in earth near a hillside in the village of Koveret in Chiakakigadi taluk.

All persons claiming the above treasure are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Kibera district at his office at 11 a.m. on 26th June 1924 when the matter will be inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Kibera Collector's Office,
12th January 1924.

J. W. SHORE,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 8 of Act VI of 1912 that on 22nd June 1923 the treasure mentioned treasure was found in R. No. 291-1 measured on public day in Panakawadi village of Meyyaram taluk.

Description of treasure.	Approximate value.	Description of treasure.	Approximate value.
1. Big Permal (with broken shell)	16 21 0	11. Shukha (broken shell)	2 8 0
2. Small Permal in addition	2 2 0	12. Shukha (small)	2 12 0
3. Big Permal (broken pieces) (big)	16 7 0	13. Do.	2 12 0
4. Big Permal (broken pieces)	16 2 0	14. Permal (small)	2 12 0
5. Small Permal (broken pieces)	12 8 0	15. Shukha	2 12 0
6. Permal (broken pieces)	16 2 0	16. Do.	2 12 0
7. Shukha (broken pieces)	2 7 0	17. Do.	2 12 0
8. Shukha (broken pieces)	2 2 0		
9. Small with (broken)	2 2 0	Total	118 2 0

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanganyika at his office at Tanganyika on Monday the 12th February 1924 so that the matter may be inquired into and determined according to law.

Tanganyika Collector's Office,
12th September 1923.

8

It is hereby notified under section 8 of Act VI of 1912 that on 1st August 1923 a treasure of 22 silver coins worth about Rs. 15 was found in R. No. 100-15-20 of Tanganyika taluk of Koveret.

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanganyika at his office at Tanganyika at 11 a.m. on Monday the 12th May 1924, so that the matter may be inquired into and determined according to law.

Tanganyika Collector's Office,
12th January 1924.

H. S. SHELLA,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 8 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1912, that treasure consisting of gold, copper and glass pieces, etc., as detailed below was found about one or more years ago by Amangwa Kungu, a washerman of Theng'etani in the Munguapokhuta taluk while he was digging trenches for laying foundations for building his house.

Description of the treasure.	Approximate value.
Twelve pieces of gold of inferior quality, weighing about 4½ lbs	Rs. 4 0 0
Two pieces of glass—	
Two circular pieces	10 0 0
Six of glass cylindrical prism-like pieces of glass	10 0 0
Four small broken pieces of glass	10 0 0
Five pieces of small copper	10 0 0
Two broken pieces of small gold	10 0 0
One broken small with lead	10 0 0
	10 0 0

All persons claiming the above treasure or any portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by duly authorized agent before the Collector, Tanganyika, on 12th April 1924 at Tanganyika.

Tanganyika Collector's Office,
24th November 1923.

G. A. HENDERSON,
Collector.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 16th December 1901.

Districts.	Serial number.	Municipal towns.	Particulars of the Mortalities occurring in the Towns in 1901.			Causes.													Totals.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Measles registered during the year.	Typhoid fever.	Dysentery.	Cholera.	Scarlet fever.	Typhus.	Erysipelas.	Diphtheria and diph. mem.	Scarlet fever.	Typhoid fever.	Dysentery.	Cholera.	Measles.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Madras	1	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	3	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	4	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tamil Nadu	5	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	6	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	7	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	8	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Madras	9	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	10	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	11	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	12	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Madras	13	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	14	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	15	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	16	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Madras	17	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	18	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	19	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	20	Chennai	16,734	14,730	31,464	38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

* Returns not received.

Jan. 22, 1902.]

POST BY GEORGE GARDNER

Tidal Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Malaya Peninsula for the week ending 10th December 1923—cont.

District.	Serial number.	Municipal name.	FRESHWATER SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION			Towns.		Docks.													Totals.		
			Males.	Females.	Totals.	Population registered according to Census of 1921.	Males.	Females.	Cebu.	Samarang.	Pangasinan.	Batavia.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.	Davao.
Batavia	48	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	49	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	50	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	51	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	42	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	43	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	44	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	45	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	46	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	47	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	48	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	49	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	50	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	51	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	52	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	53	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	54	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	55	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	56	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	57	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	58	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	59	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	60	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	61	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	62	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	63	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	64	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	65	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	66	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	67	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	68	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	69	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	70	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	71	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	72	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	73	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	74	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	75	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	76	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	77	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Batavia	78	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	79	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	80	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	81	Sidra	18,487	18,184	36,671	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total			1,819,400	1,800,540	3,619,940	2,147	70	17	22	40	101	200	102	15	14	107	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077

Malaya, 10th January 1924.

Abstract reports of attacks and deaths of zoonotic diseases in the Presidency of Madras during the week ending 19th January 1961, continued.

[illegible]

Madras, 19th January 1924.

E. T. MAYHEW, M. ST., D.V.M. (Dartmouth),
Acting Director of Public Health, Boston

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PROCLAMATION

PROCLAMATION.
By virtue of a Process to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Justices of Madras, I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Certificate of Oyer and Terminer and Grand Jury (Quarry) is and for Part No. George the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and the places and persons authorized therein will be sitting at the Court House of the Court of Madras adjacent on Friday the fourth day of February ensuing, the date named as above, which is the business for the trial of all crimes and offences.

done is committed within Port St. George or the Town of Nadroo at the local limits thereof and place and distance substantiate therein and dependent thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be taken a deposition of *Admiralty* for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or on any other criminal therein to attend at the time and place aforesaid and not to depart without leave.

"Dated this 20th day of December 1923.

MR. USMAN,
Clerk of Madras.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Under the provisions of section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the following draft amendment of the Civil Rules of Practice, 1908, is published for the information of all persons interested, and it is hereby notified that the amendment as well as any objection to, or suggestion relating to it, which may be received from any person interested in the matter will be taken up for consideration on or after the 1st February 1924, viz.:-

After the 10th day of the end of the second sentence in Form No. 102 of Appendix II and add the words set forth below:-

"And I do further require my clerk to accept on my behalf service at notice of all every appearance petition filed in any Court of Appeal, Revision or Revision with regard to the said cause or matter before the disposal of the same in this Honourable Court."

The purpose of this amendment is to allow of service of notice in *Interlocutory Appeals* and *Revision* prior to the date of the writs representing the parties in the lower court.

High Court, Madras.

18th December 1923.

By virtue of the powers conferred by clause 22 of the Letters Patent and all other powers then and then, and in accordance with section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the High Court has made the following amendments to the Appendix II to the Rules, 1908, and publishes them for general information. They will come into force with effect from the 1st day of January 1924:-

Insert the following as rule 13 A:-

13-A. The Chief Justice may, by general or special order, order upon the Registrar previous leave and determine the manner of applications set forth below.

Provided that the Registrar, while exercising such power, at his discretion, may refer any such application before him for the decision of the Court.

Provided also that at the request of any party dissatisfied with the decision of the Registrar, the Registrar shall post the matter for the order of a Bench of one Judge.

(1) Applications to extend beyond four weeks:-

(a) the time allowed by rule 12 (1) for payment of process fees,

(b) the time allowed by rule 22 (20) for filing affidavits,

(c) the time allowed by rule 18 (14) for depositing fees for service of a fresh notice.

(2) Application to extend beyond ten days:-

(a) the time provided by rule 18,

(b) the time provided by rule 22,

(c) the time provided by the rules relating to the preparation of the record, for filing a list or making a deposit.

(3) Applications for extension of time to enter appearance.

(4) Applications for an order directing substituted service under Order V, rule 13 or for an order under Order XXX A, rule 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(5) Applications for dispensing with printing or for leave to use previously printed pages.

(6) Applications to call for documents not produced by a party.

(7) Applications to a *quodam ad hoc* for an order under Order XXXII, rule 4 (4) of the Code of Civil Procedure as to the manner of inserting notes.

(8) Applications for the appointment of a guardian ad litem to persons of unsound mind in cases where they have been so found.

(9) Applications for extending delay in a representation or in payment of deficit parties.

(10) Applications for amendment of decrees, or for an order directing change of parties.

(11) Applications for amendment of grounds of appeal or for filing additional grounds.

(12) Applications for refund of court fees paid under a *non est* decree.

(13) Applications for leave to withdraw appearance.

(14) Applications for change of grounds where the subject of the *quodam* on record is not obtained.

(15) Applications for the return of documents produced in pending cases.

(Signed)	G. G. SINGH, Off. Chief Justice	
"	W. S. PILLAY	
"	C. V. KESAVAIAH NAYAR	
"	C. KANNAN	
"	V. NARAYAN	
"	G. K. GOVINDA	
"	M. D. DASARATHI	
"	M. VEDARATHNAM NAYAR	
"	S. S. WILSON	
"	S. G. WILSON	
"	S. HANUMANTH PILLAI	
"	G. R. B. JAYARAM	

Judges.

High Court, Madras,
18th January 1924.

F. G. BUTLER,
Registrar.

APPEALS' EXAMINATION, 1924.

Notice is hereby given that candidates for the coming Appeals' Examination are required to file their applications with the necessary enclosures in the office of the Deputy Registrar, Appeals, not later than the 15th February 1924.

1. The fee of Rs. 20 should be paid into the Bank of Madras or the local treasurer and the receipt should be submitted along with the application.
2. Forms of application can be had from the Head Clerk, Correspondence, Administrative Branch.

High Court, Madras,
4th January 1924.

M. R. AMER-UD-DIN,
Deputy Registrar, Appeals, Madras.

ERRATA.

For the words "Election Petition No. 1 of 1923" occurring on page 124 of Part II of the Port of George Gazette, dated the 15th January 1924, read "Election Petition No. 1 of 1924."
For the words "Election Petition No. 5 of 1923" occurring on page 126 of Part II of the Port of George Gazette, dated the 15th January 1924, read "Election Petition No. 5 of 1924."

Port of George, 15th January 1924.

R. V. KRISHNAN,
Registrar, Election Court.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

Notice is hereby given that the Courts of this District will be closed for the annual recess as follows:—

District and Sessions Court, Quilon, and the For two months from Monday the 26th May 1924 to Saturday the 6th July 1924, both days inclusive.

Subordinate Judges' Courts of Madras and For six weeks from Monday the 26th May 1924 to Saturday the 14th June 1924, both days inclusive.

All the District Magistrate's Courts of the district. During the adjournment, no petitions, applications or other papers will be received. Arrangements will, however, be made for granting appeals, provided their applications for such appeals have been made before the commencement of the recess.

3. Urgent applications for bail during the District Judge's absence from the District should be made to the High Court, Madras.

Quilon, 15th January 1924.

E. P. WALSH,
District and Sessions Judge.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

(IN EXISTENCY.)

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned insolvent and vesting the assets and effects of the said insolvents in Mr. F. H. Wilson, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said insolvents, or who have any of their assets and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee:—

Number of petition.	Date of filing.	Name, address and description of insolvent.	DATE OF adjudication.	Date of public examination.
227 of 1923	14th Dec. 1923.	Thekkumkandam Nathan, Agricultural Suburban Madras, Madras, District No. 11, Ayer Street, Bangalore, Madras.	14th Dec. 1923.	"
446 do.	19th do.	A. K. Velupillai, residing at No. 1784, English Street, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	19th do.	14th Dec. 1923
9 of 1924	2nd Jan. 1924	Agnesamma E. Siva Sankar, residing at Sivanthi, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	2nd Jan. 1924	"
2 do.	4th do.	C. Velupillai, residing at No. 1784, English Street, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	4th do.	14th Dec. 1923
10 do.	10th do.	Kannanammal Periyal Chetty and S. Periyal, residing at No. 1784, English Street, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	10th do.	"
14 do.	19th do.	M. Chinnappaiah, residing at No. 11, English Street, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	19th do.	14th Dec. 1923
95 do.	17th do.	S. Kannanammal Chetty, residing at No. 11, English Street, Madras, Bangalore, Madras.	17th do.	"

High Court, Madras,
17th January 1924.

PETITION No. 127 of 1923.

V. Emmanuel Chetty and K. Madhava Chetty Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court, adjudging V. Emmanuel Chetty and K. Madhava Chetty insolvent and vesting the assets and effects of the said insolvents in Mr. F. H. Wilson, the Official Assignee of this Court, is hereby put into effect in the presence of Mr. J. H. Wilson, the Official Assignee of this Court, on the 7th day of January 1924.

No. 1 of 1911 is the Court of the District Judge, Bristol.

[illegible]

McKim is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1939 that the abovesigned, petitioner (petitioner) has been adjudicated insolvent by an order of this Court dated 5th June 1934, and that the creditors should prove their claims by delivering at meeting by post in a registered letter to the Court an affidavit in Form No. 8 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1933.

I.A. No. 410 of 1912 (No. 5 of 1911 in the file of the Sub-Court, BELLARY)
- of the Court of the District Judge, BELLARY.

General Sanitary at General, Bellary taluk	11	22	22	Fettiche (Fettiche).
Sanitary Board and others	11	22	22	Sanitary-pollution (Pollution).

Notice is hereby given that the instant assignment has put in a petition to the Court praying that it may be discharged under section 40 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1912, and that the bearing of the petition is fixed for the 14th day of February 1914.

H. A. JENKINS,
District Judge

De Fare, 15th January 1878.

No. 161 of 1913 of the Court of the District Judge, Calcutta.

Pakal Muthuswami Kandasani, son of Raja Kandasani at Sakkipattanam, Arumathi taluk	<i>Esquimaux (Deliver)</i>
F. L. V. R. Subramanian Chettiar, son of Anappappa Chettiar at Arumathi	<i>Pitcher (Crested)</i>

Notice is hereby given that the petition has been applied to this Court that the debtor herein named may be adjudged an insolvent. Hearing: 15th February 1954.

No. 185 of 1913 is the Code of the District Judge, Oshana.

Rangarani Kesari, son of Rangarani Kesari at Kalyanapuram.				
Kulamathi, Colombo 10	..	..	..	<i>Fideline (Police)</i>
Nalimal and his son at home	..	..	..	<i>Rangarani (Criminal)</i>

Notas is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court that he may be adjudged an insolvent. Hearing 186, February 1934.

No. 181 is with us for the Corps de the Deputy Judge, COLUMBIAN.

[illegible]

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court that the debtors aforesaid may be adjudged insolvent. Hearing 18th February 1935.

No. 185 de 1955 de la Cour de Cassation, *Compromis*

Saheli Karaman, wife of Theodor Karaman at Karamapayan,	
Polkheim telek	<i>Respected (Daher).</i>
Assanula Karaman, son of Sahli Karaman at Karamapayan	
Alorahm	<i>Polite (Orak).</i>

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court that the debtor herein named may be adjudged an insolvent. Hearing 10th February 1924.

No. 147 of 1912 is the Cover of the *Diary of James Cameron*

Sabhai Kanadan, son of Pinal Kanadan at palem, Chikmagalurpalem, Therapuzh taluk	Kanakkuram	
Muthukrishnan Nayadu and female others	"	Pattinam (Deliver).
		Seemadurai (Chikmag).

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner aforesaid has applied to this Court that he may be adjudged an insolvent. Witness my hand. December 16th February 1934.

No. 128 of 1973 in the Order of the District Judge, Changanassery.

S. R. Peltis Tea, and of Sikkim Agency at Techtungpoy Road, Colaba	Zagoussi (Daher)
Kanchari Bank Limited, by Secretary K. Ram, at Kumbhari, Avasala taluk	Pelissier (Daher)

Verlin is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court that the debtor abovesaid may be adjudged an insolvent. Hearing 11th February 1928.

No. 74 of 1923 (L.A. No. 215 of 1923) in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, COCHIN.

Eliphe Asst. sec. of Malabar Asst. at Police Petitioner (Indirect).
 Savana Miki Lim and others Respondents (Direct).

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has been granted an order of discharge subject to the condition that if within two years from this date his salary is increased he will be liable to pay such sums per month as the Court deems fit.

No. 11 of 1923 (L.A. No. 351 of 1923) in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, COCHIN.

Karayanan Karathan, son of Periasa Karathan at Karta Petitioner (Indirect).
 A. L. A. B. Mathias Christy and twenty-six others Respondents (Direct).

Notice is hereby given that under the order of this Court, dated 29th December 1923, the petitioner has been granted an order of discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1923.

Cochin, 16th January 1924.

U. G. AUSTIN,
District Judge.

No. 7 of 1923 (M. P. No. 285 of 1923) in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, MADRAS.

Somasundara Suralakshi Ayra Petitioner (Indirect).
 Panalagan Thilal and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied for his discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 and that his application is posted to the 12th February 1924 for hearing.

No. 17 of 1923 (M.P. No. 431 of 1923) in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, MADRAS.

U. L. K. R. Karayyan Christy Indirect.
 Karayyan Christy and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied for his discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 and that his application is posted to the 12th February 1924 for hearing.

Madras, 16th January 1924.

H. R. HANDEWILL,
District Judge.

No. 24 of 1923 in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, NORTH ARUN.

(1) Sengamunda Thangavel Dehadehar and (2) Vajapalabam
 Asst. Petitioner.
 (1) Nagappa Chetti and (2) Paradesi Chetti Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that on the application of the petitioners, the respondents (1) Nagappa Chetti, son of Panimala Chetti, (2) Paradesi Chetti, son of Oranga Chetti, residing at Senthil Oranga Street, Chidambaram, have been adjudged insolvent by this Court on 9th December 1923, that they are directed to apply for discharge on or before 10th July 1924 and that their creditors may prove their debts before the Official Receiver, North Arcot, as soon as possible.

No. 32 of 1923 in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, NORTH ARUN.

Pandal Chettiar Petitioner.
 Arangan Chettiar Respondent.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court to discharge the respondent Arangan Chetti, son of Vaidi Chetti, residing at Simecham village, Chidambaram taluk, as insolvent, and that the petition comes on for hearing on 19th February 1924.

Chidambaram, 16th January 1924.

[Daglu].
District Judge.

No. 2 of 1923 in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, WEST TAMIL.

(In the matter of insolvency of Kandasami Nayak, son of Kandasami Nayak at
 Melakumbharudi, Tanjore.)

Notice is hereby given, under section 57 (3) of Act V of 1920, that the order of the Official Receiver, dated 10th April 1923 adjudging the above-named person as insolvent is hereby annulled by this Court on 16th January 1924, as he failed to apply for discharge within the time allowed.

No. 30 of 1923 in the COURT of the DISTRICT JUDGE, WEST TAMIL.

G. Natesa Ayyar Petitioner (Direct).
 A. S. Srinivasan Chettiar, son of Chidambaram Chettiar, residing
 at Nallamangalam, Namagudi taluk First Respondent
 (Indirect).

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to discharge the first respondent as insolvent. The petition is posted to the 12th day of February 1924.

Tanjore, 16th January 1924.

I. G. SEDDART,
District Judge.

H-7

No. 7 of 1913 in the Court of the District Magistrate, Madras.

Nalambala Sotterya Plaintiff.
 (1) Kariappa Sotterya, (2) Rajappa Sotterya,
 (3) Kariappa Sotterya, and (4) Nalambala Sotterya Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, under section 35 of section 19 of Act V of 1913, that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this court by a petition dated 1st December 1913 for adjudicating him as insolvent and that the petition is posted to 29th January 1914 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by a duly authorized pleader on the said 29th day of January 1914.

Rasht, 16th January 1914.

D. CHITAMBASA BAO,
District Magistrate.

No. 1 of 1914 in the Court of the District Magistrate, Tiruvallur.

Muthuswami Pillai, son of Balasubramania Pillai, at Kallakudi,
 Madhavu Street, Tiruvallur Plaintiff.
 Madhavu Street, Tiruvallur Defendant.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of Act V of 1913 that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged as insolvent and that his petition has been posted to 29th February 1914 for hearing.

Tiruvallur, 17th January 1914.

F. C. TIVAGARAJA AYYAR,
Principal District Magistrate.No. 21 of 1913 (No. 3 of 1913 in the file of the District Court, Chingleput)
in the Court of the District Magistrate, Chingleput.

Va. Kandaswamy Nayudu, son of Chingaswamy Nayudu, residing at
 Chingleput village, Chingleput taluk Plaintiff.
 Ayazulu Nayudu and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under section 35 of Act V of 1913 the abovesaid petitioner was adjudged as insolvent on 8th January 1914. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge before 29th April 1914, after 1st April 1914. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the District Magistrate, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 26 of 1913 (No. 18 of 1913 in the file of the District Court, Chingleput)
in the Court of the District Magistrate, Chingleput.

Mangaswami Madhayan, son of Kandaswami Madhayan, and Tera-
 nayana Madhayan, son of Kandaswami Madhayan, both residing
 in Farwell Enclave, Madhavu Plaintiffs.
 Madhavu and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under section 35 of Act V of 1913 the abovesaid petitioners were adjudged as insolvents on 29th January 1914. The petitioners have been directed to apply for their discharge before 29th April 1914, after 1st April 1914. All their creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the District Magistrate, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 39 of 1913 (No. 4 of 1913 in the file of the District Court, Chingleput)
in the Court of the District Magistrate, Chingleput.

Kandaswami Madhayan, son of Kandaswami Madhayan, residing in Farwell
 Enclave, Madhavu Plaintiff.
 Farwell Enclave and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under section 35 of Act V of 1913 the abovesaid petitioner was adjudged as insolvent on 29th January 1914. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge before 29th April 1914, after 1st April 1914. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the District Magistrate, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 57 of 1913 (No. 5 of 1913 in the file of the District Court, Chingleput)
in the Court of the District Magistrate, Chingleput.

Yankaswami Madhayan, son of Devanji Madhayan and Kandaswami
 Madhayan, residing in Farwell Enclave, Madhavu Plaintiff.
 Farwell Enclave and others Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under section 35 of Act V of 1913 the abovesaid petitioner was adjudged as insolvent on 29th January 1914. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge before 29th April 1914, after 1st April 1914. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the District Magistrate, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 46 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, COIMBATORE.

Raghunath Nayudu and Kanakish Nayudu, sons of Manuvarany
Nayudu, clerks in daily labour, residing in Chikanga street, Tirupathi. Petitioner.
Pannagabai Dowry and silver. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given that under section 16 of Act V of 1920 the aforementioned petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 4th January 1925. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge before 31st July 1925, after 1st July 1925. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Indian Provincial Insolvency Rules.

P. RANGARAJAN ATTAYAR.
Official Receiver.

Coimbatore, 16th January 1925.

No. 4 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.

Nagaji Gundak, son of Marudachala Gundak, residing at Yeri.
Krytial, Palakam taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Krytial, Palakam taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 25th February 1925.

No. 14 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, TRICHY.

Athappa Karaman, son of Sattanabandi Karaman, residing at
Vadugapalayam, hamlet of Vadugapalayam. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Vadugapalayam, hamlet of Vadugapalayam. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 25th February 1925.

No. 25 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, TRICHY.

Palani Gundak, son of Narayappa Gundak of Palayakudi, hamlet of
Pattichapalayam, Aransali taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Pattichapalayam, Aransali taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 25th February 1925.

No. 16 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.

Pedunne Nayyan, son of Raja Nayyan, residing at Palayapalayam,
Coimbatore. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Palayapalayam, Coimbatore. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1925.

No. 29 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.

Palani Karaman, son of Pabala Karaman, residing at Pabala,
palayam Aransali taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Pabala, palayam Aransali taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1925.

No. 31 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, TRICHY.

Narayappa Madali, son of Palayappa Madaliyar, Gunapathi village,
Coimbatore taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Gunapathi village, Coimbatore taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1925.

No. 35 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.

Palani Gundak, son of Sivan Narayappa Gundak of Palayapala-
yam, hamlet of Odugapalayam, Aransali taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Palayapalayam, hamlet of Odugapalayam, Aransali taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1925.

No. 11 of 1925 IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, COIMBATORE.

Kannappa Kavalan, son of Narayappa Kavalan, Kalathapalayam,
palayam, hamlet of Vadugapalayam, Coimbatore taluk. " " Petitioner (Debt).
Kalathapalayam, palayam, hamlet of Vadugapalayam, Coimbatore taluk. " " Respondent.

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (1) of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned insolvent petitioner will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1925.

No. 12 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Chelakings Chettiar, son of Sakkia Chettiar, Poonchikuppalam
 Isambet Chappat, Poonchikuppalam Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 74 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Maru Karandam, son of Kallappa Karandam, at Karandamb, Aravali
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 51 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Sattaram Chetti, son of Kallappa Chetti, Thammakuppalam,
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 54 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Kallappa Chetti, son of Kallappa Karandam, Poonchikuppalam,
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920, that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 56 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

M. Venkataswami Chetti, son of Marappa Chetti, and M. Marappa
 Chetti, son of Marappa Chetti, at Chittampal, Colaba Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920, that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 59 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Marappa Karandam, son of Maru Karandam, residing at Poonchikuppalam,
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 115 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

K. Ramasami Mudaliyar, son of Karasami Mudaliyar, residing at
 Erodi, Erodi taluk Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 157 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

M. Kallappa Karandam, son of Marappa Karandam, residing at
 Poonchikuppalam, Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 129 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Copyist K. A. Ponnappa, son of Henry Ponnappa, residing at
 Wazir Chetti, Erodi, Erodi taluk Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 131 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Maru Karandam, son of Marappa Karandam, at Poonchikuppalam,
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 138 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Thiruvengal Chetti, son of Kallappa Chetti, at Poonchikuppalam,
 Isambet Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 134 of 1923 in the Court of the District Judge, Colaba.

Marappa Karandam, son of Marappa Karandam, Marappa Karandam,
 Aravali village, Erodi taluk Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 that the above-mentioned land-
 revenue petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Colaba, at 11 a.m. on 18th February 1924.

No. 188 of 1912 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Elipala Chettiar, son of Annamalai Chettiar, residing at Erode Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (1) of Act V of 1900 that the abovesaid petitioner's petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1914.

No. 196 of 1912 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Umasa Boyan, son of Umasa Boyan, residing at Pudukkottai Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (1) of Act V of 1900 that the abovesaid petitioner's petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1914.

No. 197 of 1912 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Talapat Chettiar, son of Panna Srinaga Chettiar at Pudukkottai Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (1) of Act V of 1900 that the abovesaid petitioner's petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th February 1914.

K. KARHAYENSKA BAS,
Official Receiver.

No. 98 of 1912 (No. 98 of 1912 on the file of the District Judge, Coimbatore)
in the Court of the Official Receiver, Coimbatore.

Vengasa Vekattambayya, son of Vengasa Kottappan Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given that, under section 18, clause (1) of Act V of 1900, the abovesaid petitioner (father) has applied to the District Judge, Coimbatore, to appoint him as receiver and that his petition has been transferred to this court for disposal. The said petition stands passed to the 24th day of February 1914 for hearing.

No. 36 of 1912 (No. 36 of 1912 on the file of the District Judge, Coimbatore),
in the Court of the Official Receiver, Coimbatore.

Agappan Vengasa, adopted son of Pedia Guruswami, residing
at Pudukkottai Petitioner (Father).

Notice is hereby given that, under section 18 of Act V of 1900, the abovesaid petitioner was appointed as receiver on 21st September 1912. He has been directed to apply for his discharge by the end of June 1914. All creditors are required to prove their claims on or before 16th February 1914 by delivering by registered post to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

H. W. ELLIOT,
Official Receiver.

No. 88 of 1912 (No. 8 of 1912 on the file of the District Judge's Court, Coimbatore),
in the Court of the Official Receiver, Coimbatore.

Pell Appanna Petitioner.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of this Court, dated 16th January 1914, the abovesaid petitioner was appointed receiver. The creditors of the abovesaid petitioner should prove their claims on or before 26th February 1914, by delivering or by sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909. The petitioners to apply for discharge within six years.

No. 92 of 1912 (No. 7 of 1912 on the file of the District Judge's Court, Coimbatore) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Coimbatore.

Shrinani Ramakrishna Petitioner.

Notice is hereby given that the abovesaid petitioner has filed this petition to declare him insolvent and that the petition is passed to 16th February 1914 for hearing.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

Baleswara, 16th January 1914.

No. 8 of 1912 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Kandam at Madurai.

(Is in the custody of a. go. Appara Chetti.)

Notice under section 18 of Act V of 1900 is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that the creditors, who have not proved before, are required to prove their claims by an affidavit with documents in support thereof on or before 21st February 1914, failing which, a dividend will be distributed without any regard to their claims.

No. 78-60 HUT at the Office of the General Registrar, Bureau of Marriages.
(It is the inventory of Shomogotsandamu Felli.)

Before making section 64 of Act No. 1 of 1920 is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared by the said matter and that the creditors, who have not passed before, are required to prove their debts by an affidavit with documents in support thereof on or before 15th February 1924, failing which, a dividend will be distributed without any regard to their claims.

No. 14 of 1923 in the CASES OF THE DISTRICT RECORDS, BOMBAY AT MUMBAI.

<i>Sundaravija Arjya</i>	11	24	28	34	11	12	<i>Pellaea</i>
<i>Adiantum-parvifolium</i> and <i>andrieuxii</i>	11	24	28	34	11	12	<i>Crinum</i>

Notice under section 22 of Act V of 1924. It hereby gives that Sankarajin Ayyar, one of the Krishnaram Ayyar, residing at East street, Changanagall, Madras, and that he is desirous to be allowed to apply for discharge with the Court of Sessions, Madras, and that he is desirous to apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjournment. The Ayyar is required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the District Revenue, Madras, an affidavit in Form No. 1 of the Provincial Congress Bill.

No. 88 of 1953 is the Order of the President, Republic of Hungary

Darabrud Choir	..	..	..	..	..	..	<i>Partially</i>
Dr. Ar. Dr. Ar. Armeschalem Choir and others	..	..	..	..	..	..	<i>Choirless</i>

Notice under section 33 (1) of Act V of 1923 is hereby given that Durbeswar Chatterji, son of Panchadras Chatterji, residing at Velpatnam, Ramnad District, has applied for being declared insolvent and the petition is posted to His Majesty's Court 1821. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date unless in person or by vald.

No. 61 of 1923 is the Order of the Central Executive Board at Moscow.

Vallabappa Natar and Nagappa Natar	"	"	"	<i>Polemicists</i>
Kingappa Beldiyar and others	"	"	"	<i>Craftsmen</i>

Notice under section 28 (1) of Act 9 of 1939 is hereby given that (1) Velupillai Nadar, son of Lakshminathan Nadar, residing at Kallamann village situated in Palkudam taluk and (2) Velupillai Nadar, son of his paternal uncle, residing at Kallamann village situated in Palkudam taluk, Sumatra applied for being declared insolvent and the petition is posted to 26 February 1934. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vald.

No. 66 of 1898 is the Cover of the Official Envelope, Printed at Madras

Emerson's <i>Walden</i>	22	22	22	22	22	<i>Petitioner</i>
Elizabethan Cheth and others	22	22	22	22	22	<i>Condition</i>

Native water works in (I) of Act V of 1938 is hereby given that Ramaswami Nayudu, son of Sathya Nayudu, residing at Peddaseyal, Tirupattur taluk, has applied for being declared an licensee and the petition is posted in 6th February 1939. Any members wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by valid.

No. 63-49 1412 IN THE COURT OF THE COMMON PLEAS, BARRETT AT MARIETTA

M. M. Muhammed Fala	10	10	11	11	11	President
Nesipova Chivchar and others	10	10	11	11	11	Co-presidents

Notice under section 18 (1) of Act V of 1930 is hereby given that M. M. Muhammadali, son of Muhammad Durrat Sahib, residing at Thana, has applied for being declared an heir and the petition is posted to be heard on 12 February 1931. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date unless in person to be valid.

No. 66 of 1931 of THE COURT OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE, KENYA AT MOMBASA.

a. Telapadha Nalor	74	10	74	10	10	Pollimer.
b. G. Gov. Rameswara Nader and others	74	10	74	10	10	Cochins.

Notice under section 18 (1) of Act V of 1939 is hereby given that a. Velupillai Prabhakaran, son of Theroth Prabhakaran Naidu, residing at Pundarikottam, Srinagar taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and the petition is posted in 4th February 1941. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date before the court or by their agent.

U. S. RAMANUJANI ATTORNS,
Orest Ruzicki

Madura, 14th January 1924.

No. 20 of 1918 (No. 24 of 1918 of the 1918 of the District Court, North Anson)
IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT COURT, NORTH ANSON AND DISTRICT.

Ayyappa Chetti, son of Tuskatana Chetti, merchant, residing at
Anabeswari village, Vazirnambadj " " " "

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (3) of Act V of 1939 that the abovesigned petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared as insolvent and that his petition stands posted on 17th day of February 1954. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by valuer on the said date.

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATION.

List of Government Treasury Notes and other Securities in the custody of the Accountant-General, Madras, on the 31st December 1914, as detailed under paragraph 35, Government Securities Manual.

[illegible]

Serial Number.	Name of person or body on whose behalf paid.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Name of officer to whom retained amount.
STOCK—cont.				
Particulars—cont.				
Public Instruction and Department—cont.				
GANDAR—				
41	Civil Dispensary, Buchanan	3,000	W ¹ of 1895 ..	Deputy and District Surgeon, Gandar.
42	Do. Chinsang	3,000	Do. ..	Do.
43	Environing (for building) for a school	11,500	Do. ..	Deputy and District Officer, Gandar.
44	T. Buchanan, Public Works on account of the school at Chinsang and Kivik Chinsang, Buchanan ..	150	Do. ..	President, District Board, Gandar.
45	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
46	Local Fund District Institution, Gandar ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1895-97 ..	Do.
47	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
48	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
49	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
50	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
51	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
52	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
53	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
54	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
55	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
56	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
57	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
58	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
59	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
60	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
61	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
62	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
63	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
64	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
65	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
66	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
67	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
68	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
69	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
70	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
71	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
72	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
73	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
74	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
75	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
76	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
77	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
78	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
79	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
80	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
81	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
82	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
83	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
84	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
85	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
86	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
87	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
88	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
89	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
90	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
91	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
92	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
93	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
94	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
95	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
96	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
97	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
98	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
99	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.
100	General District Board Building ..	1,500	W ¹ of 1901 ..	Do.

Serial Number	Name of person or body on whose behalf held.	Amount	Discharged.	Name of officer in whose favour issued.
	STOCK—cont.			
	First Liens.			
	Public Endowments and Investments—cont.			
	NATURAL—cont.			
180	Exchange Loan of 1880	1,400 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
200	Do. of 1880	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
300	Do. of 1880-1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
400	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
500	Waterworks Loan of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
600	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
700	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
800	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
900	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	
1000	Do. of 1881	1,000 10% of 1880-81 17,400 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 5,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	1,000 10% of 1880-81 7,700 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 4,200 10% of 1880-81 2,200 10% of 1880-81 10,000 10% of 1880-81	

Chief Secretary to Government and
the Government of Madras.

Serial number	Name of person or fund on whose behalf loan.	Amount.	Interest.	Name of officer to whom interest is paid.
	STOCK—cont. Fund 1—cont. Public Retirement and Development—cont.	20.		
	MADRID—cont.	30,000	3 1/2% of 1901.	
		2,500	4 1/2% of 1902-03.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1903-04.	
		30,000	4 1/2% of 1904-05.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1905.	
		35,000	4 1/2% of 1906.	
103	Special Building Loan of 1905.	10,000	4 1/2% of 1912.	
		10,000	4 1/2% of 1913.	
		10,000	4 1/2% of 1914.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1915-16.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1916.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1917-18.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1918-19.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1919-20.	
104	Do. of 1919-20.	5,000	4 1/2% of 1920.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1921.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1922.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1923.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1924-25.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1925-26.	
105	Do. of 1925-26.	5,000	4 1/2% of 1926.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1927.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1928.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1929.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1930.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1931.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1932.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1933.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1934.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1935.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1936.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1937.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1938.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1939.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1940.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1941.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1942.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1943.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1944.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1945.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1946.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1947.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1948.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1949.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1950.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1951.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1952.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1953.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1954.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1955.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1956.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1957.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1958.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1959.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1960.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1961.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1962.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1963.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1964.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1965.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1966.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1967.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1968.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1969.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1970.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1971.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1972.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1973.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1974.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1975.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1976.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1977.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1978.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1979.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1980.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1981.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1982.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1983.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1984.	
		5,000	4 1/2% of 1985.	

Chief Secretary to Government and
Minister of Finance, Madras.

Serial Number	Name of person to be paid to whom interest paid	Amount	Investment	Name of office to whom interest is paid
	EDUCATION.			
	Part I.—cont.			
	<i>Public Endowments and Institutions—cont.</i>			
112	MADRAS—cont. Electric Lighting Loan of 1902	1,150 4,000	4 1/2% of 1902 .. Municipal De- bentures ..	
113	Do. of 1904	4,120 4,000	4 1/2% of 1902 .. 4 1/2% of 1902 ..	
114	Do. of 1904	4,200 3,000 1,200 11,400	4 1/2% of 1902 .. 4 1/2% of 1902 .. 4 1/2% of 1902 .. Municipal De- bentures ..	
115	Waglar Bridge Loan of 1906	2,800 4,000 1,200 1,200 1,200	4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 ..	
116	Do. of 1906-07	2,800 4,000 1,200 1,200 1,200	4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 ..	
117	Do. of 1906-07	2,800 4,000 1,200 1,200 1,200	4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 .. 4 1/2% of 1906-07 ..	
118	Water and Drainage Loan of 1908	21,400 10,000 10,000 14,000 14,000	4 1/2% of 1908-12 .. 4 1/2% of 1908-12 .. 4 1/2% of 1908-12 .. 4 1/2% of 1908-12 .. 4 1/2% of 1908-12 ..	
119	MADRAS—cont. Canal Works Perpetual, Perpetual, .. Canal Works Perpetual .. Canal Works Perpetual ..	4,100 4,100 4,100 4,100 4,100	4 1/2% of 1908 .. Do. .. Do. .. Do. .. Do. ..	
120	Madras Electric Street Railway Co.	10,000	4 1/2% of 1908 ..	
121	Municipal Provident Institution, Madras	20,000	4 1/2% of 1908 ..	
122	Do. on account of Bank Loan, Madras	1,000	Do. ..	
123	Municipal Provident Institution, Perpetual ..	2,000	Do. ..	
124	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
125	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
126	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
127	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
128	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
129	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
130	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
131	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
132	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
133	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
134	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
135	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
136	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
137	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
138	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
139	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
140	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
141	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
142	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
143	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
144	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
145	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
146	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
147	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
148	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
149	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	
150	Do. of 1908-12 ..	2,000	Do. ..	

Serial number.	Name of person or body on whose behalf made.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of office to whom referred.
	STOCKS.—cont.			
	First 3—cont.			
	John Robertson and Associates.—cont.			
	MILWAUKEE, WIS.—			
200	Wisconsin Mineral Indemnity, Oshkosh, Wis.	30 4,75,000 14,000	100% of 1885. Remainder Government Securities.	Collector of The Virginia and the Donator of Public Instruction, Madison.
201	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	1,100	100% of 1885.	
202	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	1,720	Do. do.	
203	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	20,000	Do. do.	
204	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
205	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
206	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
207	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
208	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
209	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
210	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
211	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
212	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
213	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
214	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
215	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
216	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
217	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
218	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
219	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
220	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
221	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
222	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
223	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
224	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
225	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
226	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
227	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
228	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
229	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
230	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
231	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
232	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
233	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
234	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
235	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
236	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
237	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
238	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
239	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
240	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
241	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
242	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
243	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
244	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
245	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
246	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
247	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
248	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
249	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
250	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
251	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
252	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
253	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
254	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
255	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
256	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
257	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
258	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
259	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
260	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
261	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
262	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
263	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
264	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
265	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
266	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
267	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
268	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
269	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
270	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
271	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
272	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
273	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
274	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
275	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
276	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do. do.	
277	Local Fund Provident Institution, The	10,000	Do	

Serial Number.	Name of person or Firm on whom Special bill.	Amount.	Disbursement.	Name of officer to whom referred.
<p>INDONESIA.</p> <p>Part II—cont.</p> <p>Other Departments cont.</p> <p>MADEIRA—cont.</p>				
517	K. F. F. Smith Wholesale and Retail	500	4 1/2% of 1125 ..	Collector of Customs, Malacca.
518	Werner, Gordon, & Co., Agents for Cebu and West Luzon.	1,000	10 1/2% of 1860 ..	Do.
519	Stevens, Gordon, & Co., Agents for Pernambuco, Bahia, Bahia.	500	Do. ..	Do.
520	T. A. Taylor & Co.	500	4 1/2% of 1417 45, 4 1/2% of 1215 10, 4 1/2% of 1465 ..	Do.
521	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
522	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
523	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
524	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
525	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
526	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
527	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
528	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
529	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
530	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
531	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
532	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
533	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
534	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
535	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
536	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
537	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
538	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
539	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
540	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
541	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
542	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
543	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
544	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
545	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
546	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
547	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
548	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
549	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.
550	Werner, Rod & Co., Agents, S. T. S. Co., London.	500	Do. ..	Do.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Serial number.	Name of person or firm on whose behalf sold.	Amount.	Interest.	Name of officer to whom interest is paid.
STOCK—cont.				
East II—cont.				
Other Investments—cont.				
YARDOUR—cont.				
702	G.P. No. 10 of 1918	100	24 1/2 of 1918 ..	District Judge, Tanjong.
703	G.P. No. 81 of 1918 (Municipal Bonds) ..	400	Do. ..	Do.
704	Regulation S.S. No. 111 of 1911	100	Do. ..	Do.
705	G.P. No. 100 of 1912	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
706	Regulation No. 100 of 1912 (G.P. No. 100 of 1912)	100	Do. ..	Do.
707	G.P. No. 141 of 1918	1,100	Do. ..	Do.
708	G.P. No. 15 of 1918 (Municipal Bonds) ..	2,750	Do. ..	Do.
709	G.P. No. 411 of 1918	800	Do. ..	Do.
710	G.P. No. 16 of 1918 (Municipal Bonds) ..	1,800	Do. ..	Do.
711	Company of the	100	Do. ..	Do.
712	Do.	8,500	Do. ..	Sub-Judge, Singapore.
713	Amalgamated	2,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	President, District Board, Tanjong.
714	T. A. Robinson & Co., Manager	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Superintendent of Police, Tanjong.
715	T. A. Robinson & Co., Amalgamated	200	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
THE UNIVERSITY—				
716	University of	15,000	4 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Collector, University.
717	A.	1,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
718	T.	400	Do. ..	Do.
719	G.	2,000	Do. ..	Do.
720	400	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Sub-Judge, University.
721	T.	100	Do. ..	Do.
722	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Superintendent, District, Jyl.
723	G.	10,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
724	2,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
725	1,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
726	1,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
727	1,000	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
TRADING—				
728	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Collector of University.
729	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
730	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
731	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
732	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
733	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
734	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
735	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
736	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
737	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
738	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
739	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
740	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
741	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
742	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
743	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
744	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
745	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
746	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
747	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
748	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
749	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
750	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
751	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
752	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
753	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
754	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
755	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
756	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
757	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
758	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
759	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
760	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
761	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
762	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
763	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
764	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
765	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
766	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
767	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
768	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
769	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
770	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
771	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
772	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
773	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
774	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
775	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
776	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
777	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
778	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
779	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
780	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
781	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
782	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
783	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
784	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
785	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
786	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
787	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
788	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
789	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
790	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
791	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
792	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
793	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
794	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
795	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
796	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
797	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
798	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
799	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
800	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
801	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
802	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
803	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
804	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
805	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
806	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
807	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
808	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
809	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
810	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
811	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
812	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
813	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
814	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
815	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
816	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
817	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
818	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
819	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
820	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
821	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
822	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
823	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
824	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
825	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
826	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
827	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
828	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
829	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
830	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
831	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
832	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
833	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
834	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
835	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
836	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
837	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
838	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
839	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
840	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
841	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
842	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
843	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
844	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
845	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
846	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
847	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
848	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
849	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
850	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
851	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
852	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
853	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
854	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
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857	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
858	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
859	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
860	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
861	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
862	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
863	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
864	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
865	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
866	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
867	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
868	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
869	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
870	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
871	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
872	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
873	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
874	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
875	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
876	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
877	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
878	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
879	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
880	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
881	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
882	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
883	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
884	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
885	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
886	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
887	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
888	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
889	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
890	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
891	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
892	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
893	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
894	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
895	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
896	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
897	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
898	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
899	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.
900	100	2 1/2 % of 1918 ..	Do.

Serial number	Name of person or firm on whose behalf held.	Amount.	Investment.	Name of officer in whom interest is made.
	STOCK owned.			
	Year 11—cont.			
	Other Investments—cont.			
	FLINDERS PATENT—cont.			
442	A. Pei Suet, Treasurer	3,000	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Collector of Hongkong.
443	F. Fokke Shai, Clerk	200	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Collector, Hon. A. V. Kinnear, Sec. General, Hongkong & Shanghai.
444	G. Anderson, Firm	300	Do.	Do.
445	H. Hulse Esq., General Manager	300	Do.	Do.
446	F. Lachmann Ben, Librarian	300	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Do.
447	R. Gorenstsky, Dist. Secretary	300	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Do.
448	M. Gorenstsky, Deputy Clerk	200	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Superintendent, Central Jail, Hongkong.
449	K. S. Kamowick School, Superintendent	300	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Superintendent of Police, Agent Colonial, Hongkong.
450	P. Kinnear, Dist. Manager	300	8 1/2% of 1900-07	Superintendent of Police, Deputy Sec. Gen., Hongkong.
	Total	4,200,000		

DISCLAIMER: ADVISORY

[illegible]

Number of Signet.	From which extracts were compiled.	Name of treatise used as source.	Amount.	Total.
790 A & 793 A	..	Englehard, High Court	..	25.
870 A & 874 A	..	Do.	..	5,150
870 A & 874 A	..	Sumner of 1560 (Ed. 1560) (D. M. P. No. 174, of 1560).	..	4,700
880 A & 881 A	..	Do.	..	210
880 A & 881 A	..	O. R. No. 27 of 1560.	..	4,000
1161 A & 1162 A	..	O. R. No. 54 of 1560.	..	4,000
	..	Alfred Sum. 156 to 159 of 1560 (O. M. P. Nos. 419 to 421 of 1560).	..	1,000
407 A	..	Chief Justice, Court of Bench Cases.	..	100
870 A & 874 A	..	Chief Justice, Court of Bench Cases.	..	400
1001 A	..	Chief Justice, Bench Cases.	..	1,200
	..	T. F. Tolpeltun, Bench Cases.	..	1,000
	..	E. H. F. & W. F. Tolpeltun, Bench Cases.	..	1,200
	..	Total	..	37,300

Amount of security deposits for twelve months or less held by the Accountant General, Madras, on the December 1932 date paragraph 84 (a) Government Securities Board.

Number of deposits.	By whom deposited.	Amount.
1001, 1712, 1807, 1947, 1918, 2226, 2289, 2444, 1931 to 1939, 2273 to 2474, 2112 to 2129, 2019, 2013, 2117 to 2140, 2161 to 2174, 1939, 2019 to 2025, 2031 to 2082, 2119 to 2271, 2121 to 2199, 2191 to 2209, 2219 to 2271, 2271 to 2279, 2289 to 2302, 2302 to 2319, 2319 to 2329, 2329 to 2339, 2339 to 2349, 2349 to 2359, 2359 to 2369, 2369 to 2379, 2379 to 2389, 2389 to 2399, 2399 to 2409, 2409 to 2419, 2419 to 2429, 2429 to 2439, 2439 to 2449, 2449 to 2459, 2459 to 2469, 2469 to 2479, 2479 to 2489, 2489 to 2499, 2499 to 2509, 2509 to 2519, 2519 to 2529, 2529 to 2539, 2539 to 2549, 2549 to 2559, 2559 to 2569, 2569 to 2579, 2579 to 2589, 2589 to 2599, 2599 to 2609, 2609 to 2619, 2619 to 2629, 2629 to 2639, 2639 to 2649, 2649 to 2659, 2659 to 2669, 2669 to 2679, 2679 to 2689, 2689 to 2699, 2699 to 2709, 2709 to 2719, 2719 to 2729, 2729 to 2739, 2739 to 2749, 2749 to 2759, 2759 to 2769, 2769 to 2779, 2779 to 2789, 2789 to 2799, 2799 to 2809, 2809 to 2819, 2819 to 2829, 2829 to 2839, 2839 to 2849, 2849 to 2859, 2859 to 2869, 2869 to 2879, 2879 to 2889, 2889 to 2899, 2899 to 2909, 2909 to 2919, 2919 to 2929, 2929 to 2939, 2939 to 2949, 2949 to 2959, 2959 to 2969, 2969 to 2979, 2979 to 2989, 2989 to 2999, 2999 to 3009, 3009 to 3019, 3019 to 3029, 3029 to 3039, 3039 to 3049, 3049 to 3059, 3059 to 3069, 3069 to 3079, 3079 to 3089, 3089 to 3099, 3099 to 3109, 3109 to 3119, 3119 to 3129, 3129 to 3139, 3139 to 3149, 3149 to 3159, 3159 to 3169, 3169 to 3179, 3179 to 3189, 3189 to 3199, 3199 to 3209, 3209 to 3219, 3219 to 3229, 3229 to 3239, 3239 to 3249, 3249 to 3259, 3259 to 3269, 3269 to 3279, 3279 to 3289, 3289 to 3299, 3299 to 3309, 3309 to 3319, 3319 to 3329, 3329 to 3339, 3339 to 3349, 3349 to 3359, 3359 to 3369, 3369 to 3379, 3379 to 3389, 3389 to 3399, 3399 to 3409, 3409 to 3419, 3419 to 3429, 3429 to 3439, 3439 to 3449, 3449 to 3459, 3459 to 3469, 3469 to 3479, 3479 to 3489, 3489 to 3499, 3499 to 3509, 3509 to 3519, 3519 to 3529, 3529 to 3539, 3539 to 3549, 3549 to 3559, 3559 to 3569, 3569 to 3579, 3579 to 3589, 3589 to 3599, 3599 to 3609, 3609 to 3619, 3619 to 3629, 3629 to 3639, 3639 to 3649, 3649 to 3659, 3659 to 3669, 3669 to 3679, 3679 to 3689, 3689 to 3699, 3699 to 3709, 3709 to 3719, 3719 to 3729, 3729 to 3739, 3739 to 3749, 3749 to 3759, 3759 to 3769, 3769 to 3779, 3779 to 3789, 3789 to 3799, 3799 to 3809, 3809 to 3819, 3819 to 3829, 3829 to 3839, 3839 to 3849, 3849 to 3859, 3859 to 3869, 3869 to 3879, 3879 to 3889, 3889 to 3899, 3899 to 3909, 3909 to 3919, 3919 to 3929, 3929 to 3939, 3939 to 3949, 3949 to 3959, 3959 to 3969, 3969 to 3979, 3979 to 3989, 3989 to 3999, 3999 to 4009, 4009 to 4019, 4019 to 4029, 4029 to 4039, 4039 to 4049, 4049 to 4059, 4059 to 4069, 4069 to 4079, 4079 to 4089, 4089 to 4099, 4099 to 4109, 4109 to 4119, 4119 to 4129, 4129 to 4139, 4139 to 4149, 4149 to 4159, 4159 to 4169, 4169 to 4179, 4179 to 4189, 4189 to 4199, 4199 to 4209, 4209 to 4219, 4219 to 4229, 4229 to 4239, 4239 to 4249, 4249 to 4259, 4259 to 4269, 4269 to 4279, 4279 to 4289, 4289 to 4299, 4299 to 4309, 4309 to 4319, 4319 to 4329, 4329 to 4339, 4339 to 4349, 4349 to 4359, 4359 to 4369, 4369 to 4379, 4379 to 4389, 4389 to 4399, 4399 to 4409, 4409 to 4419, 4419 to 4429, 4429 to 4439, 4439 to 4449, 4449 to 4459, 4459 to 4469, 4469 to 4479, 4479 to 4489, 4489 to 4499, 4499 to 4509, 4509 to 4519, 4519 to 4529, 4529 to 4539, 4539 to 4549, 4549 to 4559, 4559 to 4569, 4569 to 4579, 4579 to 4589, 4589 to 4599, 4599 to 4609, 4609 to 4619, 4619 to 4629, 4629 to 4639, 4639 to 4649, 4649 to 4659, 4659 to 4669, 4669 to 4679, 4679 to 4689, 4689 to 4699, 4699 to 4709, 4709 to 4719, 4719 to 4729, 4729 to 4739, 4739 to 4749, 4749 to 4759, 4759 to 4769, 4769 to 4779, 4779 to 4789, 4789 to 4799, 4799 to 4809, 4809 to 4819, 4819 to 4829, 4829 to 4839, 4839 to 4849, 4849 to 4859, 4859 to 4869, 4869 to 4879, 4879 to 4889, 4889 to 4899, 4899 to 4909, 4909 to 4919, 4919 to 4929, 4929 to 4939, 4939 to 4949, 4949 to 4959, 4959 to 4969, 4969 to 4979, 4979 to 4989, 4989 to 4999, 4999 to 5009, 5009 to 5019, 5019 to 5029, 5029 to 5039, 5039 to 5049, 5049 to 5059, 5059 to 5069, 5069 to 5079, 5079 to 5089, 5089 to 5099, 5099 to 5109, 5109 to 5119, 5119 to 5129, 5129 to 5139, 5139 to 5149, 5149 to 5159, 5159 to 5169, 5169 to 5179, 5179 to 5189, 5189 to 5199, 5199 to 5209, 5209 to 5219, 5219 to 5229, 5229 to 5239, 5239 to 5249, 5249 to 5259, 5259 to 5269, 5269 to 5279, 5279 to 5289, 5289 to 5299, 5299 to 5309, 5309 to 5319, 5319 to 5329, 5329 to 5339, 5339 to 5349, 5349 to 5359, 5359 to 5369, 5369 to 5379, 5379 to 5389, 5389 to 5399, 5399 to 5409, 5409 to 5419, 5419 to 5429, 5429 to 5439, 5439 to 5449, 5449 to 5459, 5459 to 5469, 5469 to 5479, 5479 to 5489, 5489 to 549		

Part III, Chapter, 14th, January 1914

A. A. E. PARDOSSON,
Department of General

REVENUE COMPLICATIONS.

NOTIFICATION

14. 1.—In virtue of the power delegated to him in Government Notification No. 495, dated 18th July 1939, the Commissioner of Salt, Akbari and Sagarwari Revenue, hereby prescribes under sections 10 and 11 of the Bombay Akbari Act, 1289, with effect from 1st April 1934, four dunsas as the maximum quantity of mochara sylvia which may be transported without a permit or possessed without a

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS.

CHANGE OF HEADQUARTERS.

In this office notification No. 129-M, dated 24th May 1903, the headquarters of the Harbor sub-division of the Marine Division was temporarily fixed at Ennaboe. The present Superintending Engineer is desirous of stating that the headquarters of the Harbor sub-division office should be at Marsden for the efficient supervision of Government works there with one in his charge. In confirmation, therefore, of this office No. 129-M, dated 24th May 1903, the headquarters of the Harbor sub-division should be transferred to Marsden not later than 15th February 1904.

Peramb, 15th January 1904.

R. F. STONEY,
Offg. Superintending Engineer, Ennaboe Creek.

UNCLAIMED SUM.

Notice is hereby given that a sum of Rs. 321 (one hundred and eighty-one only) being the balance of murrery deposit for losses of Kampomaha bull on Country's mail from 3rd April 1901 to 26th September 1901, due to late losses of Kampomaha Kulu is outstanding in the books of this office since March 1901. On receipt of the said sum, if any, should prefer their claim to the undersigned on or before 31st March 1904. The amount will be credited to Government if not claimed within the time mentioned above.

Calcutta, 15th January 1904.

W. J. DAVIS,
Resident Engineer, West Coast Division.

UNCLAIMED SERVICE TOOK.

Notice is hereby given that the service books of the undermentioned subordinates are lying unclaimed in this office and if they are not claimed within three months from the date of this notification, they will be destroyed:-

Names with rank and remarks.

M. R. By. H. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Temporary Upper Subordinate—Services expensed with.
Srinivasulu Ayyar, post—Died.
M. R. By. V. K. Raghunathan Ayyar, Temporary Upper Subordinate—Services Expensed.
Chandrasekhar, post—Died.
M. R. By. V. Rama Sastri, Temporary Upper Subordinate—Services Expensed.
M. Subramanyam Ayyar, died—Died.
Mr. H. J. Lumsden, Assistant Run Superintendent—Resigned.
M. R. By. K. S. Srinivasulu Ayyar, post—Died.
S. Subramanyam, post—Discharged with.
S. Subramanyam, post—Discharged with.

Madras, 15th January 1904.

A. YIPAN,
Resident Engineer, Madras District.

MARINE NOTIFICATION.

REPORT OF VESSELS

ARRIVED AT, AND DEPARTED FROM, THE PORT OF MADRAS FROM THE 1st TO THE 15th JANUARY 1904.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tonnage.	From.	Master.	Where from.	Notes.
1904.						
Jan. 1	S.S. "Cassiopeia"	2,412	2	A. W. Simpson	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 2	S.S. "Vesta"	2,412	2	S. S. Cox	Calcutta	No. 2.
" 3	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	G. O. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 4	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	A. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 5	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	W. W. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 6	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	M. J. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 7	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	J. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 8	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	W. P. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 9	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	S. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 10	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	W. B. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 11	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	J. C. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 12	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	W. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 13	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	S. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 14	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	W. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.
" 15	S.S. "Hesperus"	2,412	2	S. de Vries	Calcutta	First voyage No. 1.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tonnage register.	Tons cargo.	Master.	Bound to.	Route completed.
1911.						
Jan. 4	S.S. "Lancaster"	5,115	3	H. G. Dark	Colombo	West quay No. 2.
5	S.S. "Sphinx"	5,417	1	J. L. Hill	Amoy Bay	Shs. 2 and 3.
6	S.S. "Glenough"	5,771	2	S. Perry	Penang	West quay No. 5.
7	S.S. "Chaka"	5,793	1	G. B. Langdon	Colombo	West quay No. 1.
10	S.S. "Parrake"	4,998	2	R. Perryin	London	No. 4.
11	S.S. "Shakel"	5,142	1	R. W. O'Brien	Colombo	South quay.
12	S.S. "Shakel"	5,142	1	G. J. Lennan	Colombo	South quay.
13	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	F. Buchanan	Colombo	No. 2.
14	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. G. O'Connell	London	No. 4.
15	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	London	No. 1.
16	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	Wm. W. Wilson	London	West quay No. 5.
17	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	G. F. Davis	Colombo	No. 5.
18	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
19	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
20	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
21	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
22	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
23	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
24	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
25	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
26	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
27	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
28	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
29	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.
30	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	J. Doyle	Colombo	No. 1.

A = American. B = British.

D = Dutch.

G = German.

F = French.

I = Italian.

Harbour Office, Malacca,
18th January 1912.ARRIVED AT, AND DEPARTED FROM, THE PORT OF MALACCA FROM
THE 1st TO THE 31st JANUARY 1912.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tonnage register.	Tons cargo.	Master.	Where from.	Port completed.
1911.						
Jan. 1	S.S. "City of Panama"	4,477	3	E. MacDonald	New York	No. 5.
2	S.S. "Colaba"	3,364	1	R. B. Lane	London	No. 4.
3	S.S. "Parrake"	4,998	2	C. F. Cooper	London	West quay No. 4.
4	S.S. "Sphinx"	5,417	1	A. W. A. Riddell	London	West quay No. 5.
5	S.S. "Glenough"	5,771	2	G. B. Langdon	London	West quay No. 5.
6	S.S. "Parrake"	4,998	2	R. W. A. Riddell	London	West quay No. 4.
7	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
8	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
9	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
10	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
11	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
12	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
13	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
14	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
15	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
16	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
17	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
18	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
19	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
20	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tonnage register.	Tons cargo.	Master.	Bound to.	Route completed.
1911.						
Jan. 1	S.S. "City of Panama"	4,477	3	E. MacDonald	Colombo	No. 5.
2	S.S. "Colaba"	3,364	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
3	S.S. "Parrake"	4,998	2	C. F. Cooper	London	West quay No. 4.
4	S.S. "Sphinx"	5,417	1	A. W. A. Riddell	London	West quay No. 5.
5	S.S. "Glenough"	5,771	2	G. B. Langdon	London	West quay No. 5.
6	S.S. "Parrake"	4,998	2	R. W. A. Riddell	London	West quay No. 4.
7	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
8	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
9	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
10	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
11	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
12	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
13	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
14	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
15	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
16	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
17	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
18	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
19	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.
20	S.S. "Hibernia"	5,061	1	R. B. Lane	London	West quay No. 4.

B = British.

D = Dutch.

I = Italian.

Harbour Office, Malacca,
21st January 1912.G. R. CAMPBELL, Commandant, S. I. M.,
Deputy Commissioner of the Port.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS FOR BINDING REGISTRATION RECORDS—TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders for the binding of registration records of the Trincomalee District will be received up to 10th March 1912 by the undersigned at Trincomalee.

Tenders should be sent in sealed covers marked "Tenders for the binding of Registration Records" so as to reach the office of the District Registrar of Trincomalee on or before the above date and no notice will be taken of tenders received after that date.

3. The rates at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be quoted against each kind of record. The charges, if any, to be admitted for taking the binding press and materials to the Registrar's office and for attending sub-offices in the district where necessary should also be specified.

4. The successful tenderer will, subject to the approval of the order by the Superintendent of the Government Press, Madras, be required to execute the necessary agreement within a date to be fixed by the undersigned, and if he fails to do so within that date, his tender will be rejected.

5. The work to be completed on April 1934 and be completed before the 15th March 1935 and should be as much as is subject. Each piece of work should be completed within the time fixed by the District Registrar's office.

6. The successful tenderer should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

7. The undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any tender without assigning reasons for doing so.

8. Tenderers may at any time before submitting the tender apply to the District Registrar for any information with regard to the nature of binding, etc.

9. Those not successful in tend registration records need not apply.

Nature of work.	Rate of binding.
(1) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With full leather or leather.
(2) Re-binding of the same ..	Do
(3) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With half leather and corners of leather or leather.
(4) Re-binding of the same ..	Do
(5) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather or leather.
(6) Re-binding of register books ..	With half leather and corners.
(7) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather or leather.
(8) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather or leather.
(9) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather or leather.
(10) Re-binding of register books I, II, III and IV ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather or leather.

NOTE.—1. Some books and not every page books should be used for record, not books of 12 B. of record and the register book I, II, III and IV for the books I and II of binding, 12 B. of 12 B. for books I, II, III and IV and 12 B. of 12 B. for books I and II.

2. Each book with full leather is any record from register book volume will be supplied to the successful tenderer for use as record for original books. The rate for binding is to be determined by the nature of the work of each book and leather.

T. P. VENKATARAMAN PILLAI,
District Registrar.

Withampalay, 10th January 1934.

TENDERS FOR BINDING REGISTRATION RECORDS—KOTNA DISTRICT.

Tenders are invited for binding the undermentioned records of the registration office of the Kotna district, —

Nature of work.	Rate of binding.
(1) Original registers I, II, III and IV ..	With full leather or leather.
(2) Full book I ..	With half leather and corners of leather.
(3) Book I ..	Full leather.
(4) Re-binding of registers I, II, III and IV ..	Half leather.
(5) Re-binding of miscellaneous records such as current registers, deposited books, etc. ..	Half leather.
(6) Re-binding and repairs to books I, II, III, IV and V ..	Full leather.
(7) Re-binding of register book I and all registers full ..	Full leather.
(8) Re-binding of register books I and II ..	Full leather.
(9) Re-binding of register books I, II and IV and all registers full ..	With leather's cloth with leather and corners of leather.

NOTE.—Some books and not every page books should be used for record.

3. Every tender should be accompanied by a bill of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

6. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

7. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

9. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the agreement, to be furnished in the event of breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

Madras, 10th January 1934.

T. P. VENKATARAMAN PILLAI,
District Registrar.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF PAPER.

Manuscripts are invited for the supply of up to all the unmentioned classes of papers required during the fiscal year 1924-25 for the Government of Madras. Tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Printing, Madras, up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 20th February 1924.

[illegible]

General Comments

1. Standard samples in the required papers can be had on application to the Stationery Department, Madras.
2. Tenders must be accompanied "Samples for papers." They must specify the rates per lb. at which the tenders undertake to supply the papers at the Stationery Depot, Madras, Madras, or P.O.R. or C.I.P. Madras, inclusive of packing. They must be accompanied by a deposit of one rupee on the note of the tender. The deposit must be realized from the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, and the Bank's receipt attached to the tender. No money will be accepted.
3. Samples to accompany orders should show quality, colour and finish to be supplied and one spin of each quality should be sent along with the tenders.
4. Each sheet of the tenders sample should bear the seal of the tenderer and necessary specification as to the description, size and weight and also the note per lb.
5. The papers must be delivered flat, 300 sheets in the case of leafs of uniform size, well packed in muslin, and bound in strong bags. All reams should be well packed and tied with strings. Each end of a ream being closed should be secured by means of a wire tied at each end. Each end must be printed label pasted on the outside of the ream, showing the description of the paper and the number of sheets it contained. All bales should bear a conspicuous impression showing the description, size and weight of the paper and the number of reams each bale contains.
6. Papers to be of uniform shade, size, weight, strength and finish and free from spots and other blemishes.
7. Successful tenderers will be required to deposit a security deposit for the fullness of their contract of the full part on the value of their tenders, together with five monetary stamp duty and to sign a mutual bond—the form of which can be seen at the Stationery Office—within 15 days of the acceptance of their tender. If they fail to do so their deposit of one per cent will be forfeited and their tenders will be considered as voidable.
8. The Superintendent of Stationery reserves to himself the right to reject any tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.
9. Any further information required can be had on application to the Assistant Superintendant, Stationery Office, Madras, on any day except on the basis of a.s. and a.m.

Secretary Office, Madras,
14 January 1824.

TENDERS FOR CONVEYANCE OF STAMP CASES AND STATIONERY ARTICLES, &c.

Tenders for conveyance of the stamps and stationery to and from the undersigned place during the period year 1874-75 will be received by the Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery, Madras, at his office up to 12 noon on Friday the 15th February 1874—

A.—Rate for the conveyance of stationery articles.

Stationery Office (Old High Court Buildings) or (New Stationery Stores)—	and vice versa.	Per 100 lb.
to the Salt Columns
to the Central Office
to the Postmaster General
to the Governor of the Agent for Government Consign- ments
to the Government Press, Mint Buildings
to the Government Branch Press, Mount Road
to the Public Works Office
to the South Coast Station
to the South Railway Station
to the Bangalore Railway Station at Bangalore
to other places not mentioned above within the limits of Madras, per mile or fraction of a mile
to stations outside Madras, such as Ponnacottah

For parcels above 100 lb.

Stationery Office (Old High Court Buildings) or (New Stationery Stores)—	and vice versa.	Per package.
to the Salt Columns
to the Government Press, Mint Buildings
to the Government Branch Press, Mount Road
to the Postmaster General
to the Bangalore Railway Station
to the South Coast Station
to the South Railway Station
to other places not mentioned above within the limits of Madras

Pricing charges.

Charges for removing and piling in the New Stationery Stores or (Old High Court Buildings). Per case.
Charges for the removal of empty despatch cases from offices in the city to the New Stationery Stores irrespective of the size or weight of the case or the distance. Per case.

B.—Rate for the conveyance of stamps.

Stamp Office—	and vice versa.	Per case.
to the Bangalore Railway Station
to the South Coast Road
to the South Station
to the Salt Columns
to the Mysore Station
to Bangalore
to the Tamil Office, Madras
to the Government Press, Mint Buildings
to the do. Postmaster General
to the do. Mount Road Branch
to the Bangalore Railway Station
to the South Coast Road
to the Salt Columns
to the Mysore Station
to Bangalore
to the Tamil Office, Madras
Transferring stamp cases from Superintendent's Stores for issue and arranging
Arranging and piling stamp cases (from England) and removing to Superintendent's Stores
Removing stamp cases from the packing room into the storehouse
Costs for securing and arranging stamp cases for forwarding
Weighting and boxing 15 stamp cases at railway stations

Comments.

1. Tenders must be sent in sealed envelopes addressed "Tender for conveyance of stamps and stationery articles, &c."

2. A deposit of Rs 100 must be paid into the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, and the receipt of the Bank annexed to the tender. This amount will be returned to the tenderer on his surrendering the required bond, or on his tender being rejected. Deposits in any other shape will not be accepted.

15. The contract must not be subject. The contractor's security will be returned to him immediately on completion of his contract.

13. The Signatory/Student reserves the right to decline or accept the honor for any one or more of the prizes tendered for by the successful conferee without assigning any reason for so doing.

12. The Superintendent also reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

18. The successful competitor will be required to pay the value of the paper stamp duty on the contract.

18. Government proprietary notes lodged as sureties or security deposit have a period of twelve months or less shall not be entered into the System, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate or assign the notes as per A.D. No. 2128, dated 1st March 1960, authority to that effect being. Only entered in the contract or other document entered by the depositor.

BY. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraph No. 12, the addressee should attach a certificate to his schedule or schedules to the following effect:—

¹ I, the undersigned, agree to have the content of my Government preliminary report, such sample, appended to Government in case of my failure to undertake the contract. I further undertakes to supply a quantity of my article equal to 20 per cent in cases of that specified in my letter and at the same rate should I be required to do so by the Government.

10. The article shall be supplied to the Mental Hospital except on authority signed by the Superintendent or his agent acceptable to the Board, authorized by him in writing to do so.

10. Samples are not to be resubmitted for consideration. When called for, they must be sent in within two days. If approved, the samples will be paid for at the tender rate. Tenderers are directly responsible for the tender. If the tender is accepted, the balance of the article or article purchased must be in every way equal to the approved sample. The opinion of the Superintendent to be final on this point.

Summary:

[illegible]^a See text for details.

4 The Red Sea (east part) of crossing in April 1821 and the second in July 1824.

Article.	Probable quantity required	Current deposit	Remarks.
For 1 month & (Quantity shown in this group required under month's supply).		Rs.	
Wheat, wheat, Indian	11	11	1,000
A minimum stock, fresh and port	11	11	100
Poling	11	11	100
Apples	11	11	110
Cassava, of good quality	11	11	10,000
Corn flour	11	11	110
Wheat's sugar	11	11	100
Cassava, good	11	11	100
Maize	11	11	100
Beef, white	11	11	100
Tapioca	11	11	100
Peanut oil	11	11	100
Peanut	11	11	100
Peanut	11	11	100
Cassava, fresh	11	11	100
Quinine	11	11	100
Iron	11	11	100
Oilseed	11	11	100
Tobacco, country	11	11	100

If the whole of Cass group is included in one branch, the 100 will be reduced to 100.

Dist. Hospital, Madras,
19th January 1935.

W. R. J. SCHRODER, D.C.M., I.M.S.,
Superintendent.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF ARTICLES OF DIET AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES.

Tenders for supply of articles of diet and hospital supplies separately to each of the following hospitals:—

Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem.
Queen Alexandra Hospital, Salem.
Police Hospital, Salem.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders in duplicate will be received up to 10 a.m. on Tuesday the 19th February 1935 by the Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, for the supply of non-perishable and perishable articles as detailed in the schedule annexed for the Government Headquarters Hospital, Queen Alexandra Hospital and Police Hospital, Salem.

1. A separate tender must be sent for each group of articles.

2. Tenders will be opened by the Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, at the appointed time in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

3. Tenders to be accompanied by 'Tender for the supply of diet and hospital necessities for

(1) The Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem.

(2) Queen Alexandra Hospital, Salem, or

(3) Police Hospital, Salem.' Each tender must contain not only the rates but the total value

of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the items of which must be totalled up.

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit in Government treasury notes or bank receipts equal to 5 per cent on the total value of the tender or half of the deposit amount entered against the groups, and in default of such deposit the tender will be rejected. No tender will be received after the time fixed for the opening of the tenders. No cash will be received. The deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenders immediately.

5. The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of opening of tenders, that his tender has been accepted, lodge security, namely, 10 per cent on the total value of the articles as the full deposit against each group, failing which his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

6. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

7. A fine not exceeding 50 per cent of the deposit money will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the tender and for any breach of the contract will be forfeited and the security forfeited to Government. The contract must not be altered. The contractor's security will be returned to him on completion of his contract.

8. Samples of the different articles must be furnished by each tenderer with his tender. The samples of the accepted tenders will be sealed and lodged in the office of the Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem.

9. The Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Salem, reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders or to decline to accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered in by the successful tenderer without assigning any reason for doing so.

10. Tenders exceeding rates specified below the market value of articles will be summarily rejected.

11. Every signature in the tender must be countersigned by the tenderer, failing which the tender will be rejected.

12. The quantity required above against all articles in groups of the annexed schedule is only a probable one and will be more or less according to actual requirements. The Superintendent does not bind himself to receive the full number or quantity stated in the schedule.

13. Government preliminary notes lodged as earnest security money as security deposit for a period of twelve months or less shall not be returned until the Superintendent, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate or return the notes as per G.O. No. 3583, dated 2nd March 1933, authority to that effect being duly entered in the contract or other agreement entered by the depositor.

5. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender or to refuse to undertake the contract if his tender is accepted, and in the event of him so doing his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

4. The successful tenderer must, within thirty days from the date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, deposit, as security for the due performance of his contract, an amount equivalent to 10 per cent of the total value of the articles to be supplied, which will come to Rs. 200, and execute a bond at his cost.

7. A fine not exceeding 10 per cent of deposit money will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the bond, and, if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the amount refunded to Government.

8. The contract must not be sold. The security will be returned to him immediately on completion of his contract.

3. The District Medical Officer reserves to himself the right to decline tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

10. Government promissory notes lodged as current money or security deposit for a period of twelve months to be held not to be withdrawn until the President Medical Officer, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate or expend the moneys per G.O. No. 2336, dated 25th March 1901, authorizing the holder of such notes being duly entered in the constant or current money book of the depositor. The holder should attach a certificate to his schedule in the effect: "I, the holder, agree to keep the current money if in Government promissory notes or bank receipts collected to Government in case of my failure to undertake the account."

11. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

12. The contract is subject to the approval of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

13. No articles shall be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Medical Officer or by some responsible person authorized by him in writing to do so.

Keywords: *depression, mood, anxiety, self-esteem, self-efficacy, self-esteem, self-efficacy*

[illegible]

* 100% Satisfaction Guarantee

[illegible]

Winnipeg, 15th December 1943.

N. BALAKRISHNA RAO,
District Medical Officer.

TENDERS FOR UNLOADING AND STOWING SALT

Stamp tenders will be received by the Assistant Commissioner, Chingpalet exhibitor unit, at the office of the Inspector, Indian Depot Circle, up to 3 pm on Wednesday the 26 February 1924 for the work of a tending and sitting at the Indian Depot, said to be most honored during the years of 1924 in the Indian business (general estimate 10 lakhs for the year). The operations should commence about 15th March 1924.

5. The master will be required to unload each day all the salt from all the boats arriving at the Madras Depot in the course of the day and to store it. The salt must be poured from the boats in strong and suitable buckets to be supplied by the master and must be stored undisturbed by the boatsmen within—

- (3) by being placed on the steel tank and subsequently carried to the storage space and dealt with as in (3) or

3. The licensee should specify at what rates per gram of 100 microns he is willing to accept the risk of seizures and related penalties in each of the methods described in column 2 above.

4. Coins containing tenders should be separated as "tenders for the work of collecting and storing salt at Modern Taxes" and should contain a treasury receipt for payment at the Vopslav or Modern Taxes Check Treasury of a branch of P. 100 in such an amount as may be required.

3. The successful bidder will be required to make an advance deposit of \$2,500 in cash or company notes for the full fulfillment of the contract as a condition of agreement. One month prior to the start date of the contract, the successful bidder will be required to furnish the members of his tender with a copy of the contract and a copy of the agreement. The advance deposit of \$2,500 will be forfeited to the tenderer if the tenderer fails to furnish a copy of the contract and a copy of the agreement to the members of his tender on or before the date specified. The advance deposit of \$2,500 will be paid to the tenderer if the tenderer furnishes a copy of the contract and a copy of the agreement to the members of his tender on or before the date specified. The advance deposit of \$2,500 will be paid to the tenderer if the tenderer furnishes a copy of the contract and a copy of the agreement to the members of his tender on or before the date specified.

5 The right of rejecting or accepting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing is reserved to the department.

3. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Inspector, Matron Royal Ordnance, Madras.

8 The degree of successful tenderness will be returned as soon as possible after the opening of the tenders while degree of the successful tenders will be returned as the fulfillment of the contract.

ABSTRACT

1. *Period of the contract.*—The contract shall, unless cancelled as provided below, remain in force for the term of one year.

2. *Receipt of orders for unloading and stowing.*—The contractor or his authorized agent shall attend each arriving ship at the office of the officer in charge of the Marine Depot to receive as late as possible the quantity of salt to be stored, the number of sacks required, the number of barges and other means to be employed in connection with the unloading and stowing of salt on the following day.

3. Supply of labor.—The contractor shall on every day supply white-headed lab boys in such number as the officers in charge of the depot may direct. If boats are detained at the depot owing to late arrival of supply of labor, the contractor shall pay penalty in dollars at a rate to be fixed by the Assistant Commissioner. This will be levied in sums of not less than \$100.

5. *Salting of salt*—The saltwater shell opens the laborers to collect salt day by day by means of buckets all the salt from all boats arriving at the wharf in the course of the day from the undermentioned factories—Kafra, Vayzina with its extension, Atiqee Nunk with the Thelha extension, Adila, Nunk and Talar.

4. *Supply of baskets*.—The contractor shall supply strong and suitable baskets to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the depot for the purpose. The baskets should be of suitable size and the contractor shall replace any basket so broken whenever called upon to do so by the officer in charge of the Mexican Depot and for this purpose shall keep within the depot premises, as a reserve stock, half the stock of the above mentioned during the continuance of the contract.

8. *Excess fee is refunded prior to 4 p.m.*—The contractor shall see that all the boats arriving at the depot are unloaded prior to 4 p.m. on the day each other vessel arrives; otherwise the contractor shall pay a detention fee of \$15.00 per boat for every day thereafter.

7. *Stack of stores.*—Bulk shall be stored by the contractor either (a) by weightment by means of weighing scales or Kibby's pan scales into bags of XXX gawns or of such other dimensions as the officer in charge of the depot may direct; or (b) by weighing into bags of two hundred each by means of cup scales, the bags being supplied by Government.

In the case of stores in bags the contractor shall take the loss of the empty bags prior to weightment, which the receipt of bags with double items provided by himself, stock them on the stores area in such numbers and manner as may be pointed out by the officer in charge of the depot, and shall, if so required, store the stack of bags with tarpaulins provided by Government.

8. *Supply of labor for storage.*—The contractor shall, in the case of the storage by weightment on Kibby's or Kibby's pan scales, employ not less than (30) thirty-two adult males for such work. He shall cause them to store each day at such place or places as may from time to time be pointed out by the officer in charge of the depot at such rate as the said officer shall require; the contractor under clause 2 must be there on that day.

9. *Storage of bags.*—The contractor shall, in the case of storage by weightment on Kibby's or Kibby's pan scales, employ (a) four efficient laborers for stacking such XXX gawn bags on the store, subject to the orders of the officer in charge of the depot.

10. *Supply of labor for storage by bag.*—The contractor shall, in the case of storage in bags, supply on his own right males for such cup scale work, and three male mules for carting cup scale for weighing and for the carrying, hanging it, stacking the mouths of the bags and answering them to the required storage space.

11. *Stack of work.*—Loading and unloading shall be commenced by 7 a.m. each day. The weightment of the salt and the filling of the bags or stacking of the bags shall be completed by 1 p.m.

12. *Protection of stacked salt on platform.*—The contractor shall cause his laborers to protect and secure every stacking against damage by rain, or otherwise, with materials supplied by Government with salt as may result. Stacked upon the platform and to secure the same for storage or for sale when required and to be accountable to the officer in charge of the depot for the materials supplied.

13. *Execution of contractor's order.*—The officer in charge of the depot may, without notice assigned, summarily suspend from the depot any male or female employed under the contract by the contractor and found drunk or otherwise misbehaving themselves within the depot premises.

14. *The contractor is to keep the direction of stores.*—The contractor shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, carry out the directions issued from time to time by the officer in charge of the depot in regard to the execution of the contract.

15. *Responsibility for articles received or returned.*—The contractor shall give or take receipts for all articles received or sent to or returned by him, or the same may be, in accordance with the instructions of the officer in charge of the depot.

16. *Responsibility for articles not properly accounted for.*—The contractor shall pay the Secretary of State for all salt, articles, or materials lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for, while in his possession, owing to any carelessness or neglect on his part as an agent of his agents and servants. The quantity of salt and the number of articles or materials lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for shall be determined by the officer in charge of the depot.

17. *Rate of recovery.*—Recovery shall be made from the contractor for salt lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for at such rate as is fixed from time to time for the salt of such at the Marine Depot, together with twice the duty at the rate for the time being in force. For other articles or materials lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for recovery shall be made at such rate as the Commissioner may direct.

18. *Penalty for loss of documents or loss of receipts.*—The contractor shall not have pecuniary liability of any kind whatever with any officer of the department.

19. *Contract not to be assigned.*—The contractor shall not assign the contract directly or indirectly to any person or persons, nor permit any person or persons to interfere in the performance thereof without the permission of the Commissioner.

20. *Receipts of papers.*—The contractor shall present every fortnight to the Assistant Commissioner, Salt, and to the Customs Department, Chequers, a statement called the Assistant Commissioner's bill for work done. Payment for such bill shall be made to him within seven days of the receipt of the same.

21. *Return of deposit in advance.*—Upon complete fulfillment of the terms of the contract by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the latter shall return the deposit to the contractor.

22. *Penalty for breach of contract.*—If the contract not otherwise is conditionally, in case of breach, neglect, or refusal on the part of the contractor to fulfill all or any one or more of any part of any one or more of the provisions herein contained, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to treat the contract by notice in writing to the contractor and to enter into such other arrangement as he may think fit. The contractor shall be responsible to the Commissioner for any loss or damage sustained while the Commissioner may be able to effect. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner to direct the contractor to make the cost of such contract from the contractor, at any such rate, if he thinks fit, less the contractor in any case not exceeding Rs. 50 on any one occasion. Such fee shall be paid within seven days of its imposition.

23. *Recovery of money due from the contractor.*—It shall be lawful for the Assistant Commissioner to demand and receive a sum payable to the department under the contract from the contractor in advance of the agreement or from any sum due to the contractor at the time of payment of his bill. It shall not be lawful for the contractor to deposit any sum with the Commissioner which may be due from the contractor to the Secretary of State, until in that case, the contractor, his executors, heirs, administrators or representatives shall forthwith repay to the Secretary of State the balance of such sum.

24. *Settlement of disputes.*—The contractor shall abide by the decision of the Commissioner in case of any dispute or difference of opinion arising between the Commissioner or any officer of the department and the contractor in regard to the interpretation of the terms of this contract or the obligations thereunder. Such decision shall be final and binding on the contractor and shall not be subject to question or review in a court of law or otherwise.

TENDERS FOR LOADING SALT.

Seals tenders will be received by the Assistant Commissioner, Chingleput subdivision, at the Inspector's bungalow, Kottivakk, up to 5 p.m. on Monday, the 4th February 1921, for the work of loading salt to be manufactured during the season of 1924 in the Reserve for home (present estimate 50 lakhs) or for export—Kottivakk 100,000 maunds. Regular work, the Reserve for home 100,000 maunds, Kottivakk 100,000 maunds, total up to 200,000 maunds. Approximate 100,000 maunds. The quantities will commence about 1st of March 1921.

2. *Areas of work.*—The contractor will load in bulk by means of buckets or such other means as may be required from the drying grounds of the various lines upon boats supplied for transport. He will supply strong and sound buckets of a uniform size. He will occupy the machines as it is being the capacity of the buckets, from place to place, and when used on them with materials supplied by Government. He will repair the salt loaded into the boats with tarpaulins or gunny covers provided by Government for the purpose. The tarpaulins or gunny covers will be removed by Government in such manner as may be directed by the officers of the department. Payment will be made per gross of 100 maunds as ascertained on storage at the Madras Depot.

3. *Tenders may be made for any one or more or for all factories.* The tenderer should specify the rate per gross of 100 maunds which he is willing to accept for each factory for which he tenders.

4. *Covers.*—Contracting tenders should be accompanied by tenders for the work of loading salt in the factories of the Reserve for home and should mention necessary arrangements for payment of the Regular or Madras Reserve for home (present estimate 50 lakhs) or for export—Kottivakk 100,000 maunds.

5. *Successful tenders will be engaged to make at least tender deposits in such or various sums of Rs. 100 for each factory for the due fulfilment of the contract and to execute an agreement (the terms conditions of which are set forth in the annexure below) within a week of time being informed of the acceptance of their tenders. In case of failure to do so, the deposits made will be forfeited to Government and the acceptance of the tenders cancelled. The stamp duty on the agreement must be paid by the tenderer.*

6. *The right of rejecting or accepting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing is reserved to the Government.*

7. *Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Inspector, Reserve for home, Kottivakk.*

8. *The deposits of unsuccessful tenders will be returned as soon as possible after the opening of the tenders, while the deposit of the successful tenderer will be retained on due fulfilment of the contract.*

ANNEXURE.

1. *Period of the contract.*—The contract shall, unless cancelled as provided below, remain in force for the period of one year.

2. *Supply of labour after notice.*—The Factory Officer of the said factory shall give the contractor one week's notice of the date on which transport of salt is to commence. On and from the date specified in such notice, the contractor shall supply able-bodied labourers in such numbers and at such places as the Factory Officer may direct. If more are demanded in the factory owing to non-attendance of labour the contractor shall pay back to the Government at a rate to be fixed by the Assistant Commissioner. This will be required in case of serious delays.

3. *Salts to be loaded in bulk into open boats.*—The contractor shall cause the labourers to load in bulk by means of buckets from the drying grounds of the said factory as much salt as may be required on each day into open boats supplied for the transport of salt.

4. *Supply of buckets.*—The buckets shall be supplied by the contractor and shall be sound and reliable. They should be of a uniform size such capable of holding half a maund of salt. The contractor shall occupy the machines used in loading the capacity of the buckets, from place to place, and when used on them with materials supplied by Government.

5. *The contractor shall be required to supply boats.*—The contractor shall be required to supply boats.

6. *Boats to be loaded prior to 5 p.m.*—The contractor shall see that all the boats arriving at the factory are loaded prior to 5 p.m. on the day next after their arrival; otherwise the contractor shall pay a detention fee of Rs. 4 per boat for every day thereafter.

7. *Salts to be loaded with tarpaulins or gunny covers.*—The contractor shall see that the labourers employed by him cover the salt loaded into the boats with tarpaulins or gunny covers supplied by Government.

8. *Tarpaulins to be provided.*—The contractor shall cause the labourers to occupy to fix the tarpaulins by means of cords and to seal the ends of cords with lead seals supplied by Government.

9. *Removal of labour, covering and unloading.*—The loading, covering and unloading shall be done in such manner as may from time to time be directed by the Factory Officer.

10. *Hours of work.*—Work shall be started probably at 7 a.m. on all days except Sundays and other authorised holidays and the loading of all the salt required at all the factories by 5 p.m.

11. *Expenses of the contractor.*—The Factory Officer may, without notice assigned, summarily expel if on the factory any other or other contractor's work is being performed.

12. *The contractor to obey the directions of the Factory Officer.*—The contractor shall at all times during the continuance of the contract, obey and carry out the directions issued from time to time by the Factory Officer in regard to the execution of the contract.

13. *Agreements for which contract is entered.*—The contractor shall give or take an agreement for salt loaded on materials loaded over us, or returned by him, as the case may be, in accordance with the instructions of the above clauses.

24. *Liability for articles not properly accounted for.*—The contractor shall pay the Secretary of State for all articles or materials lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for while in his possession, in any circumstances or neglect, on his part or on that of his agents and servants. The quantity of salt and the number of articles or materials lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for, shall be submitted by the Factory Officer.

25. *Rate of delivery.*—Delivery shall be made from the contractor for salt lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for at the date of duty for the time being at three pence per gross at each rate as is fixed from time to time for the sale of salt at the Madras Depot aforesaid. In respect of other articles or materials which are lost, damaged, destroyed or not properly accounted for, delivery shall be made at such rates as the Commissioner may direct.

26. *Priority of claims with any other of the department's liabilities.*—The contractor shall not have any priority of claims of any kind whatever with any officer of the department.

27. *Contract not to be signed.*—The contractor shall not assign the contract directly or indirectly to any person or persons, nor permit any person, or persons to sub-contract the performance thereof without the permission of the Commissioner.

28. *Payment to be made on charge receipts.*—The questions on which payment shall be made to the contractor shall be determined by the quantities of salt from the factory in question which is stored at the Madras Depot.

29. *Amount of payments.*—The contractor shall present every fortnight to the Assistant Commissioner, Salt, Alkali and Customs Department, Comptroller-in-Chief (hereinafter referred to as the Assistant Commissioner), bills for work done. Payment for each bill shall be made to him within seven days of the receipt of the same.

30. *Notice of deposit.*—Upon complete fulfilment of the terms of the contract by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the latter shall return the deposit to the contractor.

31. *Penalty for breach of contract on the part of the contractor.*—In many cases the Commissioner sends Assistant Commissioners on his behalf to enquire into the contractor's compliance with the said conditions with the terms of clauses 5 and 12 above as respects the supply to others for personal transport and storage &c. If the contractor shall fail to fulfil all or any one or more of any part of any one or more of the provisions herein contained, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to cancel the contract by notice in writing to the contractor and to retain the whole or any portion of the amount as he may think fit. The contractor shall be answerable to the Commissioner for any loss or damage so caused, which the Commissioner may be so minded to effect.

32. *Severance of conditions.*—The Commissioner or the Assistant Commissioner may, instead of cancelling the contract and retaining any amount as aforesaid above, severance the work or any portion thereof himself and recover the cost of such severance from the contractor at his own risk. But he, the contractor, in any case not exceeding Rs. 50, or any one contract, such due shall be paid within seven days of its imposition.

33. *Security of sums due from the contractor.*—It shall be lawful for the Assistant Commissioner to deduct and retain all sums payable to the department under the agreement from the amount deposited by the contractor under clause 2 above or from sums due to him at the time of payment of his bills. If these sums or the contractor's deposit or both be less than the sums which may be due at any time from the contractor to the Secretary of State, then in that case, the agreement, the sums due, administrative or representative shall forthwith repay to the Secretary of State the balance of such sums.

34. *Settlement of disputes.*—The contractor shall abide by the decision of the Commissioner in case of any dispute or difference of opinion arising between the Commissioner of the Factory Officer and the contractor in regard to the interpretation of the terms of the contract or the obligations thereunder. Such disputes shall be heard and decided by the contractor and shall not be subject to enquiry or review in any court of law or otherwise.

Madras, 18th December 1914.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF LABOUR FOR HEAPS OF SALT AT THE MADRAS SALT DEPOT.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Assistant Commissioner at the Office of the Inspector, Madras Salt Works, up to 4 p.m. on Wednesday the 6th February 1915 for the supply of labour for the work to be done at the Madras Salt Depot during the year 1914-15. Tenders will be either from heaps stored at the Madras Depot after the completion by means of S.P. or Killy's process or in bags of salt which has been stored in warehouse bags.

2. *Form of work for which labour will be supplied.*—

(a) In the case of labour from heaps stored after weighing of the salt by means of Giesinger's platform scale's per cubic yard.

(1) Filling bags of granite and wages;

(2) Unloading bags for use and stacking exactly the like removed from them in such places and in such manner as may be required by the officer in charge of the Madras Depot;

(3) Manually weighing up the contents of the bags with double scales supplied either—

(a) by the contractor or the department; or

(b) by the contractor himself, in which case the quality of the scales shall be such as to meet with the approval of the officer in charge of the depot;

(4) Transporting the bags to, and loading them on to, wagons or carts as required by the contractor or by the officer in charge of the depot and unloading the same where necessary;

(5) Filling the bags with salt and the weighing of the salt by means of double weighing bags as may be required for all transport and in the case of other means taking in excess of the fixed weight such percentage of the total number as is required to be required by the departmental orders and

(7) Reframing and re-covering the remnant barge opened for issue of salt, and clearing the place where salt has been issued in such manner as may be required by the officer in charge of the depot.

(8) In the case of issues in bags of salt which has been stored in two-masted bags:—

(i) Unpacking the bags on, and loading down on to, wagons or carts as required by merchants or by the officer in charge of depot, and allowing wagons when necessary, and

(ii) Finding the loaded wagons over the weighbridge for weight and checkweighment in the case of issues for full transport and, in the case of other issues, taking up any of the filled bags as may be required to the checkweighment shed in substitution checkweighing officer to checkweigh such percentage of the total quantity as he considers to be required by the departmental orders.

3. Cans containing tins should be accompanied "Treasury for the supply of" labour for the issue of salt at the Madras Depot and such issue should include a Treasury receipt for payment at the Madras Depot Office Treasury of a deposit in cash or currency notes of Rs. 500.

4. Treasuries should specify separately the issues for full transport and home sales the rate at which they are prepared to supply labour per bag for each platform:—

A. The bag of salt issued from barge stored after weighing of salt in Gairam's pass or Kelly's jet side:—

			When tins and other materials are supplied by the contractor.		When tins and other materials are not supplied by the contractor.	
			Issues for full transport.	Issues for home sales.	Issues for full transport.	Issues for home sales.
			PIES.	PIES.	PIES.	PIES.
Platform	I	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	II North	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	II South	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	III	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	IV East	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	IV West	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	V	..	..	..	..	..

B. The bag of salt issued from barge stored under the bag storage system:—

			Issues for full transport.		Issues for home sales.	
			PIES.	PIES.	PIES.	PIES.
Platform	I	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	II North	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	II South	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	III	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	IV East	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	IV West	..	..	..	..	..
Do.	V	..	..	..	..	..

5. The successful tenderer will be required to make a further deposit of Rs. 500 for the due fulfilment of the contract and to execute a contract (the main conditions of which are set forth in the agreement below) within a week of his being informed of the acceptance of his tender. In case of failure to do so, the deposit made will be forfeited to Government and the acceptance of the tender cancelled. The necessary stamp duty on the agreement must be paid by the tenderer.

6. The right of rejecting or accepting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing is reserved to the department.

7. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Inspector, Madras Depot Circle, near Highland Gate, Madras.

8. The deposits of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned as soon as possible after the opening of the tenders, while the deposit of the successful tenderer will be returned on the fulfilment of the contract.

APPENDIX.

1. *Period of the contract.*—The contract shall, unless cancelled as provided for below, remain in force for the period of one year from 1st April 1923 to 31st March 1924, but the Commissioner may give the contractor two months' notice of termination at the whole or part of the contract if a new depot at Rameswaram is opened.

2. *Notice by the contractor of the start of issues of salt.*—The officer in charge of the Madras Depot shall give notice to the contractor each evening of the probable extent of the issue of salt on the following day. The extent of issues shall be subject to the limits stated below:—

Platform No.	Minimum number of wagons.	Remarks.
II North and South	12	When salt is to be removed from barge situated within 4 yards of the extreme end of the platform.
	20	In other cases.
	22	
IV East and West	20	When salt is to be removed from barge situated within 4 yards from the south end of the platform.
	22	In other cases.
V	..	..

3. *Description of the contract.*—The contractor shall supply and have in readiness at the Madras Depot, not later than 7 a.m. on each day on which issue of salt is to take place, strong and skid-bedded labourers in such numbers as may be necessary to deal with the amount of which notice has been given. The officer in charge of the depot shall be the judge whether the number supplied is adequate or not, and, if he requires more men, they must be supplied.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF BURNED STEEL AND PLATED IRON.

Burned tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 5 p.m. on 22nd January 1924 for manufacture and supply of burned steel and plated iron at (1) the Government Dockyards at Port Stanley (High and Low) and (2) at the proposed site at Bala Bridge for two years commencing from 1st March 1924.

3. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, South Freemasonry Division, and should be accompanied by "Tender for supply of burned steel and plated iron."

4. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 1,000 in cash or currency notes, which will be returned to the tenderer whose tender is not accepted.

5. The undersigned Engineer will reserve to himself the right of accepting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

6. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 1,200 which, with the earnest money received, will be held as security for the due fulfillment of the contract.

7. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfillment of the contract.

8. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entitle the tenderer to the earnest money.

9. The contract must not be sublet.

10. When conditions of contract and the contract documents are to be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the office of the Executive Engineer, South Freemasonry Division, from which blank forms of tenders can also be obtained.

11. Tenders should be submitted separately for delivery at (1) the old Government Dockyards at Port Stanley (High and Low) and (2) the proposed site at the Bala Bridge Ward, Madras.

12. (a) The contractor shall be allowed to use the existing machinery with their blowers and electric driving shafts at the Government Dockyards for manufacturing purposes. Their repairs and renewal will have to be done at his own cost. All water charges and levy to be borne by the contractor.

(b) That in calculating the amount of each item due to a contractor in every bill submitted for payment under this contract none of the price or cost shall be entered and none exceeding the price or cost shall be entered and none shall be entered and none exceeding the price or cost shall be entered and none exceeding the price or cost shall be entered.

(c) The contractor must give the necessary and registered guarantee of the work working at the Government Dockyards and on other works will be allowed to work in the Government Dockyards.

REMARKS.

For two years commencing from 1st March 1924.

Quantity.	Description of work.	For
200,000 a. ft. of burned steel or any less quantity as may be ordered to be supplied yearwise up to 1,200 a. ft. more or less per month throughout the year as per need by the tenderer.	Supply of burned steel manufactured from new plates of the existing locally known as Bala Bridge or Bala Bridge, a solid steel weighing not less than 20 lb. per sq. ft. taken from a Government Dockyard in the Port Stanley Ward in the Executive Engineer, South Freemasonry Division and delivered at the site of the proposed site at Bala Bridge Ward.	C. R. (1) At the Government Dockyards, Port Stanley, Madras. (2) At the proposed site at Bala Bridge Ward.
10,000 a. ft. of burned steel or any less quantity as may be ordered to be supplied yearwise up to 1,200 a. ft. more or less per month throughout the year as per need by the tenderer.	Supply of burned steel or any less quantity as may be ordered to be supplied yearwise up to 1,200 a. ft. more or less per month throughout the year as per need by the tenderer.	C. R. (1) At the Government Dockyards, Port Stanley, Madras. (2) At the proposed site at Bala Bridge Ward.

Madras, 15th January 1924.

P. H. SASTRI,
Executive Engineer, South Freemasonry Division.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF RUBBER, STEEL, Etc.

Burned tenders (Tender for) for the supply of the undermentioned supplies from 1st April 1924 to 31st March 1925 will be received by the Government of Madras, Executive Engineer, up to 5 p.m. on 22nd January 1924. The public notice to be held at the Government Dockyards on the 22nd January 1924.

1. If—Form of "tender" and "schedule" (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

10. Tenders will only be accepted in accordance with the conditions as these printed forms, which must be submitted in English and should specify in words as well as in figures the rate at which each description of article named in them will be delivered. Fractional parts of pice in rates will not be accepted. Tenders must be duly signed and completed in accordance with the instructions they contain.

11. Tenders (bids) should be accompanied by a deposit in the form of a ^{bank} ^{guarantee} ^{or} Government promissory note, Provincial or municipal authorities, or post office order as nearest money, at the rate of 5 per cent on the total value of the stores tendered for, subject to a minimum

of Rs. 25 which deposit will be returned on acceptance or rejection of the tender. In the case of pecuniary rates being furnished they must remain in the name of the depositor.

V.—No security or deposit which the tenderer (bidder) may have furnished is recoverable with a previous contract or on any other account can be accepted on account money.

VI.—The approval or rejection of tenders (bids) rests with the Member of Revenue, Sindh, who reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender, or any item in a tender, without explanation. The lowest tender will not of necessity be accepted.

VII.—Tenders will be opened at this office at 1 p.m. on Friday the 18th February 1934. Tenderers are invited to attend.

VIII.—Parties tendering (bidding) are particularly requested to give their addresses in full.

IX.—Any further information required can be obtained on application to this office between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays and holidays) excepted.

X.—Tenders must be sent under a strong cover, securely fastened, sealed, with a distinctive device and conspicuously marked "Tender for the supply of Kalkhi, stone, etc." and addressed to the Superintendent, Sindh Revenue Department and not to any officer by name.

XI.—Tenders (bids) which do not comply with the above conditions will be rejected.

XII.—Tenders for Schedule III will quote rate for each item or article as the case may be, a list of which will be supplied on application and will also state that the Superintendent, Sindh Revenue Department will have the option to obtain any articles which are obtainable with maximum advantage to Government in bulk direct from manufacturers or retailers during the period of contract.

Supplies required.	When required.	Approximate quantities.	Remarks.
SCHEDULE I.			
Kalkhi, Red soil, thoroughly cleaned and free from dirt and impurity and the growth of the pointed grass.	Every 10 days.	Annual 8,00,000	—
SCHEDULE II.			
Free Bag and quality of best quality well dried and cleaned	Do.	8,00,000	—
SCHEDULE III.			
Peaty stones as per list available in the House, Sindh Revenue Office.	Do.	As required.	Excess money Rs. 250.

† Not applicable to the Indian method.

Sindh Revenue Dept.,
18th January 1934.

F. F. DENEHY, Captain,
Offg. Superintendent.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF DEMARICATION STONES FOR BANDAR AND GUDIVADA TALUKS OF KISTNA DISTRICT.

General tenders are invited for the supply of demarcation stones of the dimensions given below for the survey of Bandar and Gudivada taluks of the Kistna District by No. II Survey Party.

1. Tenders should be submitted "Tender for the supply of demarcation stones for Bandar and Gudivada taluks" and should be addressed to the officer in charge of No. II Survey Party, Mandlapeta Fort, by return of post not later than the 23rd February 1934.

2. Stones must be of good granite or some other durable stone to be approved of by the officer in charge.

3. The officer in charge reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without giving any reason therefor.

4. The successful tenderer will have to enter into a written agreement with the officer in charge and deposit Rs. 200 as cash security for the due performance of the terms of the contract.

5. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor. Payments for the stones supplied will be made only after his bills are checked and passed by the officer in charge.

6. The successful tenders must be prepared to supply demarcation stones in exact quantity as may be ordered from time to time.

7. The rates at which the tenderer is prepared to supply the different classes of stones in villages should be quoted in the tender.

8. The rates should include the cost of carting to each village and be uniform for the whole taluk.

9. Statements of data for the sites should accompany the tender.

Description of stone.	Size and marks.
Village boundary and	2' x 2' x 2' with a plastered ball drilled in the centre of the upper surface and a broad arrow mark 4 inches long and one quarter of an inch deep, in the side.
Section boundary station.	2' x 2' x 2' with a plastered ball drilled in the centre of the upper surface and a broad arrow mark 4 inches long and one quarter of an inch deep, on the side.
Field corner	2' x 2' x 2' with a plastered ball drilled in the centre of the upper surface and a broad arrow mark 4 inches long and one quarter of an inch deep, on the side.

Mandlapeta, 24th January 1934.

F. GOVINDARAJULU NATUDU,
Offg. in charge, No. II Survey Party.

TENDERS FOR HINDUS REGISTRATION RECORDS—MADRAS-CHINGLEPUT DISTRICT.

Tenders are invited for binding the undermentioned registration records of the Madras-Chingleput district—

Nature of work.	Style of binding.
(1) Original Indices I and II	Calico with back and corners of leather or leather.
(2) File book I	Bladder's cloth with leather back.
(3) Book I	Full leather as leather.
(4) Deposition books	Half leather and marbled.
(5) Settlement Registers	Bladder's cloth with back and corners of leather or leather.
(6) Original Indices I and II	With strong leather supplied by the office.

R.S.—These books and not country paste books should be used for covers.

2. Every tender should be accompanied as follows:—“Tenders for binding the registration records of the Madras-Chingleput district.” It should be addressed to the Registrar of Madras-Chingleput, Madras, and should reach him on or before the 29th February 1924. It should specify the date at which the binder is prepared to undertake the several items of work.

3. Each tender will be accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 10. The deposit of government tenders will be refunded as soon as possible after the result of the tenders has been decided with the approval of the Registrar-in-charge of the Government Press.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned. If he fails to do so within that date his tender will be rejected and his deposit forfeited.

5. The work should commence immediately after the execution of the agreement and be completed before the end of December 1924. It should not be earlier.

6. Intending tenderers may apply to the undersigned for any further information required as regards the nature of binding, etc.

7. Payment for the work done will be made only after the bill is checked and passed by the undersigned whose decision will be final.

8. The undersigned reserves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason.

Madras, 19th January 1924.

GHULIAN MUHAMMAD DIN SAHAR,
Registrar of Madras-Chingleput.

TENDERS FOR HINDUS REGISTRATION RECORDS—CHITTOOR DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders for the binding of Registration Records of the Chittoor District will be received up to 1st March 1924 by the undersigned at Chittoor.

2. Tenders should be sent in sealed covers accompanied by “Tenders for the binding of Registration Records” so as to reach the office of the Registrar of Chittoor on or before the aforesaid date and no price will be taken of tenders received thereafter.

3. The rate at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be stated against each kind of record and the rate and the amount of charge, if any, to be adopted for taking the binding press and materials to the Registrar's office and for returning the sub-office when necessary should also be stated specifically.

4. The successful tenderer will, subject to the approval of the tender by the Registrar-in-charge, Government Press, Madras, be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date fixed by the undersigned and if he fails to do so within that date, the tender will be rejected.

5. The successful tenderer should before commencing the work, deposit a sum of Rs. 25 as security for the due performance of the terms of the agreement, subject to forfeiture of the same on breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement.

6. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any tender without assigning any reason whatsoever.

7. Tenderers may at any time before submitting the tenders apply to the Registrar for any information regarding the nature of binding, etc.

8. Tenders not accompanied by bond the Registration Records need not apply.

Nature of work.	Style of binding.
(1) Rebinding Register Books 1, 2, 3 and 5	With full leather.
(2) Rebinding the same	With full leather.
(3) Binding of the original indices (size 12½" x 8½") I, II, III, IV	With calico back, and corners with leather.
(4) Rebinding the same	With bladder's cloth back, and corners with leather.
(5) Rebinding the Register Books 4	With half leather and marbled.
(6) Deposition books, Register of records, Accounts A, B, C and D; other books of file and miscellaneous records of Chittoor also not specified in the previous groups.	With half leather and marbled.

R.S.—These books and not country paste books, shall be used for covers, and books of 12½" square size binding and the Register shall be 12½" x 8½" and the file book 1 and file of miscellaneous 14½" x 12½" x 12½" for Books 1 and 4, and 12½" x 8½" x 8½" for Books 2 and 5.

2. Cost books with 12½" binding, received from the Registrar's office will be supplied to the successful tenderer for the use of records for the binding of the records.

3. The rate of binding the records should include the cost of all labour, proposed to be supplied by the tenderer.

E. SOUNDARAMANYAN,
Registrar.

Chittoor, 19th January 1924.

3. Each tender should be sent in a sealed cover and should be superscribed as follows:—
"Tender for the binding of the Registration records of the Registration district."
It should be addressed to the Registrar of Singapore and should reach him on or before 1st March 1924.
4. The successful tenderer will be required to execute an agreement on or before a date to be fixed by the undersigned and should deposit a sum of Rs. 50 as security for the performance of work in accordance with the terms of the agreement. This amount will be forfeited, or a part thereof, in any of the conditions in the agreement. If it is not so forfeited, it will be returned after the work for the year is completed.
5. The work should be commenced immediately after the execution of the agreement and be completed before the end of March 1924. It should not be sublet. Each piece of work should be completed within the time to be fixed thereafter.
6. Intending tenderers may apply to the undersigned for any further information as regards the nature of binding, etc.
7. Payment for the work done will be made only after the bill is checked and the binding is passed by the Registrar whose decision will be final.
8. The undersigned reserves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason.

Singapore, 19th January 1924.

M. GRISHAYIA,
Registrar.

TENDERS FOR BINDING REGISTRATION RECORDS—SALAM DISTRICT.

Tenders are invited from qualified book binders for the execution of the work stated below. Those only who have had the experience in the binding of the registration records will apply.

1. Tenders will be received and opened at 11 a.m. on the 1st March 1924 at noon in the office of the District Registrar of Annamalai, Salem, and every tender notwithstanding that date and hour will not be considered.

2. Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tender for the binding of registration records, Salem district, 1924-25", and the address of the tenderer should be given as full as the tender application and signed by the tenderer himself and not by his agent or partner. The room of which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be specified against each kind of record in the tender.

3. The successful tenderer is required to execute the necessary agreement on a date to be fixed by the District Registrar of Salem and if the tenderer on the business day to do so within that date, their tender will be rejected. He should also be prepared to deposit at the time of the execution of the agreement a sum of Rs. 50 as security to be fixed by the Registrar as security to be forfeited for the breach of all or any of the conditions.

4. The binding work should not be sublet.

5. The District Registrar of Salem reserves to himself a right to reject the lowest or any tender without assigning reason for so doing.

6. The contract is subject to the approval of the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, in case of any question arising out of the terms of this notice or otherwise, his decision will be final.

7. The binding work should for the most part be executed at the Registrar's Office, Salem, immediately from and after date of completion of tender as the records are got ready from month to month. Some records should be bound at undressed half-binding in the office of the District. The whole work should be completed before the 1st December 1924. No work should be kept undelivered for over a fortnight from date of receipt.

8. Intending tenderers may apply at any time during office hours before the date mentioned in paragraph 2 for any information required in connection with the mode of execution of the work or the rates specified, payments to be made, etc., to the District Registrar of Salem.

9. The scales of tender rates to be sent will be purchased by the Registrar at the cost of the binder from Messrs. Wilson & Co., Madras, at the rate of Rs. 2 thereon per part.

Kind of work.	Style of binding.
(1) Re-binding of register books 1, 2, 3 and 4	With half leather.
(2) Re-binding of the files of register books	In binder's cloth with leather back.
(3) Re-binding of register books and register 1, 2, 3 and 4	With leather.
(4) Binding of original indexes	With leather.
(5) Binding of original indexes	With binder's cloth back and corners of paste.
(6) Re-binding registers	With half-calf and waste.
(7) Accounts A, B and C	Do.
(8) History of office, department book, register of records, etc.	Do.
(9) Re-binding register books 4 and 4 D	With binder's cloth and with back and corners with leather.

Note.—(1) Leather to be used for the work should be of the best quality durable and strong, well-seasoned and free from knots and other blemishes and not country-made leather to be used for covers, and books of 15 lb. or upward are being sent for register book 1; 2 lb. 20"x12" for book 2, balance and file of indexes; 15 lb. 20"x12" for book 3 and 4 and 1 lb. 20"x12" for books 2 and 4.

(2) Book boards with 1 lb. leather binding covered from English paper volumes will be supplied to the undersigned tenderer for the use of records for original indexes.

(3) The rate of binding balance should be sufficient for the cost of new boards with leather applied departmentally.

Salem, 19th January 1924.

T. S. SATHAPATHY PILLAI,
Acting District Registrar.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 145, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.O.
AND BY AGENTS.

[A Catalogue of all Indian Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis
from the Government Press, and Stationers, or at Mount Road Press, Madras.]
[The branch office possesses the printing and binding.]

- LIST OF GRANTED GRANTS IN THE MADRAS TREASURY DEPARTMENT, extended up to 31st January 1924. Royal Ser. Paper cover. Rs. 4 (1 s.).
- PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, Vol. XIV. Nos. 1 to 8 (1924 to 26th March 1925 and India and 2nd April 1925). Each. Rs. 2 (1 s.). India in Vol. XIII. Rs. 2 (5 p.).
- MONTHLY LIST OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND LISTS SERVICES DEPARTMENT COMMISSIONER OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, extended up to 1st December 1923. Rs. 15 (5 s.).
- CONTENTS OF THE MADRAS TREASURY HANDBOOK, Vol. II. Nos. 165 to 236 (16th October 1923). Pp. 6 (4 s.). Nos. 165 to 167. Pp. 3 (5 p.). Vol. I. Nos. 236 to 275 (1923, October 1923). Pp. 6 (5 p.).
- THIRTY-SIXTH LIST OF GRANTS TO THE MADRAS TREASURY CHIEF. Pp. 3 (5 p.).
- FIRST LIST OF GRANTS TO THE MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, MADRAS. Vol. II. Rs. 3 (1 s.).
- SEVEN THIRDS LIST OF GRANTS TO THE MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, CIVIL, IN THE EAST, ARMS AND CIVIL DEPARTMENT, extended up to 1st October 1921. Royal Ser. Rs. 3 (5 s.).
- MADRAS AGRICULTURAL BUREAU No. 54, SOIL GRANTS OF FERTILE TRACT, 1923. Pp. 1-14 (5 s.).
- DRYER'S FERTILITY CHART, Vol. I. Nos. 123 to 141. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.). Vol. II. Nos. 43 and 50 to 122. Each. Pp. 6 (5 p.). No. 43. Area 1 (5 p.).
- HALF-YEARLY LIST OF GRANTS TO THE MADRAS POLICE, extended up to October 1923. Pp. 1-6 (5 s.).
- REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF SALT REVENUE IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR 1922-23. Rs. 9 (5 s.).
- ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR 1923-24. Rs. 2 (1 s.).
- LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES CONCERNING THE INTERNAL REGISTRATION OFFICERS IN THE DISTRICTS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, extended up to 1st August 1923. Pp. 1-4. Rs. 1-1/4 (5 s.).
- INDIAN ARMS BUREAU, 1923. Pp. 1-10. Rs. 2 (1 s.).
- STATEMENTS OF THE CIVIL ENGINEERS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR 1922. Rs. 10 (5 s.).
- ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE SOIL MOISTURE TRAIL AND NAVIGATION OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1923-24. Pp. 1. (Rs. 1 s.).
- MADRAS AGRICULTURAL BUREAU No. 51. Ground, Earth or Forest, Rs. 4 (2 s.).
- TRAINING COLLEGE, SAMPUR, SCOUTS No. 2. English. Rs. 3 (1 s.).
- DISCUSSION LIST OF THE TRUST FUND OF EAST INDIA COMPANY WITH SET BY C. E. O. FORTNER, 1923. Pp. 1-8. (Rs. 5 p.).
- MADRAS BUREAU ROAD, 1923. Area 1 (5 p.).
- TWENTY-THIRD LIST OF GRANTS TO THE MADRAS TREASURY CHIEF. Area 1 (5 p.).
- ARMS AND COMMISSIONS TO THE ARMS OF SALT REVENUE TO THE FIELD SERVICES HEADQUARTERS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Rs. 2-6 (1 s.).
- ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT FOR 1922-23. Part I, with a detailed list of Civil Works. Rs. 2 (1 s.).
- INDIA ACT III of 1921. Custom-Taxation. Madras. Pp. 2 (5 p.). Kannara, Tamil and Oriya. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XIII of 1920. Married Women's Property (Amendment). English, Tamil and Telugu. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XIV of 1921. Custom Tax. Tamil and Telugu. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.); Oriya. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XV of 1921. Income-tax Amendment. Pp. 1-10. Tamil, Malayalam, Oriya and Telugu. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XVI of 1921. Government Savings Bank Amendment. Pp. 1-10. Tamil, Malayalam, Oriya and Telugu. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XVII of 1921. Patents Amendment. Pp. 1-10. Tamil, Oriya and Telugu. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- MADRAS ACT II of 1923. Port Trust, as modified up to 1st May 1923. Royal Ser. Rs. 10 (1 s.).
- INDIA ACT XIX of 1923. Official papers. Hindustani, Tamil and Malayalam. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- MADRAS ACT VI of 1923. Pp. English Stamp Amendment. Area 1 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT IX of 1923. Patents Amendment. Oriya. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XX of 1923. Suppression of Traffic in Women. Malayalam. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXIII of 1923. Legal Proceedings for Women. Malayalam, Tamil and Hindustani. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXVI of 1923. Civil Procedure Amendment. Pp. 1-10. English and Tamil. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXVIII of 1923. Indigo Tax (Repeal). Pp. 1-10. English and Tamil. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXVII of 1923. Income-tax Amendment. Pp. 1-10. English and Tamil. Each. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXX of 1923. Civil Procedure Code Amendment. English. Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXXIV of 1923. Custom House's Amendment. Pp. 1-10. English, Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXXV of 1923. Port Customs Amendment. Pp. 1-10. English, Pp. 2 (5 p.).
- INDIA ACT XXXVI of 1923. Port Customs Amendment. Pp. 1-10. English, Pp. 2 (5 p.).

INDIA ACT XXXVII of 1923. Code of Criminal Procedure (Bened. Amendment). Footslop folio English, Hindi and Tamil. Each. Price 2 (2 P.).
 INDIA ACT XXXVIII of 1923. Land Acquisition Amendment. English and Tamil. Each. Price 2 (2 P.).
 INDIA ACT XXXIX of 1923. Ports Amendment. Footslop folio. English. Price 2 (2 P.).
 INDIA ACT XXXII of 1923. Lower Amendment. Price 1 (1 P.).
 INDIA ACT XXXV of 1923. Criminal Procedure Code Amendment. Tamil and Kannada. Each. Price 2 (2 P.).
 INDIA ACT XLIII of 1923. Stamp Amendment. Footslop folio. English and Tamil. Each. Price 2 (2 P.).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

NEW LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA,
 2, BARTING STREET, CALCUTTA.

(A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.)

INDIA SHOWING STREETS AS LEGISLATION IN THE GOVERNMENT-GENERAL'S COURT. SERIES 1923. Royal folio. No. 11 (1 P.).
 MEMBERS OF CONGRESS IN LIST OF GOVERNMENT MEMBERS AND OFFICERS (SERIES 1923). List No. 2. DATED 10th JAN 1924. No. 2-2 (1 P.).
 GOVERNMENT GENERAL ACTS OF THE GOVERNMENT-GENERAL IN COURT. Series-1923 and Clerk India. No. 2 (1 P.).

VACANCIES.

Applications are invited from qualified persons for the post of SDA clerk in the Revenue Division Office, Guindy, at a salary of Rs. 500-50. Note that those who have secured eligibility in the S.S.D.O. need apply.

Guindy, 26th December 1923.

E. SATAKOVA RAMANUJA ACHARYA,
 Revenue Division Office.

Applications are invited from qualified persons with experience of office work and accountancy for the post of temporary Income-tax Assistant's place in the Revenue Division Office, Guindy. The applications should reach the undersigned in prescribed form on or before 17th February 1924.

Assistant Collector's Office,
 16th January 1924.

A. UPENDRA PAI,
 Collector.

Applications are invited for the post of Head European Master of this school which has fallen permanently vacant and which carries a salary of Rs. 500-5-00 per annum.

2. Applicants if military personnel or retired or discharged soldiers should possess (a) certificates of education granted by the Presidents of half-brass Garrison Schools, (b) certificates under paragraph 210 of the Head Book of Instructions for British Army Schools in India (1917) or (c) certificates as army school masters. In the case of other applicants they should have attained at least a completed Secondary School Leaving Certificate issued under the authority of Government or passed any of the other examinations mentioned in article 1 of the Public Service Regulations. Note that those who possess the above qualifications need apply.

3. The applicants should state their age and their educational qualifications.

4. Applications must reach the undersigned on or before 17th February 1924.

Court of South India, Madras,
 16th January 1924.

T. C. ADKINATHUL PILLAI,
 Acting Registrar.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 15th February 1924, I intend moving the High Court to send me as a Vakil thereof.
 Telicherry, 15th January 1924. T. C. KUNHI KRISHNA KURUP.

On or after 16th February 1924, I intend moving the High Court to send me as a Vakil thereof.
 Madras, 14th January 1924. M. SUBTANARAYANA.

On or after 16th February 1924, I intend moving the High Court to send me as a Vakil thereof.
 Madras, 15th January 1924. M. A. LAKSHMINARAYANACHARI.

I, M. Annapurnaiah, shall henceforth be known as R. Annapurna Rao.
 Bangalore, 16th December 1923. R. ANNAPURNAIAH.

E. Papagouli Vachakatschilgor Vachakatschilgor, shall hereafter be known as *Papagouli Vachakatschilgor Vachakatschilgor*. Madras.

Tinianvally, 19th December 1923.

P. V. SUBRAMANYA SHARMA,

T. A. Kandamall Thevar, shall hereafter be known as *A. Kandamall Thevar*.

Tiruppur, 18th January 1924.

A. KANDAMALLA THEVAR.

L. K. K. Vembler, shall hereafter be known as *Shank Abder Bank*.

Panna, 20th January 1924.

S. A. BAZAK.

J. David Fied, shall hereafter be known as *J. David*.

Madras, 19th January 1924.

DAVID FIED.

ESTATE OF THOMAS KENSON (DECEASED).

The *Administrators-General* of Madras hereby give notice that he is administering from the 17th day of January 1924 the estate of Thomas Kenson, late a Deputy Traffic Manager, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Limited, Madras, late now deceased, under letters of Administration granted to him on the 19th day of January 1924 by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate as creditors, next of kin, legatee or in any other manner or in any other manner should prefer their claims to the said *Administrators-General* on or before the 15th March 1924, after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will recognise in such distribution only such claims as shall have previously been established to his satisfaction.

Madras, 19th January 1924.

H. D. COHENSH,
Administrators-General.

ESTATE OF K. SUBBARAYALU SATUDU (DECEASED).

The *Administrators-General* of Madras hereby give notice that he is administering from the 17th January 1924 the estate of K. Subbarayalu Satudu, late of Madras but now deceased, under letters of Administration granted to him on the 10th day of January 1924 by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate as creditors, next of kin, legatee or in any other manner should prefer their claims to the said *Administrators-General* on or before the 1st March 1924 after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will recognise in such distribution only such claims as shall have previously been established to his satisfaction.

Madras, 19th January 1924.

H. D. COHENSH,
Administrators-General.

LOST.

Two Government Promissory Notes Nos. D 507531 and D 507532 of the 5½ per cent loan of 1921 for Rs. 100 and Rs. 50 respectively originally standing in the name of Bank of Madras and lost and endorsed to Kuppalat Thakur Laxmi Venkata, the proprietor, by whom they were given endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, and that application is made to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the holder.—KAMJESAR THACHIL LOMA VARI (TH).
Residence.—North Park, Tiruvannamalai.

INSOLVENCY NOTICES.

Take notice that Abdul Karim Mohi, son of Adam Mohi, Jeer Sahib street, Trichinopoly, has filed Insolvency Petition No. 96 of 1923 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly, and the same is posted on 23rd January 1924 for disposal.

Trichinopoly, 25th January 1924.

L. S. SRINIVASA AYYAR,
Clerk.

It is hereby notified that Kapiyam Ramayya of Narayanaswami had a creditor's insolvency petition No. 10 of 1923 on the file of the District Court, Quilon, in the matter of Ganga Ramayya and Chinnappa Ramayya to declare them as insolvents and the same stands posted on 21st January 1924 before the District Judge, Quilon, for objections.

Quilon, 19th January 1924.

M. DASARATHA RAMAIAH,
Clerk.

Take notice that an Insolvency Petition No. 45 of 1923 was filed by Jeyan Nageswami in District Court, Quilon. The petition stands posted for objections to 21st January 1924 before Official Receiver, Quilon.

Quilon, 19th January 1924.

V. SURIYANAYAKA, *Public Petitioner*.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

1884.	Baromet. and alt. in feet.	Thermometers.				Rain, in inches.	Winds.	Direction.	Force.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy days.	Height of sun.	General weather.
		Observed Daily Means.		Observed Extremes.									
		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.								
		Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.								
January.	Station.	"	"	"	"	"	Obs.	Mean.	Station.	Obs.	Sta.		
1st Monday ..	89-90	74-5	62-0	82-8	60-2	100-7	SE	N. E.	101	SE.	20	2-6	Fair.
1st Tuesday ..	89-0	74-5	61-0	82-4	60-3	100-7	SE	N. S. E.	75	..	4	1-3	Do.
2nd Wednesday ..	88-110	74-0	61-7	82-1	60-0	100-7	SE	S. E. by E.	70	..	30	1-3	Passing clouds.
3rd Thursday ..	88-4	74-0	60-0	82-0	59-0	100-7	SE	S. E. by S.	111	..	31	0-4	Clear.
4th Friday ..	88-3	74-0	60-0	81-1	59-0	100-7	SE	N. E. by S.	110	..	13	0-1	Fine.
5th Saturday ..	88-0	74-0	59-0	81-5	57-0	100-6	SE	N. E.	110	..	20	1-4	Do.
6th Sunday ..	87-5	73-5	58-4	81-5	56-0	100-7	SE	S. E. by S.	95	..	12	0-5	Do.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 3 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The centre of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the readings of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the coolest Clear Day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 2-67 inches, the average for the same period being 1-45 inch.

Madras Observatory,
16th January 1884.

S. M. C. RAYDOCK,
Deputy Director.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 4.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1924. (PAGES 1 & 2.)

SALT, ANKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1, dated 19th January 1924.

NOTICE OF SALE OF ANKARI AND OTHER FREIGHTS.

Notice is hereby given that the number of independent shops appointed for the sale of House, opium and kheskulung drugs during the twelve months beginning 1st April 1924 and ending 31st March 1925 and the total sums appointed for them will be ascertained by Collectors in their District Gazette, and that the privilege of sale therein will be put up to public auction on the date, at the place and by the officer to be notified by Collectors subject to the conditions hereunder set forth. The Collector of Madras will notify separately the special conditions under which licenses for the sale of areca in the Attapadi valley will be granted on payment of fixed fee.

The districts in which independent smoke shops, foreign liquor taverns, beer shops and guano and opium shops, respectively, will be sold are specified below:—

From 1st April 1924.

— Arson, guano and opium shops.	Foreign liquor taverns.	Beer shops.
In all districts.	In the districts of Coimbatore, Kanna, Chocur, Bellary, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore, Madras and Malabar.	In the districts of Bellary, Bellary, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, Chingleput, Madras, Coimbatore, The Nilgiris, Salem and Malabar.

Licenses for the sale of foreign liquor which are granted on payment of fixed fees are dealt with in a separate notification.

Conditions of Auction Sale.

I. Any person desiring to bid must deposit Rs 25 with the selling officer on the day of sale, but discontinue is given to the selling officer to release the deposit to Rs 10 when necessary. In Madras City the deposit to be made by each bidder will be Rs. 50. No one will be admitted to the auction room unless he has made this deposit. No one may bid for another person unless he holds a power of attorney from him. Deposits made under this clause will be returned on application to unsuccessful bidders at the close of the day's sale.

Notes.—In Madras City the deposit must be paid into the Public Treasury and the cheques to each person produced before the selling officer. Deposits will be returned under the orders of the selling officer to unsuccessful bidders at the close of the day's sale on presentation of the cheques at the Public Office.

II. The officer conducting the sale may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid of any person on the ground: (1) that he has been convicted by a criminal court or has previously been guilty of such a breach of the conditions of license or of a contract under the ^{Arson} ^{Dynam} Act as to render him inadmissible as a holder of a license; or (2) that he is insolvent or in arrears to Government; or (3) that his bid is purely speculative; or (4) that he is a village officer or a member of a village officer of the village in which the shop is situated or which is supplied by the shop or of a neighbouring village; or (5) that he is a contract supplier of country spirits for the control area within which the shop is situated; or (6) that he is a brewer bidding for beer shops; or (7) that such a course is necessary to prevent arrangements to the detriment of Government interests; or (8) for any other valid reason.

II-Rev-1

III. The reserve price placed on each shop will not be published but the average annual rental during the previous five years will be notified by Collectors, whenever possible, for the information of bidders. The selling officer will fix the upset price of each shop.

IV. The shops will be put up to auction in the order in which they are notified unless the selling officer sees reason to change that order.

V. The highest bid will be provisionally accepted by the selling officer subject to confirmation by the Collector. Such subsequent confirmation after the close of the sale will be necessary even if the selling officer is the Collector himself. The Collector will be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at his discretion. If the selling officer before the close of the sale rejects under condition II the highest bid for any shop he may at his discretion either accept the next highest bid or resell the shop. In case of dispute the selling officer's decision will be final.

VI. Every person whose bid is provisionally accepted shall—

(a) at once if so required by the selling officer or otherwise at the close of the day's sale deposit (in addition to the deposit made under clause I) half a month's rent for each shop knocked down to him, unless the initial deposit equals or exceeds two months' rent;

(b) at once apply in writing for a licence for each shop knocked down to him, and within a week thereafter furnish the Tahsildar with the localities of the sites selected by him for the location of the shop;

(c) within fifteen days from the date of sale,

(i) if the Tahsildar is satisfied that he can be trusted to pay his rent periodically and fully, deposit each further sum as with the deposits already made will make up two months' rent of all shops knocked down to him; or

(2) otherwise deposit each further sum as with the deposits already made will make up four months' rent of all shops knocked down to him or produce a security or sureties, approved by the Tahsildar, to ensure a security bond for the due payment of all moneys that may become due by him under the terms of the licence for those shops and to ensure a mortgage deed of his or their immovable property in favour of the Government for the payment of all moneys due under the said licence by the purchaser with a power of sale in favour of the mortgagee in default of payment thereof by the surety or sureties or by the purchaser. The bond and the mortgage deeds shall be accepted and registered at the expense of the purchaser; he shall also be bound to execute a counterpart agreement.

VII. Deposits will be returned in any case in which the Collector refuses to confirm the acceptance of the bid.

VIII. At the close of the day's sale the selling officer will notify the date on which rental, if any are found necessary, will be held; when the bid of shops to be resold has been drawn up a copy of it will be sent to any holder who gives his name and address to the Tahsildar.

IX. The order of the Collector confirming or refusing to confirm the acceptance of a bid shall be final unless it is revised by the Commissioner for special reasons.

X. On the failure of any person to make a deposit or apply for a licence under condition VI or to comply with any requisites as to accounts any engagement under condition VI, the deposits already made may be forfeited and the shop may be resold under the order of the Divisional Officer or on a report from the Divisional Officer may be otherwise disposed of by the Collector. Rights under this condition will be of the rent of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all paid and, in the event of a loss, will be required to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the resale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposits will be deducted from the loss arising from the resale, and the remainder, if any, will be repayable in the same manner as if it were an over- or under-payment. Should however the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits will be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder will be similarly liable if the shop is disposed of otherwise than by resale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the original sale. Disposal otherwise than by resale includes leases.

XI. The purchaser of any allotment or option privilege is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth below, though a formal licence may not have been issued to him. In the event of the purchaser's death after issue of the licence, his heirs and assigns shall be responsible for all moneys that may become due to Government under the terms of the licence as well as for the proper observance of all the conditions of the licence.

XII. The deposits under condition VI (c) may be made either in cash or in recognised Government, Post Office, Municipal or Local Board Securities, or by depositing Postal savings bank pass-books or deposit certificates obtained from the Provincial Co-operative Bank (Madras Central Urban Bank) or from any of the Central Banks approved by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies. When deposit is not made otherwise than in cash, the Collector may demand that the sum to be of such higher face value than the cash deposit required as in the circumstances, after the Collector's opinion, to give due security. When the deposits under this condition are sufficient, which have not been refunded as well as deposits due under condition I and VI (c) be cash may be returned to the depositors. The securities or savings bank pass-books deposited must be delivered in the name of the Collector and Government promissory notes must be raised for payment of interest at the institution at which they are deposited, if so required. In

the case of Co-operative Bank deposit certificates the deposits must be made in the name of the Collector of the district, the contractor must agree in writing that he will not take the risks, if any, involved in the investment and the Bank must certify on the deposit certificate granted that the deposit is withdrawable at the Collector's demand.

XIII. Deposits in cash will be adjusted towards the instalments of bids due in the last months of the period of the lease. Deposits of annuities or savings bank, post-office or Co-operative Bank deposit certificates will be returned on payment in cash of the full amount of the next due and of any penalties or other sums recoverable under the terms of the license or of the conditions of such lease unless the depositors wish that Government should take them over, in which case they will be taken over at the date of the day, and the balance, if any, due to Government must be paid in cash. In cases of default under condition II of the conditions of auction sale or under condition 37 of the general conditions applicable to all sales and option licenses, all securities deposited are liable to be sold for any amount due to Government under the terms of the lease, the remainder, if any, due after such sale, being returned as arrears.

Condition of Issue of Licenses for Wholesale's Vend of Arrack.

XIV. Applications for the privilege of wholesale vend of country spirits should reach the Collector concerned on or before the 1st March 1924 and should be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 10 which will be returned to those persons whose applications for licenses are not approved. The grant of licenses confers no exclusive privileges, and it will be open to the Collector to grant licenses under like conditions to other persons at any time during the currency of the license for which applications are now invited. Licenses will be granted to private persons only if they have obtained the sanction of the district supply committee of the district to the opening of such depots and deposited such sanction as may be required by the Collector as security for the proper fulfilment of the conditions of the license. If such depots are not worked to the satisfaction of the Collector, they may be closed at any time. Wholesale depot licenses will not be granted to persons having interest in retail shops.

The licenses issued under the above clauses will contain the following general conditions common to all alcohol and opium licenses and the special conditions prescribed below for any particular kind of license:—

General Conditions applicable to all Alcohol and Opium Licenses.

1. Shops and depots must be opened by the date fixed by the Collector and must be kept open every day unless their temporary or permanent closure is authorized under sections 12, 13 or 41 above.

2. Except where deposits given in the possession or under the control of Government have been presented, purchasers of shops must make their own arrangements for seating persons who for their shops. They are at liberty to choose any site within the local limits notified by the Collector, provided the site selected is approved of by the Revenue and Police authorities. The limits of the site selected and approved will be entered in the license. The possession (except subject to the rules applicable to licensed persons) of sale of liquor, opium, or intoxicating drugs outside these limits is prohibited.

3. Places under any alcohol or opium license must be situated in an approved building of which the whole or the whole of a separate part must be suitably adapted for use as a depot or shop. In the case of arrack shops and houses in non-municipal, or towns having a population of 10,000 or over, there shall be no possible source of ingress or egress in any direction except into the main street: if there are other doors they shall be kept locked under the seal of an officer of the District, District and Customs Department; the interior of the shop shall be sufficiently lighted by day and the whole interior visible from the front door; the shop shall not be used as a place of residence save by the vendor and his family or servants. If there are routes of communication between the depot or shop and an adjoining dwelling house, they must be kept locked at night.

4. Except when two or more foreign liquor licenses are held by one person or in the case of licenses held by chemists and druggists and medical practitioners, sales under different licenses must be conducted in different premises.

5. Private bars in liquor shops may be allowed by the Collector under a special license to be granted by him free of fee provided that the interior of the bar is wholly visible from the doorway, and that the entrance to it is either through the main door of the shop or through a separate door provided with a proper sign to show the nature of the bar.

6. A signboard must be affixed to the front of each depot or shop showing the nature and number of the license under which sales are conducted there, the extent of the licensing and (except in the case of foreign liquor) the current rate of sale. These particulars must be legibly painted in the local vernacular and in the case of towns and wholesale depots in English also. The license must be hung up in a conspicuous place within the depot or shop.

7. The possession upon any licensed premises of any liquor, opium or intoxicating drug except that to which the license relates or of any container or substance used or capable of being used for collecting or forwarding liquor except in accordance with the terms of a compensating license is prohibited.

8. Stock supply of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs as the Collector may require notified to meet local requirements must be maintained in depots and shops.

9. No arrack shop, foreign liquor house or beer shop shall be opened before 9-30 a.m. and no other shop or depot shall be opened before sunrise.

10. (a) No depot or shop shall be kept open after 8 p.m. except under special authority. Collector may at their discretion order the closure of any depot at sunset and may on the request of the Police or other sufficient reasons order the closure of any shop at an earlier hour if they consider such a course to be advisable in the interests of law and order. The Board may for sufficient reasons order the general closure of any kind or kinds or all kinds of licensed premises at any earlier hour than 8 p.m.

(b) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner, Collector are authorized to notify at the time of the auction that specified shops will be closed on the occasion of specified festivals, and that the hours of sale at specified shops which are in the neighbourhood of a market or thereby will be limited on market days generally or that they will be liable to limitation on such occasions by orders issued during the currency of the issue, if it is found that the shops promote disturbance. Direction is allowed by Collector to order the closure of specified shops in the neighbourhood of a festival, with such other places, where large numbers of persons assemble, from 11-00 a.m. to 3-30 p.m. on such days, and on the occurrence of any day and at all times on Sundays except between 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. A special condition applying to these restrictions or prohibitions will be inserted by the Collector in the license granted to the owners of all such shops.

11. Depots and shops must be closed, if the Collector is advised, while a regiment or detachment of soldiers is present or is engaged in the vicinity. Collect or or Divisional Officers shall have power also temporarily to close any shops in towns of soldiers' settlements or barrack towns. Every depot and shopkeeper shall close his depot or shop, when a riot or disturbance occurs or appears likely to occur in the neighbourhood.

12. All liquor, opium and intoxicating drugs sold or kept for sale shall be of good quality and unadulterated. Nothing shall be added to liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs either to increase their intoxicating power or for any other purpose. This prohibition, however, does not apply to the compounding or blending of liquor or to the manufacture of intoxicating drugs from hemp, drugs and opium in accordance with the terms of a license. Any person shall not be deemed to be selling a landing license. No such different kinds of liquors be mixed and sold under the designation of one of them.

13. No woman shall be employed in any alcohol or opium shop for the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the special permission of the Collector unless she is a member of the owner's family.

14. The sale or transport of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by persons below the age of 18 or by persons suffering from epilepsy or any contagious disease and the employment in any capacity of such persons in shops or depots (except for the sale of the same) are prohibited. No persons who have been convicted under the Indian Penal Code shall be employed in the management or sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs without the Collector's previous permission. The Divisional Officer may, where necessary, call for the names of all persons employed as proposed to be employed in any depot or shop and forbid the sale of liquor, opium or intoxicating drugs by any person or persons he may designate.

15. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold as given—

(a) Except at shops specially approved by the General Officer Commanding the Division (or Independent Brigade) or the Officer Commanding the Commissionary's Area, and then only in respect to such liquors as shall be approved by the same authority in consultation with the local Executive Committee and specified in the license.

- (1) to soldiers of the Royal Navy, soldiers and members of their families; or
- (2) to any other persons living in barracks;

- (3) to persons whom a vendor knows, or has reason to believe, to be camp followers, i.e., any class of followers (other than private working) whether on or off duty, who have a right to be so maintained;

- (4) to Police men, Excise officers and Railway servants when on duty; or

- (5) to any other persons as may—

- (1) Empowerment request under sanction of the Police;
- (2) child or young person under eighteen years of age;

- (3) known person;

- (4) person known or believed to be intoxicated; or

- (5) person known or suspected to be about to take part in a riot or disturbance of the public peace or other crime.

Note.—The above clause (a) only be so apply to soldiers, their families and followers when they are absent on duty from their regiments.

16. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold in shops except for cash. The licensee shall be bound to give certificates of the sale of anything other than such to the nearest Magistrate or Police officer. This condition is not, however, meant to require undue sales in the ordinary course of business by shopkeepers or firms of standing and responsibility dealing in foreign liquor for correspondence of the premises.

17. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug shall be sold either below or above such minimum * or maximum† prices as may be fixed for sale of the same in accordance with the law for the time being in force.

18. No liquor, opium or intoxicating drug is exempt of the prohibition prescribed for persons without a license as specified below shall be issued in any person at any one time from any licensed

* For New Drugs—see Board's Regulations No. 6, dated 24th January 1921, as amended by Notification No. 24, dated 15th July 1921.

† Exceptional cases in the Agency lands of Gwalior, Nagpur and Oudh a volume sale of two rupees a gallon has been fixed.

intoxicating drugs, committing breaches of the ^{Abolition} laws and to comply with the District Officer's orders respecting the continued employment of such persons.

21. Temporary dealings by licensees of any kind whatever with officials of the Local Revenue and the Salt, Akbari and Customs Departments are absolutely prohibited.

22. With the sanction of the Board of Revenue, any license shall be renewable by the Collector at his discretion on giving the licensee at least *seven days'* notice of such extension, in which case a proportionate part of the fee paid will be refunded.

23. All licenses shall be issued by any additional general rules that may be prescribed under the ^{Abolition} laws and shall, if so required by the Collector or any officer authorized by him, deliver up their licenses for amendment or for the issue of fresh ones.

24. The officers authorized to inspect licensed shops and depots are—

- (1) any officer of the Revenue Department of rank not lower than Revenue Inspector, and
- (2) any officer of the Salt, Akbari and Customs Department of rank not lower than Sub-Inspector.

These officers are empowered to seize and examine the premises, to test the weights, measures, liquor, spirit and intoxicating drugs in the possession of the licensee, and to seal for and chain the respective bags in the shop or depot. Police officers will also make inspections when it seems within the scope of their duty.

25. All officers authorized to inspect depots and shops are authorized to detain any liquor, spirit or intoxicating drugs found unfit for consumption or use in which they may believe to have been tampered with in any of the ways referred to in condition 12 and all Collectors and Deputy and Assistant Commissioners of the Salt, Akbari and Customs Department are empowered to seize, seize, or destroy such liquor, spirit or intoxicating drugs.

26. All inspectors rate-books, with pages numbered consecutively, shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall be handed over to the Inspector of the circle or to any officer authorized by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

27. An infraction of any of the conditions of the license either by a licensee or by any person in his employment will render the licensee liable to—

- (a) forfeiture of the license for the first offence;
- (b) suspension of license and revocation of other disposal of the privileges of the shop or depot; and
- (c) punishment of the licensee or his agent for the specific offence committed.

The penalty for the whole term shall become due at once, when a license is forfeited under this condition.

Note.—For forfeiture of a license, rendering fees may be imposed.

28. Any license may be forfeited and the privileges be revoked or otherwise disposed of at the risk of the licensee if the licensee is convicted before a Magistrate of any offence against the *Prohibition Act*, or of any offence under the Indian Penal Code, which is the Collector's opinion renders him unfit to hold it, or if it is brought to the notice of the Collector that the licensee has been convicted prior to the issue of a license in like before a Magistrate of any of such offences.

29. Any sum due by a licensee may be adjusted from the deposit, if any, made by him as collected under the Revenue Recovery Act as an arrear of land revenue. The licensee shall be bound to receive any sum adjusted from his deposit within three days of receipt of notice from the Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar in independent charge.

30. Interest on all moneys due shall be payable at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.

31. Collectors may at the commencement of the season order the transfer of depots and shops from one locality to another or their closure or the opening of new depots and shops within limits as to number to be fixed by the Commissioner in his discretion. But no new shops should be opened unless notice of the sites selected has been published in the District Gazette six months before the commencement of the season and no such changes or order the removal of adjacent depots should be made during the currency of a license except under special sanction of the Commissioner. A Tahsildar may at any time permit or order the transfer of a shop within the limits assigned for the shop or the salt area.

32. The right is reserved to the Collector to grant "occasional licenses" for the sale of liquor, spirit and intoxicating drugs, on the occurrence of fairs, festivals, etc., in places in the vicinity of which there are no regularly licensed shops. Such licenses should be issued only when absolutely necessary and shall not be granted to the shopkeepers who already supply the locality. The licensee shall not only for each period not exceeding ten days or they are actually required. Not more than one license shall be issued for a fair or festival without the sanction of the District Officer.

The fee to be paid for the license shall be fixed at the discretion of the Collector.

Conditions applicable to Arrack Licenses.

1. The privilege extend only to the sale of country spirit of the prescribed strength. Those are 40° and 60° and 80° and 90° except in the tract in the South Arcot district bordering

II—Special conditions applicable to Armoak Wholesale Depot Licences.

1. Each cask in a depot shall have its capacity legibly cut, branded or painted on it. The licensee will be responsible for the correctness of such marks. The contents of casks at 88 gallons and upwards must be marked in the nearest half gallon, those of under 88 in the nearest quarter gallon.

2. In the following cases no arrangements of spirits situated at depots from distilleries and warehouses and, in the case of (D), from other depots shall be opened before they have been gauged and passed by an authorized Government officer:

- (A) In case of issues from the Vinapagon distillery to depots in the Danang Agency.
- (B) In case of issues from one part of British territory to another which must pass through Indian States or Foreign Settlements.
- (C) In case of issues from the Nakhappon distillery to the low duty trade of the South Armoak district.
- (D) In case of issues from the Borealis warehouse to the Musapala and Liapagiri maindars of the Klabo district.
- (E) In case of issues from the Samakhot distillery to depots in the Borealis Agency trade.

In all other cases the depotkeepers are required to verify the arrangements on receipt and carefully enter the result of the verification in their accounts; they may if they so desire postpone the gauging and passing till a cask is opened for issue in which case they are responsible for the contents as given in the certificate or warehouse receipt. All issues received in a leaky or ruptured cask must be verified immediately on arrival at the depot.

3. No consignments of spirits which have to be transported through Indian States or Foreign Settlements shall be issued without their being sealed by authorized officers.

4. Each depot must be furnished with a hydrometer of such pattern as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Salt, Alcohol and Opium Revenue, a thermometer and a bung-stick. Bungs, rods, and, if required, hydrometers and thermometers also will be supplied by the department on payment of the cost.

5. Wholesale depotkeepers shall obtain their supplies of liquor only from the distillery or warehouse authorized by the contract supplier in the contract area or from other wholesale depots in the same area, as shown in column 2 of the table in condition 2 of the conditions applicable to armok licences.

6. Spirits shall be sold only to licensed vendors in the district. But wholesale depotkeepers in towns where a lower rate of cost price is in force, shall not sell liquor to licensed vendors in the other towns of the district, where a higher rate of cost price is in force.

7. Wholesale depotkeepers shall send letters of advice once at the end of every fortnight to the Sub-Inspector of the district where the shop is situated, whenever a consignment is issued to a shop in a different range from the depot. Letters of advice stating in shape in the same range as the depot shall necessarily be written up by the depotkeeper at the time of writing the permit and advice sent to the Sub-Inspector or handed over to him when he next inspects the depot.

8. A wastage allowance up to 5 per cent on the quantity admitted in each cask received at the depot will be allowed to wholesale depotkeepers who shall submit in the Inspector of the area in which the depot is situated a statement showing (i) the number of the cask received at the depot, (ii) the quantity admitted in each cask, (iii) the quantity returned and (iv) the wastage sustained in each case. The statement should be submitted not later than the 5th of the month following that in which it relates. All cases of wastage in excess of the 5 per cent limit will be dealt with by Collectors, at their discretion, by a fine not exceeding double the duty payable on the excess wastage. If the casks have passed through areas in which different duties are in force, the fine may be calculated on the highest duty payable in any of such areas. Only one cask should be kept open at a time for issue. Depotkeepers should show clearly in their account books the cask from which each consignment or part of a consignment is issued.

9. Depotkeepers are required to seal at their own cost all consignments of liquor bound to shops. Collectors may require that a portion of each supply from a depot to a shop shall be in sealed bottles. The depotkeepers shall use a genuine seal, an impression of which shall be made not only on the jar or other receptacle in which liquor is issued, but also on the permit issued with the consignments. All depotkeepers will be required at the beginning of the year to furnish the Inspector of the area within which their depot is situated with two clear impressions of the seal to be used and will not be permitted to change the seal during the year.

10. Depotkeepers or their employees shall have no interest in retail armok shops.

Special Conditions applicable to Independent Armok Shop Licences.

1. No consignments of spirits transported through Indian States or Foreign Settlements shall be opened before they have been verified by authorized officers.

2. Shopkeepers shall have no interest in armok wholesale depots.

Conditions applicable to Tavern Licences.

1. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, coloring or flavoring or mixing any material therewith.

2. Every sample containing spirits flavoured, colored or compounded in India and received into or kept for sale in the tavern shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Spirits compounded in India." All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Government reserved area or kept for sale in the tavern shall bear a yellow label showing clearly the nature of the liquor contained therein, the quantity of measurement, the name of the bottler as entered in his licence and the place of bottling. The licensee is forbidden to alter either the nature of the bottled liquor purchased by him or the label upon the bottles, on pain of forfeiture of his licence.

8. If the licensee is desirous of obtaining a supply of account taddy arrack made in Malabar, he must make his own arrangements with the supply contractors. The contractors shall not be entitled to refuse to supply account taddy arrack except on the ground of want of stock. The liquor must be 2 gpi or more per gallon labelled "First manufactured in Malabar." The rate of duty is Rs. 15-0-0 per proof gallon.

9. The minimum strength at which imported and locally-made foreign spirits can be sold are 25° underproof for gin, 30° underproof for columnar whisky and account taddy arrack and 35° underproof for all other kinds of spirits including Sulist arrack, except distillery spirits.

10. The duty on "locally-made foreign liquor" is Rs. 15-0-0 per proof gallon.

Conditions applicable to Tavern Licenses in places where there are no Beer Shops and to Beer Shop Licenses.

1. Every licensed brewer will in the Treasury be bound on payment of the value in local tender or an account for each batch being given to supply Indian beer at a price not exceeding Rs. 50, per hundred, plus the excise duty in force at the time of issue, in all amounts licensed to sell such beer. But supplies which have obtained Indian beer from the Bangalore Brewery during 1923-24 may get their supplies from that brewery at a price not exceeding Rs. 30 per hundred plus the excise duty in force at the time of issue. Applicants shall be entitled to have Indian beer of good quality issued to them in the order of their applications and with all reasonable despatch. All supplies are to be of the quality of the beer supplied will be disposed of by the Board when duties shall be paid.

2. The licensee is prohibited from importing beer manufactured in India from places other than Bangalore without the previous permission of the Commissioner. The sale of such beer not so imported is also prohibited.

Special Conditions applicable to Tavern Licenses in places where there are no Beer Shops.

1. The privilege extends to the sale of foreign liquor, locally-made foreign liquor and account taddy arrack to be consumed on the premises and to sale to any person at a time when a one reported guest for removal from the premises.

2. Every receptacle containing beer brewed in India and received into or kept for sale at the shop shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Beer brewed in India."

Special Conditions applicable to Tavern Licenses in places where there are Beer Shops.

The privilege extends only to the sale of any foreign liquor, except beer and of locally-made foreign liquor and account taddy arrack to be consumed on the premises and to the sale for removal from the premises of not more than one reported guest at a time of such liquor or such arrack.

Special Conditions applicable to Beer Shop Licenses.

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of beer brewed in India to be consumed on the premises and to the sale for removal from the premises of not more than one reported guest at a time of such beer.

2. Every receptacle containing beer brewed in India and received into or kept for sale at the shop shall be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Beer brewed in India."

Special Conditions applicable to Beer Shop Licenses on the Nilgiris.

The licensee shall obtain beer from such brewery and at such price as the Collector may certify.

Conditions applicable to Gin Shop Licenses.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the Heavy Drags rules prescribed by the Board in Notification No. 1, dated 25th January 1913, published on pages 74-85 of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 12th January 1913, Part II, and by any additional, general or special rules which may from time to time be prescribed and notified.

2. The privilege conferred extends only to the sale of galls, blaug and other intoxicating drags prepared from the berry plant.

3. The licensee must obtain his supplies of galls and blaug from the storeshouse at Vellore and Bangalore or from other shops within the same district as the shop. The Collector may, however, at any time require any licensee to obtain his supplies from any one specified source.

4. During the closing month of the year (March) no licensee shall apply for more galls than is necessary to meet the legitimate requirements of the remaining days of the year. Every Indian for galls in March to the Storeshouse Officer or to any galls transporter shall be sent through the Inspector of the strick in which the shop is situated who may, at his discretion, refuse to pass it in full and may pass for supply only such quantity as he considers reasonable.

5. Owners of stocks at the Government storeshouse, so long as they have stock in hand, are bound by a condition of their license to supply galls to licensed retailers on payment, in local tender, of the value thereof at a price not exceeding Rs. 1-0-0 per cwt of 100 lbs or such other quantity as may be fixed either generally or with reference to any particular case. They may also be bound to supply with Indians for obtaining drags received from dispensaries in accordance with the rules in the order of their receipt and with all reasonable despatch and to appoint agents at the storeshouse to act for them during their absence, if any. Should they fail to do so, it will be open to the Storeshouse Officer to make intoxicating drags on their behalf when Indians are wanted during their absence.

6. At the Vellore storeshouse Government galls and blaug will be sold to licensed retailers at a fixed price of Rs. 1-0-0 per cwt of galls and blaug and 100 lbs of each. Licensees desiring to get beer from the storeshouse must pay both the duty and the cost price of the drags into the treasury at the time in which their shop is situated. They should forward the treasury receipts evidencing the payment of duty and cost price to the Storeshouse Officer who will make the issue from the stocks in the storeshouse.

7. No assignment of interest in drugs obtained from a Government stockhouse shall be spread before it has been verified and passed by an authorized Government officer. Refraction of this provision will subject the licensee to a fine which may extend up to Rs. 500.

8. No licensee shall keep any greater quantity of ganja, bang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant than may be fixed by the Collector. The Commissioner may, at any time, during the currency of the lease, if it finds that the license is a shop are abnormally high, restrict further lease unless good reason is shown by the licensee.

9. Licensees are prohibited from stocking up the licensed ganja shop for sale in their shops except in small quantities not exceeding the average daily sales in their shops. Other drugs may be manufactured from ganja and bang in shops and sold to other licensees under these rules.

10. No licensee shall destroy the seeds or any part of his stock of ganja. The seeds, if separated from the stock, as well as any part of the stock which the licensee desires to destroy, should be carefully preserved for examination and destruction by an inspecting officer.

11. No licensed collector or licensed stockholder shall hold any interest in any small shop.

12. If any ganja license is used as a cloak for illicit sale or if the licensee knowingly sells ganja to a ganja smuggler or if the Collector has reason to suspect that the licensee is guilty of any offence of that nature, he may, after recording his reasons, forthwith cancel the license and send or otherwise dispose of the proceeds at the risk of the licensee. The rest for the whole lease shall become due at once when a license is cancelled under this provision.

Conditions applicable to Opium Shop Licensees.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the rules prescribed under the Opium Act in Government Notification No. 8, dated 20 July 1918, published on pages 725-726 of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 10th July 1918, Part I, and any additional general or special rules which may from time to time be notified.

2. The privilege conferred extends only (a) to the retail sale of opium and (b) to the manufacture and retail sale of intoxicating drugs made from opium or the poppy other than morphine or preparations for smoking in shops duly licensed.

3. The price of opium at table entrenches will be Rs. 70 per half ounce and Rs. 25 per half ounce sale.

4. The licensee shall obtain his supply of opium from such table entrenches as may be ordered by the Collector in quantities of a half ounce and so forth as may be required by the rules regulating such issue, or from other shops within the district under the special orders of the Collector. No opium other than that obtained in the manner specified above shall be sold or received or possessed by the licensee. During the currency of the lease (March), the licensee shall not apply for more opium than is necessary to meet legitimate requirements of the remaining days of the lease. Every defect for opium in March will be carefully scrutinized by the officer in charge of the table entrenches who may, at his discretion, refuse to supply with it is full, and any issue such quantity as he considers reasonable.

5. The licensee shall not sell at one time to any person more than one half of opium or intoxicating drugs, except in the Agency towns of Mangalore, Vengalpet and Hosur where he may sell up to three times.

6. The licensee shall keep at any one time no greater quantity of opium and intoxicating drugs other than morphine or preparations for smoking than may be fixed by the Collector. The Board may, at any time during the currency of the lease, if it finds that the license is a shop are abnormally high, restrict further lease unless good reason is shown by the licensee.

7. If this license is used as a cloak for illicit sale or if the licensee knowingly sells opium to an opium smuggler or if the Collector has reason to suspect that the licensee is guilty of any of those offences, he may, after recording his reasons, forthwith cancel the license and send or otherwise dispose of the proceeds at the risk of the licensee. The rest for the whole lease shall become due at once when a license is cancelled under this provision.

8. The smoking or consumption of opium or its preparations in any form is positively licensed for sale and the sale of morphine or preparations for smoking are prohibited.

9. Attention is directed to Collectors to issue separate licenses to licensed chemists for the sale of opium and the manufacture and sale of opium preparations for medicinal purposes only.

Board (Separate Remuneration), Madras,
10th January 1924.

C. H. MASTERMAN,
Deputy Secretary.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 4.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1901.

[Price, 4 pice.]

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 12th JANUARY 1901.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Wheat sown 100 January 1901.—Wheat sown. Rainfall (include below average rainfall) covers almost Guntur, Tenali, and the West Coast. Transplanting paddy mainly in Godavari, Nallara, Trichingopoly, and Tenali; sowing rapid in Cuddapah, Nallara, South Arcot, and parts of the Central districts. Average (include of dry crops restricted in parts of the Central districts and the South), average (include of dry crops less than average and last year in the Deccan and the Central districts. Standing crops fair, but dry crops in parts of the Deccan and the Central districts except Trichingopoly, and wet paddy under water in the North Arcot district and in some parts of Cuddapah, Nallara, and Chingleput, and second crop partly in the West Coast adversely affected for want of rain. Harvest of first crop paddy in the Central districts; cotton fair to normal; harvested dry grains in parts of the Carnatic, the Deccan, the Carnatic, and the Central districts; cotton in the Deccan, and groundnut in parts of Anantapur, Cuddapah, South Arcot, the Central districts, and Tanjore; cotton generally fair except in Bellary, Anantapur, Bellary, and Chingleput, where it was poor to fair. Irrigation water generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and the Central districts, and parts of the Carnatic. Pasture generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan, Bellary, and Chingleput. Fodder generally available except three districts of Bellary, parts of Anantapur, Bellary, and Chingleput. Prices fairly steady. Prospects not encouraging in parts of Bellary, Anantapur, and the Central districts. The best outlook—one in Bellary and one in Anantapur in progress. Average daily attendance 1,614.

CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
MADRAS, 22nd January 1901.

R. D. ANSTEAD,
Director of Agriculture.

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANDHAM.

Rainfall is good. Water-supply sufficient. Household and public not irrigated. Sowing rapidly and summer crop. Average (include of dry crops) normal but less than last year. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cotton fair except in Bellary, where it was poor to fair. Irrigation water generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and the Central districts, and parts of the Carnatic. Pasture generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan, Bellary, and Chingleput. Fodder generally available except three districts of Bellary, parts of Anantapur, Bellary, and Chingleput. Prices fairly steady. Prospects not encouraging in parts of Bellary, Anantapur, and the Central districts. The best outlook—one in Bellary and one in Anantapur in progress. Average daily attendance 1,614.

TRICHINGOPOLY.

Rain is good. Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cotton fair except in Bellary, where it was poor to fair. Irrigation water generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and the Central districts, and parts of the Carnatic. Pasture generally sufficient except in parts of the Deccan, Bellary, and Chingleput. Fodder generally available except three districts of Bellary, parts of Anantapur, Bellary, and Chingleput. Prices fairly steady. Prospects not encouraging in parts of Bellary, Anantapur, and the Central districts. The best outlook—one in Bellary and one in Anantapur in progress. Average daily attendance 1,614.

ANANTAPUR.

Rain is good. Water-supply sufficient. Godavari 25 feet above normal. Transplanting of second crop paddy and sowing of paddy in parts. Average (include of dry crops) normal but less than last year. Standing crops fair. Harvest of first crop paddy almost completed; cotton fair to normal; cotton and sugarcane, fair. Prospects generally fair.

KISTNA.

Rain is good. Water-supply sufficient. Godavari 25 feet above normal. Sowing cotton and maize and planting of tobacco. Average (include of dry crops) normal but less than last year. Standing crops fair. Harvested first crop paddy; cotton normal; cotton and groundnut, fair. Prospects fair.

Standing crops generally fair; but crops in parts of Trincomalee, Mannar, and Ponder islands affected by frost of corn. Harvested paddy, rice, and cotton, cotton generally poor to fair. Fodder dear. Cattle are reported to be suffering for want of fodder and pasture in the islands of Mannar, Trincomalee, and Ponder. Employment available, but limited in parts of Mannar and Ponder islands. Prospects not so bright; rice crops well.

COCHRAN.

No rain in week. Water supply sufficient in parts of all islands and wells in parts of Trincomalee, Mannar, Ponder, Mannar, and Ponder islands; sufficient elsewhere. Some loss of water in the Ceylon in Mannar. Transferring paddy, rice, cotton, and tobacco in parts of Mannar. Average yields of dry crops estimated by about 12 per cent; average yields of wet crops slightly less than normal and that of paddy and sugarcane. Cattle and other crops generally fair, but dry crops seriously affected by frost of rain. The paddy and sugarcane on wet lands suffered for want of rain. Cattle and other crops in parts of Mannar and Ponder islands. Cattle apparently affected in parts of Mannar and Ponder islands. Employment not fairly available and wages falling. Some loss of water in parts of Mannar and Ponder islands. Prospects not so bright.

TRINCOMALEE.

No rain in week. Water supply sufficient crops in parts of the islands of Trincomalee and Trincomalee. Transferring paddy and rice; working cotton and cotton. Average yields of dry crops less than average and last year by 10 per cent; average yields of wet crops less than average by about 10 per cent. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cotton, and rice; cotton fair. Prospects fair; some rain needed in parts of Mannar and Ponder islands.

MANNAR.

No rain in week. Water supply sufficient. Discharge over the Grand Arlet 1-2 feet. Discharge over the end of the Lower Arlet is the Coleroon. Northern and Southern branches 6 feet in week. Average yields of dry crops less than average and last year by 10 per cent; average yields of wet crops satisfactory. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy continued in parts. Harvested paddy and tobacco fair. Prospects fair.

MANNAR.

No rain in week. Water supply sufficient crops in parts of Mannar. Average discharges through Ponder Hill Canal 1,181 cubic feet per second. Average yields of dry crops estimated by more than 12 per cent; average yields of wet crops less than average and last year by 10 per cent. Standing crops very good in the Ponder area and fair elsewhere. Prospects good in wet areas; satisfactory in parts of Mannar.

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COCHIN.

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THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 1.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1924. [PART, 1a. 2p.

Part IV.—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature.

CONTENTS

Bill No. 1 of 1924.—The Madras Irrigation Bill, with Statement of Objects and Reasons

PAGE

Bill to be introduced in the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations

Under rule 14 of the Madras Legislative Council Rules, the following Bill together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information:—

Bill No. 1 of 1924

The Madras Irrigation Bill

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to irrigation and the levy of water-cess in the Presidency of Madras; and whereas the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called the Madras Irrigation Act, 1924.

2. It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras and shall come into force on such date as the Local Government may, by notification, appoint.

3. The Madras Compulsory Labour Act, 1833, and the Madras Irrigation Cess Act, 1885, are hereby repealed.

IV—1

4. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Drainage-work" includes channels, either natural or artificial, for the discharge of waste or surplus water and all works connected with or auxiliary to such channels, and escape-channels from an irrigation work, dams, weirs, embankments, sluices, grates and all works for the protection of lands from flood or from erosion, formed or maintained by the Government, whether wholly or in part, but does not include works for the removal of sewage.

(2) "Estate" means—

(a) any permanently-settled estate or temporarily-settled zamindari;

(b) any portion of such permanently-settled estate or temporarily-settled zamindari which is separately registered in the office of the Collector;

(c) any unsettled paddyam or *Agri*;

(d) any *inam* village of which the grant has been made, confirmed or recognised by the British Government or any separated part of such village;

(e) any portion, consisting of one or more villages, of any of the estates specified above in clauses (a), (b) and (c) which is held on a permanent under-tenure.

(3) "Government land" means any land not forming *zame* included in an estate.

(4) "Irrigation-officer" shall mean any person appointed by the Local Government to exercise all or any of the functions of an Irrigation-officer under this Act.

(5) "Irrigation work" includes—

(a) all canals, channels, tanks, reservoirs and wells constructed by the Government whether wholly or in part and in respect of which the Government have not transferred the control and maintenance to any person or maintained or controlled by the Government whether wholly or in part or for the maintenance of which the Government have paid a contribution or have made an assignment of land or land-revenue, and used for the supply or storage of water;

(b) all works, embankments, structures, supply and escape-channels connected with such canals, channels, tanks, reservoirs or wells;

(c) all lands occupied by the Government for the purpose of such canals, channels, tanks, reservoirs or wells and all buildings, machinery, fences, gates and other erections occupied by or belonging to the Government, upon such lands;

(d) the whole or any part of a river, stream, lake or natural collection of water or natural drainage-channel, or any work in respect of which the Local Government have issued a notification under section 10.

(6) "Landholder" means a person owning an estate or part thereof and includes every person entitled to collect the income of the whole or any portion of the estate by virtue of any transfer from the owner or his predecessor in title or of any order of any competent court or of any provision of law.

(7) "Occupier" means in respect of any land any person who has an interest in the land and cultivates the land himself or by his servants, or by hired labour.

(8) "Owner" includes every person having a joint interest in the ownership of the thing specified; and all rights and obligations which attach to an owner under the provisions of this Act shall attach jointly and severally to all persons having such joint interest in the ownership.

(9) "Prescribed" means prescribed by the Local Government by rules made under this Act.

(10) "Registered holder" means any person in whose name Government land is for the time being registered in the revenue accounts.

Provided that when any person other than the registered holder is in lawful management of Government land otherwise than as agent or servant of the registered holder or as mortgagee or lessee, such person shall be deemed to be the registered holder in respect of such Government land.

(11) "Ryot" means a ryot as defined in the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908.

(12) "Village" means any local area which is now recognised by the Local Government as a village or which may hereafter be declared by the Government or subject to their control, by the Board of Revenue, to be a village for all or any of the purposes of this Act.

(13) "Water-course" means any channel which is supplied with water from an irrigation work, but which is not maintained at the cost of Government, and includes all subsidiary works connected with any such channel, except the sluice or outlet through which water is supplied to such channel.

5. The Local Government, or subject to such rules as may be prescribed any officer of Government whom the Local Government empowers in this behalf, may declare, by notification, the officers by whom, and the local limits within which, all or any of the powers or duties hereinafter conferred or imposed shall be exercised or performed.

CHAPTER II.

OF GENERAL RIGHTS AND THE ASSIGNMENT OF CONTROL OF WORKS FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

6. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Government have and are hereby declared to have the right to regulate at

their diversion for purposes of irrigation or drainage the collection, retention and distribution.

(a) of the water of any river, natural stream or natural drainage channel, lake or other natural collection of water, such river, stream, drainage channel, lake or other natural collection of water not being wholly situated in an estate or estates;

(b) of the water collected, retained or distributed in or by any tank, reservoir, channel or other work, such tank, reservoir, channel or work being now constructed by the Government and in respect of which the Government have not transferred the control and maintenance to any person or being now retained or controlled by the Government.

7. Whenever it appears expedient to the Local Government

(a) that the said right should be exercised in respect of any water as is specified in clause (c) of the last preceding section for the purpose of existing or projected irrigation or drainage, or

(b) that for the purpose of existing or projected irrigation or drainage, the Government should assume control over the water of any river, natural stream, natural drainage channel, lake or other natural collection of water, such river, stream, drainage channel, lake or other natural collection of water, being wholly situated in an estate or estates or that for the regulation or improvement of the flow of water to or from any existing or projected irrigation or drainage work, the Government should assume control over any work constructed or used for the purpose of irrigation or drainage or for the protection of lands from inundation, such work being one either constructed or controlled by the Government or having been constructed by the Government, the control and maintenance of it have been transferred by the Government to any person,

the Local Government may, by notification, declare that the said right will be so exercised or that the said control assumed, unless objection be made in the specified manner within two months from the date of the notification by any person interested. Such notification shall be published in the Fort St. George Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed.

8. After the issue of a notification under section 7, no person shall commence, restore, resume or alter any dam,

work, embankment, sluice, channel or any construction in connection with such water or work without the sanction of the District Collector. But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent the closing of breaches by such temporary measures as may be necessary for the continuance of irrigation.

9. All objections received under section 7 shall be considered and disposed of in such manner as may be prescribed.

10. If no objection is made as is mentioned in section 7 or if any such objection has been made and disallowed or withdrawn, the Local Government may, by a notification published in the Fort St. George Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed, declare that they will proceed to exercise the right or to assume the control referred to in the said section.

(a) from a date which shall be specified in the notification where the exercise of the said right is for the purpose of any existing irrigation or drainage,

(b) from the date of the final publication of the record under section 14 in all other cases.

After the date aforesaid the Local Government may exercise in respect of the water or work referred to in section 7 all or any of the powers conferred by this Act and the liability of the landholder or owner or other person in respect of the maintenance of such water or work shall cease except as provided in section 24, and devolve on the Local Government.

11. From the date of the issue of the notification under the last preceding section no right as against Government to a supply from any water or from or through any work as is referred to in the notification shall be deemed to exist or to have been acquired except to the extent to which such water has been appropriated prior to the issue of the notification or except by grant made subsequent thereto.

Explanation.—The water of any source referred to in clause (a) of section 6 shall be deemed to have been appropriated where such water is supplied to a defined channel above ground for purposes of irrigation in an estate, the extent of such appropriation being determined in the manner specified below:—

(i) Where such channel was in existence at the time of the permanent or temporary settlement or lease settlement

as the case may be of such estate and was included in the grant of such estate at such settlement, the extent of such appropriation shall be determined with reference to physical conditions existing at the time of such settlement such as the size of the channel and the nature and dimensions of the sluices and weirs governing the water which enters the channel.

(2) Where such channel was in existence at the time of the permanent or temporary settlement or lease settlement as the case may be of such estate and was not included in the grant of the estate at the time of such settlement, the extent of actual use at the time of such settlement shall be deemed to be the extent of such appropriation.

(3) Where such channel came into existence subsequent to such settlement the extent of such appropriation shall be the quantity of water required for the cultivation of the largest area irrigated free of water cess in such estate from such channel in any one year from the date on which the channel came into existence up to the date of the issue of notification under section 10. In determining such quantity of water regard shall be had not only to the extent of land so irrigated, but also to the nature and number of irrigated crops usually grown on such land free of such cess and the mode of irrigation.

(4) In the case of any water or work referred to in clause (3) of section 7, such work being situated in an estate, the extent of such appropriation shall be determined with reference to its capacity, condition and ordinary supply and the nature and number of crops irrigated and the mode of irrigation from such water or work. Where such work is situated on Government land, the extent of such appropriation shall be determined with reference to the conditions subject to which the construction of such work was permitted by the Government or subject to which such work has been recognised by Government as a private work or the control and maintenance of such work have been transferred by Government.

Provided that where the extent of land entitled to irrigation free of cess in an estate from any water or work referred to in this section has been determined under sub-section (2) of section 54 or a determination of the extent of such land has become final under sub-section (3) of the said section nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to confer a right to a larger supply than is required for the

irrigation of such extent in accordance with the terms of such determination.

12. (1) After the issue of notification under section 7 in respect of any water referred to in clause (3) of the said section for the purpose of projected irrigation or drainage or in respect of any water or work referred to in clause (4) of the said section the Local Government shall, for the purpose of determining the extent of appropriation of water as defined in the last foregoing section, cause a record to be prepared by such officer as may be prescribed and in the manner hereinafter described.

(2) The record shall be in such form as may be prescribed and shall, as far as may be, specify the following particulars in addition to any others which the Local Government may by order direct—

(a) where such water surface or passes through or is situated in an estate or is a source of supply for the irrigation of lands in an estate

(i) the name of such estate and of the landholder thereof,

(ii) the dams, weirs, embankments, sluices or other works in connection with such water, their nature and dimensions,

(3) In respect of any water referred to in clause (2) of section 7 irrigating lands in an estate,

(i) the site and other physical conditions of channels supplied from such water for the irrigation of such lands, the dimensions of head works, sluices, dams and other works in connection with such channels, the persons by whom such channels were constructed and by whom they are maintained or controlled, and whether such channels were in existence at the time of the permanent or temporary settlement or lease settlement as the case may be of such estate or came into existence subsequent to such settlement and in the former case whether they were included in the grant of such estate,

(ii) the lands irrigable in such estate from such channels and the extent of such lands,

(iii) the lands irrigated in such estate from such channels in each of the years from the date of the permanent or temporary settlement or lease settlement as the case may be or, where such channels came into existence subsequent to such settlement, from the date on which they came into existence, up to the date of

the issue of the notification under section 13, the extent of each land and the nature and the number of crops grown on such lands in each of these years and the mode of irrigation.

(iv) the lands irrigated from such channels on which water-cess has been levied by the Government in such estate in each of these years and the extent of such lands.

(v) if any determination of the extent entitled to irrigation free of the cess from such channels in such estate has at any time been made, particulars of such determination.

(vi) the extents of Government lands irrigated from such channels and their situation with reference to the estate lands irrigated from such channels.

(vii) in respect of a river, natural stream, natural drainage channel, lake or other natural collection of water or work referred to in clause (d) of section 7, such work being situated in an estate—

(i) its capacity, the nature and extent of its customary supply, and the mode of irrigation from it,

(ii) the nature and extent of supply, if any, which it receives from an irrigation work,

(iii) the nature and extent of supply received by an irrigation work from it,

(iv) the particulars mentioned in sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of clause (a) above,

(v) the particulars mentioned in sub-clauses (ii) to (iv), both inclusive, of clause (d) above, which particulars shall include not only irrigation through channels, but also irrigation by other means.

(f) in respect of any work referred to in clause (2) of section 7, such work being one situated on Government land, the survey number and the name of the registered holder of the land situated in the watershed or the system of such work, the assessment (wet or dry) and the water-cess levied by the Government on such land and the conditions subject to which the construction of such work was permitted by the Government, or subject to which such work has been resigned by the Government as a private work, or the control and maintenance of such work has been transferred by the Government.

Explanation.—A record shall be deemed to have been prepared for the

purpose of this section when it is finally published under sub-section (3) of section 14.

13. The officer preparing the record and any person acting under his orders may for the purpose of preparing the record enter upon any land, make surveys or take levels thereon, dig and bore into the sub-soil, make cut and set up suitable landmarks, level marks and water gauges and do all other substance may be necessary for any inquiry in regard to the preparation of such record.

14. (1) The officer preparing the record shall, after making such inquiry as he sees fit, complete a preliminary record and submit it for confirmation to the Local Government or other authority prescribed. The record as so confirmed or modified shall be published in such manner and for such period as may be prescribed.

(2) The officer preparing the record shall receive and consider any objection to any entry in the preliminary record in the prescribed manner. He shall submit his decision on the objections to the Local Government or other authority prescribed and make the necessary corrections in the preliminary record after confirmation or modification by the Local Government or such authority. The record as so corrected shall be finally published in such manner as may be prescribed and the publication shall be conclusive evidence that the record has been duly made under this chapter.

(3) Subject to the provisions of section 15, every entry in a record so published shall be conclusive evidence of the matter referred to in such entry.

* 15. (1) Any person aggrieved by an entry in the record as finally published may, within six months from the date of the final publication, institute a suit in the principal civil court of original jurisdiction within the land limits of whose jurisdiction the water or work or any part thereof is situate.

(2) The final decree of the court shall be embodied in the record by the Local Government or such officer as the Local Government may prescribe.

16. Any notification issued under section 10 in relation to the assumption of control over any water or work referred to in clause (d) of section 7, shall cease to be in force where the project or

scheme of improvement or regulation for purpose of which such outlet has been enclosed is not commenced within six years of the date referred to in the said notification.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE CONTROL AND SUPPLY OF WATER AND OF WORKS THEREON.

17. (1) The Local Government may, after publishing a notice to that effect and giving an opportunity to the persons interested to state their objections, construct, repair, modify, remove or close any irrigation or drainage work, change the irrigation or drainage work from which water is supplied and take any other measures they may consider necessary in order to control the distribution and to regulate the flow of water from any irrigation or drainage work;

Provided that before ordering the closure of any irrigation or drainage work the Local Government shall cause an inquiry to be held by the District Collector who shall cause notices to all persons known or believed to be the owners of the lands affected in the prescribed manner and hear their objections.

No right to receive a supply of water from any particular irrigation work shall deter Government from exercising all or any of the powers conferred by this section.

(2) The irrigation-officer in charge of any irrigation work shall have power to stop the supply of water in the following cases:—

Wherever and so long as such stoppage is necessary for the purpose of—

(a) executing any work ordered by the Local Government or by any irrigation-officer duly empowered in this behalf;

(b) supplying in relation to the reasonable requirements of persons entitled to a supply of water where such supply in relation is customary or is necessitated by the state of the season or the amount of supply available in the irrigation work;

18. Any irrigation-officer, and any person acting under the special order of an irrigation-officer, may enter upon any lands adjacent to, or in the neighbourhood of, any irrigation or drainage work or through which any irrigation or drainage work is proposed to be made, and make surveys or take levels thereon;

and dig and bore into the sub-soil; and make and set up suitable land-marks, level-marks and water-gauges;

and do all other acts necessary for any inquiry relating to any existing or projected irrigation or drainage work under the charge of the said irrigation-officer;

and where such inquiry cannot otherwise be completed, the irrigation-officer or such other person may cut down and clear away any trees, jungle, fences, or standing crops.

19. In case of any actual or apprehended damage to an irrigation or drainage work, or whenever necessary for the regulation, maintenance or management of such work or for the purpose of inspecting or regulating the supply, or in case of urgency when any new work is immediately required to prevent serious detriment to the efficiency of an irrigation or drainage work, any irrigation-officer, or any person acting under his general or special orders, may at any time enter upon any lands adjacent to, or in the neighbourhood of, such irrigation or drainage work and may execute all works which may be necessary for the purpose of repairing or preventing such damage as for constructing any new work in case of urgency or for the inspection or regulation of the supply or for the regulation, maintenance or management of the irrigation or drainage work.

20. Any irrigation-officer or Collector or any person acting under the general or special orders of any of them may also at any time enter upon any land irrigated by any irrigation or drainage work for the purpose of measuring such land.

21. Any irrigation-officer, and any person acting under his special orders in this behalf, may, as prescribed, enter upon any land for the purpose of—

(a) depositing upon it soil or other things taken from such work or materials required for use on such work; or

(b) obtaining from it earth, stones or other material for repairing or altering such work.

22. If any irrigation-officer or other person, in the exercise of powers conferred under this chapter, proposes to enter, otherwise than with the consent of the occupier, on any land or into any building or enclosed court or garden

attached to a dwelling-house into which the water does not flow from any irrigation work, he shall previously give the occupier of such land, building, court or garden reasonable notice in writing of his intention to do so, provided that no such notice shall be necessary for entry on land in an emergency.

23. If any damage, alteration, enlargement or obstruction to any irrigation or drainage work is unauthoritatively caused by any person, and if such person cannot, after such inquiry as the Collector may deem sufficient, be ascertained or identified, the Collector may, after notice to the occupiers of all lands the crops on which have in his opinion benefited by such damage, alteration, enlargement or obstruction, and after hearing any representations which they may desire to make or after the expiry of such time for the submission of representations as may be prescribed hereafter, cause such occupiers the cost of repairing such damage or of removing such alteration, enlargement or obstruction. An appeal shall lie from every order of a Collector under this section to the District Collector, whose decision shall be final.

24. If any irrigation work serves partly land in an estate and partly Government land and requires repair, the Collector may, after furnishing the landholder of such estate with copies of the plan and estimate and giving him an opportunity to urge his objections, execute the repair, and the charges incurred in the execution of such repair shall, in the absence of any submitting agreement to the contrary, be divided between the Government and the landholder in proportion to the extent of land irrigated from the work on which water-own or wet assessment is levied by Government and the extent of estate land which is entitled to irrigation from the work free of such cost, provided that where the water of the irrigation work is enjoyed by the Government and the landholder in definite shares the charges shall be apportioned in such shares.

CHAPTER IV.

OF WATER-COURSES.

25. Any person desiring the construction of a water-course may apply in writing to the irrigation-officer requesting him to construct the water-course, and to do all things necessary for such construction at the cost of the applicant.

26. (1) If the irrigation-officer considers that the construction of such water-course is expedient, he may call upon the applicant to make such deposit as he considers necessary to cover the cost of the preliminary proceedings and the amount of the compensation if any likely to become payable, and upon such deposit being made, he shall cause inquiry to be made as to the most suitable alignment for the said water-course, and shall cause to be marked out the land which, in his opinion, will be necessary for the construction thereof, and shall forthwith publish a notice in the prescribed manner in every village through which the water-course is proposed to be taken that so much of such land as belongs to such village has been so marked out, and shall send copies of such notice to every person known or believed to be occupier of land through which the water-course is proposed to be taken and also to the Collector of every district in which such land is situate for publication in the District Gazette.

(2) The said notice shall also call upon every person who wishes to receive a supply of water through such water-course to make his application in that behalf to the irrigation-officer within thirty days of the publication of such notice. If any such applicant appears, and his application is admitted, he shall be liable to pay his share in respect of the construction of such water-course, and of the cost of acquiring the land for the same.

(3) When the preliminary proceedings are completed, an estimate of the cost shall be furnished to the applicant by the irrigation-officer. Such cost shall include the cost of works, if any, to be constructed for the passage, across the water-course, of water or drainages which it may intercept, and for affording proper communications.

27. Within thirty days from the publication in the District Gazette of the notice referred to in section 26, any person likely to be affected by the construction of the proposed water-course or interested in the land on which it is proposed to construct such water-course may apply to the District Collector by petition stating his objection to the proposed construction. The District Collector shall inquire into the objection after giving previous notice to

the person concerned in the prescribed manner and to the irrigation-officer of the time and place at which such inquiry will be held.

Where the proposed water-course is intended to pass through more districts than one, the Collector of the district in which the head of the proposed water-course will be situated shall be the District Collector for the purposes of this section.

The District Collector shall record in writing all orders passed by him under this section and the grounds thereof.

28. The District Collector shall communicate his order to the irrigation-officer who may, if he sees fit, after the alignment of the proposed water-course. Where such alignment is made, the District Collector shall, after notice to the persons likely to be affected by the alignment, decide whether or not such water-course shall be constructed.

29. Land required for the purpose of a water-course shall be deemed to be land required for a public purpose within the meaning of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, and may be acquired under the provisions of the said Act.

30. Where the lands to be acquired, if any, are situate in different districts, the acquisition shall be made by the Collector of the several districts in which the lands may lie.

31. When the land has been required or provided by the applicant or applicants the irrigation-officer shall either permit the applicant or applicants to construct the said water-course, or shall himself construct it.

Provided that no applicant shall be permitted to construct a water-course until he has paid any sum which may be due on account of the acquisition of the land.

Provided also that it shall be open to any applicant to withdraw his application before the work of construction is commenced, if he considers the cost of acquisition or the cost of the work excessive.

32. If the irrigation-officer shall himself construct such water-course, he shall, on its completion, give to the applicant under section 25 and to the applicant, if any, under sub-section (4) of section 26 notices thereof, and also make a demand of any further sum payable by him or

them on account of the cost of acquiring the land and constructing the water-course and the works referred to in paragraph (5) of section 26.

33. (1) When any applicant is permitted to construct a water-course the following conditions shall be binding on him and his representatives in interest:—

First.—The water-course and the works referred to in paragraph (2) of section 26 shall be constructed by the applicant to the satisfaction of the irrigation-officer within one year after the grant of permission. Provided that the irrigation officer may, in his discretion, extend this period.

Second.—Land acquired for the purpose of constructing a water-course under the provisions of section 24 shall be used only for such purpose.

(3) If any of the conditions prescribed by this section are not complied with, the irrigation-officer may after notice to the applicant or his representatives in the prescribed manner himself construct the water-course and the works connected with it and recover the cost from the applicant or his representatives in interest.

34. The procedure provided in sections 25 to 33 shall apply to any application for the extension, improvement or alteration of a water-course.

35. (7) Any irrigation-officer empowered in this behalf, and any person acting under the special orders of such irrigation-officer may himself construct such water-courses as he may deem necessary including the works specified in paragraph 2 of section 26 or may extend, improve or alter any existing water-course or work.

(3) The procedure to be followed in such cases shall be, as far as may be, the procedure prescribed in sections 26 to 30 except where measures are taken for the alignment, construction, extension, alteration or improvement of a water-course supplied or proposed to be supplied from a Government channel connected with an irrigation work during the construction of the channel or within three years after it has been opened for irrigation in which latter case the District Collector may acquire the land required for the water-course in the manner laid down in section 29 as if no objection has been made to the alignment.

36. The Collector may order the recovery of the cost of constructing, extending, altering, or improving any water-course under section 35 and other works referred to therein including the amount of any compensation payable or that may have been paid for this purpose, in proportion to the area of land supplied with water from such water-course, from the owners or occupiers of each land.

Any order passed by the District Collector under this section shall be subject to appeal to the Board of Revenue whose decision shall be final.

37. Any person desiring to receive a supply of water through an existing water-course to which he was not entitled theretofore and who has neither reasonable means of irrigating his land may apply to the Irrigation officer. The Irrigation officer shall thereupon serve notices in the prescribed manner on all persons known or believed to be the owners or occupiers of the lands supplied with water from such water-course requiring them to show cause, on a day not less than fifteen days from the service of such notice, why the said supply should not be so conveyed; and, after making such inquiry as he thinks fit, if satisfied that the supply can be given without material injury to other lands, shall make an order determining whether, and on what conditions, the said supply shall be conveyed through such water-course.

An appeal shall lie from any order made by the Irrigation officer under this section to the District Collector, whose decision shall be final.

The Irrigation officer shall make any allocation of the water-course as may be necessary in pursuance of the order on appeal.

The applicant shall not be entitled to a supply of water by reason of any order made under this section until he has complied with the conditions, if any, imposed by the Irrigation officer and until he has paid the expense of any alteration of such water-course that may be necessary to his being supplied through it.

38. No water-course constructed or altered under the provisions of sections 31, 34, 35 or 37 may be altered without the consent of the Irrigation officer.

39. The Irrigation officer may at any time withdraw from the construction of the water-course or work after

recording his reasons in writing which shall be published in the prescribed manner.

40. Every owner or occupier of land which receives a supply of water through a water-course shall be bound—

(a) to maintain all works necessary for the passage across such water-course of any public road or irrigation or drainage work in use at the time of its construction, and of the drainage intercepted by it, and for affording proper communications;

(b) to maintain such water-course in a fit state of repair.

41. If any of the obligations imposed by section 40 is not fulfilled, any Irrigation officer duly empowered in this behalf may require the defaulter by notice in writing to execute the necessary work or repair within a period to be specified in such notice of not less than fifteen days, and in the case of failure, may execute the same on his behalf. Until such work or repair is executed, the Irrigation officer may stop the supply of water to the water-course. All expenses incurred by the Irrigation officer in the execution of such work or repair shall be recoverable from the defaulter. Where there are a number of persons in default, such recovery shall be made in proportion to the area of land held by each of them under the water-course in question.

CHAPTER V.

OF WATER-DUES.

42. (1) It shall be lawful to the Government to levy a cess upon all land to which water is supplied or upon which water is used for purposes of irrigation from any irrigation or drainage work.

Water from an irrigation or drainage work shall be deemed to be used for purposes of irrigation, whenever such water, by direct or indirect flow, or by percolation, leakage or drainage, flows or seeps through adjoining land, irrigates any land under cultivation, or flows into a reservoir or channel and is thereafter used for irrigating such land and is, in the opinion of the Collector, beneficial to and sufficient for the requirements of the crop on such land:

Provided that no such cess shall be levied

(a) on Government land registered as wet unless such land, being registered as single-crop wet land, is cultivated with two or more irrigated crops,

(B) on land in an estate irrigated with the water appropriated under section 11,

(C) on land specifically exempted by the Government from payment of such cess as far as such exemption extends,

(D) on land in an estate irrigated from a work the water of which is shared between the landholder and the Government, without exceeding the supply to which the landholder is entitled as such co-sharer,

(E) on land in an estate determined as entitled to irrigation free of the cess under sub-section (2) of section 54 or in respect of which a determination has become final under sub-section (5) of the said section except for water supplied or used for more than the number of crops entitled to water free of cess under such determination or for a wet crop where the crop entitled to water free of cess under such determination is a dry crop.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the above proviso, if at any time any new irrigation work is constructed by the Government or an old one so improved as to be placed in a higher class, the Government may revise the settlement classification and levy enhanced assessment upon land classified and registered as wet in the Government accounts or levy a charge for water upon land in an estate entitled to irrigation free of cess under clause (C) of the said proviso.

(3) The Government may prescribe from time to time the rules under which and the rates at which cess shall be levied under this section and different rates for different irrigation or drainage works or different areas may be prescribed.

(4) A cess due under this section shall be leviable at any time before the end of the revenue year succeeding that in which irrigation takes place, and the revenue year shall be the year ending on the 30th June or on such other date as may be prescribed by the Local Government.

43. (1) In the case of land included in an estate, the cess due under this Act shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the Madras Revenue Recovery Act, 1884, be leviable as prescribed—

(a) from the landholder, or

(b) from the ryot, or

(c) partly from one and partly from the other.

(2) The amount payable by a landholder or a ryot under this Act shall be a first charge upon his interest in the land.

(3) Nothing contained in this section shall affect the rights and liabilities of the landholder and the ryot *inter se* under any contract, express or implied, in regard to the payment of water-cess.

44. No civil court shall take cognizance of any suit or application questioning the rate of water-cess levied under this Act.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF IRRIGATION WORKS OF SPECIAL TERMS.

45. Whenever it appears to the Local Government that the construction, improvement or maintenance of an irrigation work in any local area is not likely to be remunerative unless the lands irrigable by such work payment of water-cess at a certain specified rate is guaranteed, the Local Government may direct the Collector or any other person to make inquiry whether it is desirable to undertake the construction, improvement or maintenance of the work.

46. The Collector or other person appointed to make the inquiry shall publish a notice in the village or villages concerned and in such other manner as may be prescribed, specifying the place at which and the date (which shall not be earlier than sixty days after the date of such publication) on which the inquiry will be held. The notice shall set forth the general scheme of the proposed construction, improvement or maintenance, an estimate of the capital or recurring expenditure involved, the area which will be benefited by the scheme (hereinafter called the benefited area), the rate at which it is proposed to levy water-cess in respect of the land within the benefited area, and the period for which such rate shall not be revised and shall invite the holders of such land to submit any objections or suggestions that they may desire to make on or before a date prescribed in the notice and to produce evidence, if any, in support of such objections or suggestions on the date appointed for the holding of the inquiry. A copy of the notice shall also be served on all persons known or believed to be the holders of lands within the benefited area either by personal service or when from the number of persons or any other cause such service is not practicable in such manner as the Collector may, in each case, direct.

Explanation.—In this chapter the expression 'holders of land' means (1) registered holders, (2) ryots and (3) in respect of land which is private land as defined in the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908, the headholder of the estate in which such land is situate.

47. Every holder of land within the benefited area who fails within the period allowed by the notice to submit any objection or suggestion in the manner prescribed shall be deemed to have given his consent to the proposed scheme.

48. If the Collector or other person appointed to make the inquiry, after considering any objections or suggestions duly submitted and evidence, if any, produced and taking such further evidence as he thinks necessary, finds that the holders of at least two-thirds of the land within the benefited area consent to such construction, improvement or maintenance and to the payment of the proposed water-cess, he shall embody his proceedings in a report to be submitted to the Local Government and shall also forward a statement of objections and suggestions presented to him with any remarks that he may desire to make in respect of them.

49. Upon receipt of the report referred to in the previous section the Local Government may, after such further inquiry, if any, as may appear to them necessary, either abandon the scheme or proceed with it in its original form or with such modifications as they may consider necessary; provided that, where the modifications involve a substantial increase in the benefited area or in the rate of water-cess to be imposed, the provisions of sections 46 to 45 shall apply to the altered scheme.

50. (1) The scheme as finally approved by the Local Government shall be published in the official gazette of the district concerned and in such other manner as may be prescribed and shall embody the following particulars:—

(a) a specification of the work which it is proposed to construct, improve or maintain and the estimate of the capital or recurring expenditure involved thereby;

(b) the estimated time required for the completion of the work;

(c) a description of the benefited area;

(d) the rate at which water-cess will be imposed on the land in the benefited area, and the period for which such rate shall not be revised; and

(e) the fact that the consent of the holders of such land has been obtained as provided in this chapter.

(2) The publication under subsection (1) of a scheme as approved shall be conclusive proof that any consent recorded thereon has been duly obtained and that the scheme will benefit the area specified therein.

51. (1) The Local Government may from time to time modify any approved scheme notified under section 50 or substitute another scheme in its stead, and the provisions of this Act applicable to a scheme notified under section 50 shall thereafter be applicable to any scheme so modified or substituted.

(2) Provided that any consent, publication or other thing required by this Act in respect of a scheme shall be necessary also in respect of the modification of a scheme or the substitution of a new scheme for an existing one.

52. After the scheme has been carried out the Collector may, subject to the control of the Board of Revenue and the Local Government and subject to such rules as may be prescribed, levy from the holders of land within the benefited area water-cess at the rate specified in section 50;

Provided that the Collector shall exempt from charge any land in the benefited area which in his opinion is unable to derive any benefit from the irrigation work.

53. No objection shall be taken to the rate of water-cess nor shall the liability of any person to pay the cess be questioned in any civil court.

Provided that nothing in this section shall prevent any person from obtaining a declaration in the civil court that he is not liable to pay such cess on the ground that he is not the holder of the land in respect of which the charge has been made and the Collector shall be bound by such declaration.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE DETERMINATION AND LOCALIZATION OF LANDS IN AN ESTATE ENTITLED TO IRRIGATION FREE OF WATER CESS.

54. (1) The Local Government may, whenever they consider it necessary, direct that the extent of land in an estate

entitled to irrigation free of rate with the water appropriated under section 11 or from a shared work under proviso (d) of sub-section (1) of section 42, the description (dry or wet) and number of crops entitled to such irrigation and the mode of irrigation shall be determined.

(2) Such determination shall be made by the District Collector in the prescribed manner, subject to the control of the Board of Revenue and the Government. Where the determination is not accepted by any person interested, the Collector shall refer the matter for the decision of the principal civil court of original jurisdiction within the limits of whose jurisdiction the land is situate.

(3) Any determination made prior to 1st May 1917 in respect of which no suit or appeal was pending on that date shall be final.

55. (1) No civil court shall have or may exercise jurisdiction in any matter concerning the limitation of land in an estate entitled to irrigation free of rate.

(2) All such limitation shall be made in such manner as may be prescribed and any limitation made before the coming into force of this Act shall have the same effect as if it had been made under this Act.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE AWARE OR COMPENSATION.

56. Except as otherwise provided in this Act and subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, compensation may be awarded in respect of damage caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

Provided that—

(1) No claim for compensation for any damage shall be entertained after the expiration of one year from the date of the exercise of any power conferred by this Act in respect of which compensation is claimed, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

(2) No compensation shall be awarded for any loss or damage sustained in consequence of—

(a) the stoppage or diminution of a supply of water from an irrigation work when such supply has been received or derived for the first time after the passing of this Act;

(b) the stoppage or diminution of a supply of water for irrigation to any Government land registered as wet in the public accounts when such land has not been irrigated at any time within five years immediately preceding such stoppage or diminution; or to any land registered as dry in the public accounts; or where no public accounts are maintained to any land which shall not have been regularly irrigated for the ten years immediately preceding such stoppage or diminution;

(c) the stoppage, diminution or increase of a supply of water due to causes beyond the control of Government, or due to accident to repair or render effective any irrigation or drainage work;

(d) the stoppage, diminution or increase of a supply of water for the period necessary to the execution of repairs to any irrigation or drainage work;

(e) the temporary stoppage or diminution of a supply of water within periods fixed from time to time by the Local Government of which due notice has been given;

(f) the stoppage, diminution or increase of a supply of water whenever and for so long as is necessary to meet in rotation the reasonable requirements of persons entitled to water for irrigation as provided in sub-section 2 (v) of section 17;

(g) the stoppage or diminution of a supply of water to any water-course under section 41;

(h) the stoppage or diminution of floods or of a supply of surface water not flowing in a stream and not permanently collected in a pool, tank or otherwise or of underground water not passing in a defined channel;

(i) the stoppage of navigation or of the means of floating timber;

(j) deprivation of silt or diminution of the fertilizing properties of water.

(3) Where in consequence of the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act any supply of drinking water is materially diminished or deteriorated and no other convenient, adequate and suitable supply be available, the Local Government shall provide within convenient distance, an adequate supply of drinking water in lieu of that so diminished or deteriorated and no person shall be

entitled to claim any further compensation in respect of the said diminution or deterioration.

57. In every case of entry under sections 13, 18, 19, 20, 21 or 25 the officer making such entry shall ascertain and record the extent of the damage, if any, caused by the entry or by anything done under the above sections, and within one month from the date of such entry compensation shall be tendered by such officer to the owner of the property damaged. In case of dispute as to the extent of the damage or the sufficiency of the amount tendered, he shall forthwith refer the dispute to the Collector.

The Collector shall make inquiry as to the matters in dispute and decide the amount of the compensation.

Against the decision of the Collector an appeal shall lie to the District Collector whose decision shall be final.

58. Subject to the provisions of section 57 and save as otherwise provided, all claims to compensation for any damage sustained by reason of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Act shall be preferred to the Collector having jurisdiction over the local area wherein the land or part thereof in respect of which compensation is claimed is situate.

59. The Collector shall inquire into all claims under the preceding section and determine the amount of the compensation, if any, which should be awarded.

60. In cases where a temporary stoppage or diminution of a supply of water has been ordered under circumstances entitling a person to compensation under the provisions of this Act, if the compensation awarded by the Collector is not accepted by the claimant, the Collector shall refer the matter for the decision of the Principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the land or part thereof in respect of which compensation is claimed is situate.

61. Except in cases falling under sections 57 and 60 of this Act, the provisions of sections 9 to 14 (inclusive), 18 to 22 (inclusive), 26 to 34 (inclusive), 45, 51 to 55 (inclusive) of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, shall, as far as may be, and except in so far as a

contrary intention is expressed in this Act, apply to all inquiries into claims for compensation for damages resulting from the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

62. (1) In determining the amount of compensation to be awarded in inquiries made under section 61, regard may be had among other considerations to the diminution in the market-value, at the time of awarding compensation, of the property in respect of which compensation is claimed, and where the diminution in the market-value is not ascertainable, the amount shall be reckoned at three times the amount of the diminution of the annual net profits of such property caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

(2) In cases where compensation has been awarded for any damage caused by the construction, extension, improvement or alteration of a water-course or the conveyance of water through an existing water-course under sections 26 to 34 and 57, the amount of such compensation shall be recoverable by the Government from the persons for whose benefit action has been taken under those sections.

63. (1) When any land or the use thereof is required for the purpose of any irrigation or drainage work, either temporarily or permanently, the Collector may—

(a) with the consent of the person entitled to compensation, direct that, subject to the use of the land by the Government, so long as it may be required for the purpose of such irrigation or drainage work, the rights to the land and the enjoyment thereof in any manner not inconsistent with such use shall remain with the person so entitled, compensation being awarded only in respect of the use by Government, or

(b) with the consent of the person entitled to compensation and subject to the general or special sanction of the Local Government, confer on the person so entitled, in lieu of or as part of any compensation, a right to a supply of water from such irrigation work.

(2) Subject to the conditions of any award or order made under sub-section (1), clause (a) or (b) of this section, the person entitled to the land may, if it has been occupied for the purpose of any irrigation or drainage work for a period

exceeding three years, request the Collector to make a complete acquisition of the land under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, and the land shall be acquired accordingly.

64. Whenever in the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act the supply of water to any person is stopped or diminished under circumstances entitling him to compensation under section 54, the Local Government shall, with the consent of the person so entitled and subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, tender to him, in lieu of or as part of such compensation a right to a supply of water from any irrigation or drainage work, unless such supply is in the opinion of the Local Government impracticable or the cost of such supply would exceed the amount of compensation payable.

CHAPTER IX.

OF OBTAINING LABOUR AND MATERIALS ON EMERGENCIES.

65. (1) Whenever it appears to an irrigation-officer that unless some work or repair is immediately executed such serious damage will happen to any irrigation or drainage work as to cause sudden and extensive public injury,

or, that unless some clearance of an irrigation or drainage work which is necessary in order to maintain the established course of irrigation or drainage is immediately executed serious public loss will occur,

and that the labours necessary for the proper execution of such repair, clearance or work cannot be obtained in the ordinary manner within the time that can be allowed for the execution of the same so as to prevent such injury or loss,

it shall be lawful for such officer to require the headmen or headmen of the village or villages in the vicinity to call upon all or any of the able-bodied male persons who reside or occupy land in the vicinity of the locality where such repair, clearance or work has to be executed to assist in the execution of such repair, clearance or work by labouring thereat as such officer or any person authorized by him in this behalf may direct.

(2) Such officer or any person authorized by him in this behalf may also enter into and upon any immovable property in the neighbourhood of any

such irrigation or drainage work and take possession of, appropriate and remove any trees or bamboos, whether standing or not, and any timber, posts, ropes, straw, earth, stones or other materials found in or upon such property, and use the same for the purpose of such repair, clearance or work.

(3) Every person authorized as mentioned in this section shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

66. Any adult male person being duly called upon by the head of his village to labour as abovesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to comply with such call without any lawful excuse shall, on conviction before a magistrate, be punished with a fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with simple imprisonment which may extend to one month, or with both.

67. All persons labouring or detained for the purpose of labouring by day in compliance with a requisition made under section 65 or whose materials may be taken under that section shall, as soon as may be reasonably practicable, be paid by the irrigation-officer for their labour and detention or for such materials at the highest market rates for similar labour or materials for the time being prevailing in the neighbourhood. If the persons are required to work or are detained at night, they shall be paid at double such rates.

68. Whenever as a result of the removal under section 65 of any trees, bamboos, earth, stones or other materials, any damage over and above the price payable for such materials results directly to any person, the irrigation-officer shall pay to such person a reasonable amount of compensation for such damage.

69. Any dispute arising between the irrigation-officer and any person as to the amount to be paid to such person under section 67 or 68 may be referred by either party to the Collector whose decision thereon shall be final.

CHAPTER X.

OF CUSTODY LABOUR.

70. (1) The provisions of this chapter apply to the following irrigation and drainage works:—

- (a) all river and spring channels;
- (b) all tanks;

(d) all supply and escape channels connected with tanks; and

(d) any other irrigation or drainage work in respect of which the Local Government after causing an enquiry to be made in the prescribed manner may, by notification, declare that it is customary to perform unpaid labour.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Local Government by an order to declare, in respect of all or any of the aforesaid works in any locality, that the customary labour referred to in section 71 need not be performed either wholly or in part.

71. Every occupier of land irrigated or drained by any irrigation or drainage work shall perform in respect of such work without payment the following customary labour hereinafter called *kudimaram* work—

(a) filling up gullies, cracks, ruts and holes;

(b) mowing prickly-pea, wild cotton, bushes and other rank growth or pernicious weed;

(c) clearing away such underwood as may be considered by the irrigation-officer to be injurious;

(d) clearing sand or silt from sluices and channels;

(e) replacing stones which have been displaced from unwatered rivulets, dams, calingulas and byewashes;

(f) keeping clear the spaces between the upright staves of calingulas except in so far as the temporary filling up of such spaces has been permitted by the irrigation-officer; and

(g) any other work which the Local Government after causing an enquiry to be made in the prescribed manner may by notification declare to be customary labour in respect of any specified locality.

Explanation.—All land forming part of the registered or recognized system of an irrigation work shall be deemed to be land irrigated by such work within the meaning of this section.

72. It shall be the duty of every village headman to see that the *kudimaram* work in respect of any irrigation or drainage work situated in the village or villages in his charge is duly performed.

73. If such work is neglected, the headman shall report the matter to the irrigation-officer who shall call upon the headman or headmen of the village or villages in which the persons bound to do the work ordinarily reside or the land occupied by them is situate to require such persons by beat of tom-tom to carry out the work by a certain date. If the requisition be not complied with the irrigation-officer may cause the work to be done by hired labour.

74. If during the execution of *kudimaram* work any person who is bound to contribute labour towards such work neglects or refuses to do so, the village headman may employ hired labourers for the performance of the labour which such person is bound to contribute.

75. The labour which each occupier of land is bound to contribute towards the performance of *kudimaram* work and the proportionate share of labour for each village where an irrigation or drainage work serves more than one village shall be determined in the prescribed manner.

76. Whenever any person who is bound to contribute labour towards the performance of *kudimaram* work neglects or refuses without sufficient and reasonable cause so to contribute, the irrigation-officer may levy from such person a sum not exceeding four times the value of the labour which such person is bound to contribute.

Against the order of the irrigation-officer an appeal shall lie to the Collector whose decision shall be final.

77. (1) In respect of any irrigation or drainage work the Local Government may, in lieu of enforcing customary labour, levy an annual cess from the persons who are bound to contribute such labour, whenever a majority of such persons so desire or the Local Government consider it expedient.

The cess shall be determined and administered in the manner prescribed.

(2) The Local Government may at any time abolish the imposition of the cess; and on such abolition the liability to perform customary labour shall revive.

78. No civil court shall take cognizance of any suit filed in respect of any matter dealt with in this chapter.

CHAPTER XI.

OF IRRIGATION PANCHAYATS AND
BOARDS.

79. Subject to such general or special rules as may be prescribed, the District Collector may, when he is satisfied that a substantial demand exists, constitute an irrigation panchayat for a village or for an individual irrigation work or part of such work.

Each panchayat shall consist of the village headman, who shall be a member ex officio, and of not more than nine and not less than three other members who shall be elected in the manner prescribed, by and from among occupiers of land who are interested by reason of such occupation in the proper maintenance of such work.

The elected members shall hold office for a period of three years, but shall be eligible for re-election. Provided that an elected member shall be deemed to have vacated his office as soon as he ceases to possess the aforesaid qualification.

80. Subject to such general or special rules as may be prescribed, the District Collector may constitute an irrigation board consisting of two or more panchayats or delegates therefrom in respect of an irrigation work irrigating more than one village.

The appointment of delegates to irrigation boards shall be made in the manner prescribed and every delegate shall hold his office only for such time as he continues to be a member of the panchayat of which he is the delegate.

81. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed, the panchayat or board may (a) elect a president from among themselves and (b) frame by-laws for the conduct of its business.

(2) The provisions of the following sections as regards panchayats shall also apply as far as possible to irrigation boards.

82. (1) On the reconstitution of an irrigation panchayat under section 79 the District Collector may place any irrigation work or any portion thereof which he considers suitable for management by a panchayat under the control of the panchayat subject to the condition that the panchayat shall maintain

such work to the satisfaction of the Collector and subject also to such other conditions as may be prescribed.

(3) Subject to the rules mentioned in clause (1) and to any further rules that may be framed by the District Collector in this behalf, a panchayat appointed under section 79 shall have power—

(a) to exercise, in respect of the irrigation work under its control, all the functions of an irrigation officer under this Act in regard to impressing labour and obtaining materials on emergency and demanding and enforcing customary labour;

(b) to recover and administer the cess levied under section 77 in respect of the irrigation work under its control;

(c) where no cess is levied under section 77 to levy in lieu of kadi-masum work, either wholly or in part, a cess at a rate not exceeding the rate which may be prescribed;

(d) to regulate in respect of any irrigation work under its control the manner and the order in which the lands in the village under that work shall be irrigated, the time of the commencement of the issue of water, the period up to which the supply of water shall continue and the quantity to be let out;

(e) to take such other steps as may be necessary in order to secure the proper maintenance of any irrigation work entrusted to its control and the due utilisation of the water contained therein; and

(f) generally to exercise, in respect of any irrigation work entrusted to its control, such of the powers vested in the Government as may be delegated to it by the Government by a general or special order made in this behalf.

Against an order of the panchayat levying a cess under clause (c) of this sub-section an appeal shall lie to the Collector whose decision shall be final.

83. Any panchayat constituted under section 79 may frame such by-laws as it may deem expedient for the purposes set out in the last preceding section and shall publish such by-laws in the village in such manner as may be prescribed.

84. (1) Any person who, in contravention of the by-laws framed and published by the panchayat under the preceding section, irrigates any land

from any irrigation work under the control of that panchayat shall be liable to pay, by order of the panchayat, a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 per acre for such land on each occasion of such irrigation, and the panchayat may stop the supply of water to such land until the penalty is paid or recover such penalty from each person as an arrear of land revenue.

(2) Such penalty shall be levied without prejudice to the imposition of enhanced water-rates under section 95 of this Act provided that such enhanced water-rates shall be reduced by the amount of any penalty which may have been imposed and collected by the panchayat under sub-section (1) of this section.

(3) Against an order of the panchayat under sub-section (1) an appeal shall lie to the Collector but only on the ground that the order or the by-law on which it is based is contrary to the orders passed by an irrigation-officer or to any treaty or agreement recognized by such officer or that it is contrary to law.

(4) No civil court may take cognizance of any suit relating to any order of a panchayat imposing a penalty or stopping water except on the ground that the order or by-law is contrary to law or a decree of a civil court.

85. Wherever the Local Government are satisfied that, for the proper protection, maintenance or management of an irrigation work under its control, it is necessary for a panchayat to carry out work not being judicial work, the Local Government may provide the panchayat with funds to meet the cost of such work either wholly or in part. When funds are so provided the panchayat shall carry out the work in such manner and within such time as the Local Government may direct.

86. (1) All sums realized as penalties and all other receipts of a panchayat, including any contribution from the Local Government, shall constitute a fund to be called the "Irrigation Panchayat Fund." The accounts of the fund shall be kept in the manner prescribed.

(2) The expenses incurred by the panchayat in carrying out the purposes mentioned in this chapter shall be paid out of the Panchayat Fund.

Provided that any contribution made by the Local Government for any specific purpose shall be applied solely to that purpose.

87. (1) If in the opinion of the District Collector any panchayat persistently makes default in the performance of the duties imposed upon it by this Act or exceeds or abuses its powers, such Collector may, after giving an opportunity to the members of the panchayat to be heard in their defence, order the panchayat to be dissolved.

(2) Where a panchayat has been ordered to be dissolved, the members thereof shall vacate their office from the date of the order of dissolution and the District Collector shall take charge of any moneys which may be in the hands of the panchayat and shall utilize the same for such purposes and in such manner as may be prescribed.

88. No member of a panchayat shall be liable to be sued for any act done in good faith in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.

89. Where under section 15 of the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, the Local Government have transferred to a panchayat constituted under the said Act the protection, maintenance and management of an irrigation work, such panchayat, notwithstanding anything contained in section 19 of this Act, shall, in respect of such work, be deemed to be, and be competent to exercise the powers and perform the duties of, an irrigation panchayat constituted under this Act. Such panchayat shall keep the Irrigation Panchayat Fund distinct from the "Panchayat Fund" constituted under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920.

CHAPTER XII.

OF JURISDICTION AND PROCEEDINGS.

90. Except where otherwise provided or an order or decision is declared to be final, all claims in respect of anything done under this Act may be tried by the civil courts; but no such court shall entertain a suit or application for the issue of an injunction to restrain the exercise of any powers conferred by this Act upon the Local Government or any person or body of persons or any officer.

91. Any person empowered under this Act to conduct any inquiry may exercise all such powers connected

with the summoning and examining of witnesses as are conferred on Civil Courts by the Code of Civil Procedure.

92. Every inquiry conducted under this Act shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding.

93. The period of limitation for an appeal under this Act shall run from the date of the order appealed against and shall be as follows:

(a) When the appeal lies to the Collector or District Collector—thirty days.

(b) When the appeal lies to the Board of Revenue—sixty days.

CHAPTER XIII.

OF OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

94. Whoever, without proper authority, and voluntarily, does any of the following acts, that is to say:—

(1) damages, alters, endangers or obstructs any irrigation or drainage work;

(2) interferes with, increases or diminishes the supply of water in, or the flow of water from, through, over or under any irrigation or drainage work or does any act which renders such irrigation or drainage work less useful for the purpose for which it was constructed;

(3) interferes with or alters the flow of water in any river or stream, so as to endanger, damage or render less useful any irrigation or drainage work;

(4) constructs, removes or alters any dam, weir, outfallment, sluice, channel or other work in contravention of the provisions of section 8;

(5) disobeys any order made under section 37;

(6) corrupts or fouls the water of any irrigation work so as to render it less fit for the purposes of irrigation;

(7) destroys, injures, defaces or moves any land-mark, level-mark or water-gauge fixed by the authority of a public servant;

(8) causes animals or vehicles to pass on or across any of the works, banks or channels of a drainage or irrigation work after such passage has been prohibited by the District Collector;

(9) causes or knowingly and wilfully permits animals to graze or be tethered upon the bank or border of any irrigation or drainage work after such grazing or tethering has been prohibited by the District Collector;

(10) removes or injures any tree, bush, grass or other vegetation intended for the protection of any irrigation or drainage work;

(11) commits any breach of any rule made in accordance with the provisions of section 101 for breach whereof the Local Government has, in such rules, directed that a penalty may be incurred; shall be liable, on conviction before a magistrate, in the case of offences under sub-sections (1) to (4), to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months, or to both, and in the case of offences under sub-sections (5) to (11), to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, or to both.

95. Whenever any magistrate imposes a fine upon any person for an offence under this Act, he may direct that the whole or any part of such fine may be paid by way of compensation to the person injured by such offence.

96. When any person is convicted of an offence under section 94, or of the offence of mischief under the Indian Penal Code in relation to any irrigation or drainage work, the convicting magistrate may order that he shall remove the obstruction or repair the damage or replace or repair the land-mark, level-mark, water-gauge or apparatus in respect of which conviction has taken place within a period to be fixed in such order. If such person neglects or refuses to obey such order within the period so fixed, any irrigation-officer duly empowered in this behalf may carry out the work in accordance with such order and the cost thereof shall be recoverable from such person by the Collector.

97. Any irrigation-officer or other person duly empowered in this behalf in charge of or employed upon any irrigation or drainage work may remove from any land or buildings appertaining thereto any person who in his view commits any of the offences mentioned in sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (7) of section 94.

98. (1) Whenever in the opinion of the Collector water has been taken for the purpose of irrigation from any irrigation or drainage work in contravention of the provisions of section 17 or in violation of any rule made under

section 131, it shall be lawful for the Collector to impose, in addition to the cess, if any, leviable under this Act and subject to such rules as may be prescribed, enhanced water-cess not exceeding twenty times the water-cess ordinarily payable for a first irrigated crop in respect of such water.

Provided that where a person has become liable to enhanced water-cess under this section and his act also amounts to an offence under section 34, he shall not be liable both to pay enhanced water-cess under this section and also to undergo prosecution for the offence.

(2) In cases where the cost of repairing or removing damage, alteration, enlargement or obstruction to an irrigation or drainage work is recoverable under section 21, the Collector may, in addition to such cost, recover from the occupiers of lands the crops on which have been suffered by such damage, alteration, enlargement or obstruction, enhanced water-cess not exceeding twenty times the water-cess ordinarily payable for a first crop irrigated in respect of such water. Against the order of the Collector an appeal shall lie to the District Collector, whose decision shall be final.

(3) The enhanced water-cess provided in this section shall be leviable also on lands which are ordinarily exempt from a separate cess for water.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section the words "water-cess ordinarily payable" shall, in the case of land paying a wet-rate of assessment to Government, mean the wet-rate of assessment for a first crop fixed on the land.

CHAPTER XIV.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS.

99. The provisions of Chapters IX and X apply also to landholders' works of irrigation in an estate.

Provided that—

(1) the functions of the irrigation-officer shall, in regard to such works, be exercised by such officer as the Local Government may appoint;

(2) all charges incurred by Government, in respect of such works, on account of employing labour, cost of materials and compensation for damage, or otherwise, shall be recoverable from the landholder;

(3) customary labour shall not be enforceable in respect of any work which serves exclusively the landholders' private land as defined in the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908.

100. All cesses, contributions and costs payable, and all fines, penalties and other sums leviable under this Act shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

101. (1) The Local Government may, from time to time, after previous publication, make rules for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act and alter or cancel any rules so made.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the Government may make rules—

(a) regarding the proceedings of any officer who, under any provision of this Act, is required or empowered to take action in any matter;

(b) prescribing the cases in which and the officers to whom, and the conditions subject to which, orders and decisions given under any provision of this Act, unless otherwise expressly provided for in this Act, shall be appealable;

(c) prescribing the persons by whom, and the time, place or manner at or in which, anything for the doing of which provision is made in this Act shall be done;

(d) prescribing the officers by whom, and the local limits within which, all or any of the powers or duties conferred or imposed by this Act shall be exercised or performed;

(e) prescribing the conditions subject to which supplies of water may be made from an irrigation-drainage work; and deducting the amount in which sources of irrigation shall be assigned to any land;

(f) declaring the rates of water-cess leviable under this Act;

(g) declaring the enhanced rates which may be levied for water taken in contravention of this Act or of any rule or order made thereunder;

(h) declaring the manner and the proportion in which water-cess shall be levied from the landholder and the ryot under section 43;

(i) for the determination of the extent of land entitled to irrigation free of water-cess;

(j) for the localization of such land;

(k) for the determination of the customary labour to be contributed by each village where an irrigation or drainage work serves more than one village or by individual persons;

(l) for the determination, collection and administration of the fees levied under section 77 in lieu of customary labour;

(m) for the conduct of business by panchayats and irrigation boards and for the maintenance of a record of their proceedings;

(n) for the election of the members of panchayats, and the appointment of delegates to irrigation boards;

(o) for the election of the president of a panchayat or irrigation board;

(p) for declaring the objects on which expenditure may be incurred by a panchayat, or irrigation board;

(q) for the conduct of inquiries by panchayats, and irrigation boards;

(r) regarding the accounts to be maintained by panchayats and irrigation boards, the audit of such accounts and the arrangements to be made for the lodging and custody of the Irrigation Panchayat Fund;

(s) prescribing the maximum rate of cess which an irrigation panchayat or board may levy;

(t) prescribing the forms and the mode of service of notices and orders under this Act where no form or mode of service is prescribed by this or any other Act; and directing the manner in which any notifications shall be published; and

(u) for the guidance of officers in the exercise of the duties assigned to them under this Act.

(3) All such rules shall be laid before the Legislative Council for a period of not less than two months while the Council is in session.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The advisability of legislating in order clearly to define the position of the State in respect of irrigation was recognised as early as 1835, when the Governor in Council directed the drafting of an Act to set out "what is clearly the common law of the country, viz. that rivers and natural streams as well as springs in uncultivated or Government land belong to Government." The Bill prepared in pursuance of that direction accordingly contained a declaration to that effect and further maintained "the undoubted right of Government to levy a reasonable tax for the use of the water from the sources mentioned. And, likewise, the need for legislation did not at that time appear to be urgent. It was ordered in 1841 that the Bill should be once for all considered; and for every year no further action was taken.

2. In 1858 the subject was revived by the publication of the report of the Famine Commission, which drew specific attention to the "great inconvenience occasioned by the absence of any irrigation law for Madras." As a result of the discussion thus initiated a new Bill was prepared in 1864 with the object of "establishing the law relating to irrigation and navigation works." This draft, based substantially on the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1859, was referred to a Select Committee which, after making certain alterations, reported by a considerable majority in favour of its provisions. The measure as then altered was, however, condemned by the Board of Revenue as conflicting with the conditions of the Madras Presidency, and in 1865 the Bill was, by order of Government, withdrawn.

3. The difficulties which arose from the want of a precise enactment enabling the State to control and regulate irrigation in the interests of the general community, continued to obstruct themselves upon the notice of Government, and in 1868 the Board of Revenue was constituted as to the advisability of legislating. The reference requested the Board to collate the various decisions of the civil courts and to report, in consultation with district officers, as to the nature and extent of legislation requisite in order to define and secure the permanent authority of State in relation to irrigation to the best advantage for the public good. The resolution submitted in reply dealt exhaustively with the subject, and while the complex issues involved were still under consideration, the Board's recommendations to legislate received strong confirmation from the report of the Indian Irrigation Commission, for the Commissioners in Volume II of their report—particularly paragraphs 272 to 280—strongly advocated the enactment of an irrigation law for this Presidency. The Government accepted the concurrent conclusions of these authorities as to the need for legislation and in 1869 placed an officer on special duty for the purpose of drafting an Irrigation Bill. The result of his labours was submitted to prolonged scrutiny and in March 1869 a draft Bill was referred to the Board of Revenue for report in consultation with select revenue officers and representative private bodies and individuals, while the High Court and the Advocate-General were simultaneously requested to favour Government with their observations and suggestions were made to procure a general expression of the views of competent officers of the Public Works Department with regard to the measure in issue. The replies received gave rise to radical alterations to the Bill and in the end of 1869 a re-draft was prepared eliminating the principal defects which had excited adverse criticism in the previous Bill. Framed mainly on the lines which legislation relating to irrigation has followed in other Provinces of India during

the preceding 25 years, the revised Bill was referred for scrutiny to the same authorities as the measure of 1908, and at the same time was laid on the Orders' Table with an explanatory Order (S.O. No. 2172, Revised, dated the 25th November 1909), so as to secure the full benefit of public criticism and suggestion. In consequence of the criticism elicited, the revised Bill underwent further alterations both in substance and form and the measure as thus revised was approved by the Government of India in 1914. It was announced that the motion to introduce the Bill would be made at the meeting of the Legislative Council which was to be held on 25th November 1914. Before, however, the motion could be moved by the Honorable Member in charge of the Bill, a motion was made that the consideration of the subject be adjourned until a convenient date after the war. The Government agreed the motion as the ground that it was desirable to introduce the Bill in order to secure satisfactory results which existed regarding it in the mind of the public. Finally, however, the motion for adjournment was carried and further progress of the Bill had to be deferred until the conclusion of the war.

4. Since then certain legal pronouncements have been made on the subject of irrigation rights, the most notable of which is the decision of the Privy Council in the *Uthmaniyah* case which is reported in I.L.R., 40 Mad., page 885, in which Their Lordships held that the right to free irrigation in respect of an estate should be measured with reference to the quantity of water to which the landholder was entitled at the time of the grant. This ruling seriously altered the law relating to the levy of water-charges as it had been generally understood and administered before which was that a landholder or landholder right to free irrigation from the streams which were in existence at the time of the permanent settlement or lease settlement was confined to the extent of the then water cultivation. Their Lordships also made certain observations on the difficulties arising out of the obscurity of the meaning of the Irrigation Code Act VII of 1853. With a view to clarify the law and remove the uncertainty due to the defective wording of the Act, a Bill to amend the Act was framed and it was intended to introduce it as an emergent measure; but this was also dropped on account of the war. The other decisions, some of which are summarily mentioned, relate to riparian rights and the ownership of rivers and streams based on these rights.

5. The Bill of 1914 was revised so as to close the doubts and difficulties created by the subsequent decisions and advantage was also taken of this opportunity to make it a comprehensive measure by including in it provisions on water-works and the allied subject of control and on irrigation and on irrigation machinery. Whereas of recent years Bills for amending the Irrigation Code were submitted to the Government of India, they ended upon the Government the feeling of a comprehensive amendment dealing especially with water-works and landholders; but this Government since determined to it on account of the urgency of the measure they had in hand. As such an amendment would no longer be urgent, a comprehensive amendment was prepared and after obtaining the sanction of the Government the Bill was introduced at the meeting of the Legislative Council held in January 1923. The Council by a majority rejected the Bill. As a result of the opposition, the Bill was due to be re-proposed at its previous time it was considered desirable to refer the Bill to a special committee. A committee consisting mostly of non-officials was accordingly appointed with the Member of the Executive Council in charge as the President. The committee examined the provisions of the Bill in great detail. After a careful consideration of the recommendations of the committee the Bill has been revised so as to give effect to those recommendations wherever practicable.

6. The history of the Bill having thus been set out, it remains to expound the main objects and reasons underlying its provisions.

With the exception of Chapters V, VI, VII, X, XI and XII the Bill is framed generally on the model of the Indian Irrigation Act, 1879, and the Burma Canal Act, 1893. The Bill contains a deprivation of the State's rights of control over the waters of rivers, streams, etc., not wholly situated in an estate.

7. Chapter I embodies the necessary preliminary definitions. These have for the most part been taken from the Indian Act, subject to certain modifications necessitated by local conditions. Mention may be particularly made of the substitution of the term 'irrigation work' for the word 'canal.' Clause 5 makes provision for the grant of permits under the Act to the officers charged with the duty of applying it and enables the Local Government to delegate their functions in this respect.

8. Chapter II treats of rights and the assumption of control of works not belonging to Government for public purposes.

The declaration in clause 3 of the paramount right of the State to control the waters of rivers, etc., is based on the provisions of the Indian Irrigation Act and as a series of judicial decisions in British India. Waters wholly situated in an estate are excluded from the declaration in paragraph of the waters of the Government.

Clause 7, 9 and 10 enable the Local Government by notification to apply the water of any river or stream or natural collection of water not wholly situated in an estate or estates for the purpose of any existing or proposed irrigation or drainage work and to assume control over all other works wholly situated in an estate or estates and over any work which has not been situated or maintained by Government. Upon the issue of a notification under clause 10 the Local Government will have full powers of control and regulation subject only to the payment of compensation for damage, for which provision is made in Chapter VIII and the liability of the landholder to maintain notified works in his estate will devolve upon Government.

Clause 6 prohibits private interference with the water notified.

Clause 11 safeguards private rights in respect of water already appropriated, and bars the award of future ones except by grant. The complications that arise from the theory of riparian rights are avoided by this provision. The clause defines appropriations and the extent to which such appropriations shall be deemed to have been made. In dealing the definition, the principle of the doctrine of the Privy Council in the *Ulster* case has been kept in view in the new of estates. In the case of Government lands the clause embodies existing rules.

Clause 12 to 15 require the presentation of a memorial within a fixed time of a notification under clause 7 except where the notification relates to a natural source not wholly situated in an estate or estate and is for the purpose of entering irrigation or drainage.

Clause 16 provides that a notification under clause 10 shall in certain cases cease to operate by efflux of time. It may be noticed that this clause applies only to natural sources wholly situated in an estate or estates and to private works and in respect of the former the operation is restricted to cases where control is assumed for purpose of private irrigation or drainage. Where the control is for the purpose of entering irrigation or drainage, the clause will not apply, and consequently the notification will continue to be in force until it is formally cancelled by the Government.

3. Chapter III, relating to the control and supply of water and of works generally, divides into the *Barnes* model, which surely commends the simplified circumstances justifying interference with the supply of water to any water-course or any person.

In view of the inconveniences noticed by the Legislative Commission arising from the absence of any statutory definition of the rights of Government over irrigation it has been thought preferable specifically to declare what powers are possessed by Government and irrigation officers in regard to the construction of irrigation works and the control of water-supply. Clause 17 of the Bill has been drafted accordingly.

As against the arbitrary use of the powers conferred, ample protection is afforded to the owners of irrigated land in the shape of the compensation admissible in respect of substantial damage and by requiring the provision of a lock across whenever practicable where the existing supply is stopped or diminished (Chapter VIII), but risk of obstructive action on their part is obviated by a later clause (20) which, having no part or application in a civil suit for the issue of an injunction to restrain the exercise of the statutory powers conferred upon Government and its officers.

Clause 18 to 22 give the requisite power of entry upon land, as buildings for the purpose of survey, inspection and any other action necessary for the regulation, maintenance and improvement of irrigation or drainage works.

Clause 23, following section 26 of the *Barnes* Act, provides for the recovery of the cost of repairing any damage caused to such works from the non-use of the lands which derive benefit from that damage, if the person causing it is not identifiable; provision is further made in clause 24 for the recovery of a substantial penalty, not exceeding twenty times the water-rate on the land benefited, in order to meet cases in which the actual cost of repairs is minimal and the offender a mere tool of industrial persons but the mischief done affects a large extent of irrigated land and causes material injury to crops having preferential claims to the water wrongfully diverted.

Clause 25 deals with the subject of contributions towards the repair of irrigation works which serve jointly estate and adjacent land. In the interests of the crops affected it is essential that Government should have power to carry out necessary repairs without delay, and where the expenditure so incurred benefits an estate, the landholder is equitably liable to contribute to the cost of repair when he pays a separate sum for the water-supply which he receives.

14. Chapter IV treats of water-courses.—Clauses 26 to 31 prescribe the procedure to be followed in the construction of water-courses upon applications made to an irrigation officer for such purpose, while clause 32 enables the irrigation officer of his own initiative to construct new water-courses or to extend, alter and improve those already existing. In view of the importance of adequate provision for the rapid construction of water-courses in connection with any large scheme of irrigation and in order to insure the timely development of such schemes and the realization of the success in the period anticipated in the *Barnes* formula, the procedure prescribed for the acquisition of land in the case of private applications was here intentionally simplified in clause 28 which governs applications made by an irrigation officer etc. solely for the purpose of new works.

Under clause 29 the cost incurred by the irrigation officer on the construction, extension, alteration and improvement of water-courses is recoverable from the owners or occupants of the land irrigated by water therefrom.

The provisions of this chapter have been taken mainly from the *Barnes* and *Bowling* Acts. These models have been departed from however in two respects, namely, in that the water-courses after construction will remain the property of Government and possession will not be made over to the applicants. The deviation is in accordance with the prevailing practice in this Presidency, according to which irrigation channels are ordinarily treated as State property subject to communal or private rights of user. The method of treatment, however simplifying the Bill, has the further advantage of avoiding demands for dispute as to rights and liabilities which would inevitably arise if the ownership of water-courses were vested in an indefinite number of private persons with varying and often conflicting interests.

11. Chapter V treats of water-ways. The provisions of the Madras Irrigation Cess Act, 1925, are embodied in this chapter but reference to "aggregations" is omitted as this term has given rise to a number of conflicting decisions. The amendments to the Madras Irrigation Cess Act introduced by Act II of 1912 are also embodied in the present chapter with the exception of subsection (5) of section 104 which makes the landholder liable to repair the syet any area paid by him between 1911 and 1912 which the syet would have been liable to pay had the Act been in force at the time of the collection. The amended provision has been taken from the Act as it is no longer required as the claims referred to therein have become time-barred by the end of 1916. Following the recommendation of the Irrigation Commission of 1921-22 provision is also made for the levy of enhanced assessment upon Government land classified as wet and a charge for water upon land in an estate entitled to irrigation free of charge whenever the supply of water is enlarged or otherwise improved by the Government.

12. Chapter VI deals with the execution of works on special terms. The absence of such a provision has been felt to be a serious want in the Treasury. There are projects under contemplation which will not be remunerative unless the payment of water-cess at a specified rate is guaranteed in respect of the land in the concerned area whether the holders of such land choose to take water or not. The areas have expressed their willingness to do so, but the Government are advised by their law officers that under the existing law such agreements do not run with the land and are not enforceable against transferees. This chapter is intended to remedy the defect. Some of the provisions have been taken from the United Provinces Mining Irrigation Works Act.

13. Chapter VII treats of land in an estate entitled to irrigation free of charge.

Clause 34 deals with the determination of the extent of such land. Under clause 41 water appropriated for purposes of irrigation is an estate in the manner and in the extent defined in clauses 41 and 42 to which a landholder is entitled to a share of work are exempted from charge. In both these cases the right to free irrigation is measured with reference to the quantity of water. In the interests of administration and development of irrigation it may be necessary to guarantee the right to take storage and the clause reserves power to the Government to do so.

The clause further provides that settlements effected prior to 1st May 1917 in respect of which no suit was pending on that date are final. The object of this provision is to prevent landholders from seeking to reopen unsettled settlements on the strength of the decision in the Union case which was pronounced on 3rd May 1917, taking advantage of the ruling in 37 Mad. 322, 323 that the levy of water-cess every year gives rise to a fresh cause of action. Several such suits have been received from landholders who want to reopen settlements effected prior to 1st May 1917, and unless such suits are barred there will be a crop of litigation.

Clause 55 deals with localisation. The past history of manual wet in the Giddalur and Kistna deltas has demonstrated that unless land entitled to irrigation free of charge is localised there will be serious administrative inconveniences and loss of public revenue. There still remain extensive blocks of unlocalised land in Kistna and other districts and under the existing law there is no means of compelling the landholders to localise them. Several expedients have been suggested some of which are likely to be effective and legislation seems to be the only remedy. One reason why landholders evade localisation is that they apprehend suits from their syets. Under the existing law it is open to a ryot whose land has not been recognised as wet to sue for a declaration that it should be so treated (I.L.R., 32 Mad. 453).

Sub-clause (1) bars such suits.

14. Chapter VIII brings together as far as possible all provisions relating to the award of compensation. The general principle adopted is that compensation should be granted in respect of damage caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by the Bill, and the restrictions to which that principle is subjected are set out in clause 60.

Proviso (1) to that clause prescribes that claims to compensation must evidently be made within one year of the date of the exercise of the power in respect of which compensation is claimed.

The limitations enumerated under proviso (2) are, for the most part, based on section 21 of the Bombay Act and sections 3 and 3B of the Burma Act. But special mention should be made of the clause referred to in (a), (b), (c) and (f). The first of these, item (a), is intended to secure greater freedom for the effective and improvement of new sources of irrigation under which the initial arrangements are to some extent tentative and may be found afterwards to require modifications the introduction of which would be seriously hindered if the holders of land newly irrigated thereunder were permitted forthwith to acquire legal rights to the continuance of the supply of water. The limitation embodied in item (b) has claims to compensation for the withdrawal of supply of water from land registered as "dry" in the public accounts maintained under the Madras revenue system. Item (c) as stated in the Bill of 1926 contained the following additional words:—

"Or due to the decision of Government to repair or under otherwise any irrigation work."

This limitation was omitted in the Bill of 1931 on the ground that it is "too general in its terms and any reference to the subject is unnecessary by the first part of the clause and also may affect the interpretation of the general law."

The reason for the omission is not convincing. It has been held by Judicial authorities that Government was not under an obligation to maintain irrigation works (20 M.L.J., 809). This is an important statement of law and its insertion in the Bill is considered necessary for the guidance of the Revenue officers who have to deal with claims for compensation. The provision in the Bill of 1942 is therefore restored.

The insertion referred to (f) has been inserted because of the impossibility of estimating damages suffered to the detriment of all.

Paragraph (3) follows clause 21 of the Bill of 1936. The provision which was omitted in the later drafts is now inserted as the recommendation of the special committee.

Clauses 57 to 62 lay down the procedure to be followed in dealing with claims to compensation. Clause 63, following the Burma model, permits the grant of compensation in the shape of right to supply of water from the irrigation work constructed.

Clause 64 deals with the provision of a fresh supply whenever practicable in lieu of or as part of compensation for stoppage or diminution of existing supply. This clause is inserted as the recommendation of the committee.

15. Chapter IX deals with obtaining labour and materials on emergencies.

The wording of Madras Act I of 1858 relative to compulsory labour is somewhat loose and the provisions have been revised on the model of the Bombay Act VII of 1879 and the Burma Act II of 1905. The obsolete provision for determining compensation by means of panchayats is repealed.

16. Chapter X deals with Inducement. The law on the subject is now contained in section 4 of Act I of 1954 where it is most inadequately dealt with. The question of twinning was complete provision on the subject has been raised from time to time during the last 50 years. The Commission which reported on minor irrigation works in 1870 advocated fresh legislation and drafted a Bill which was referred to the Board of Revenue. The Board supported the proposal to legislate, but Government took no further steps at the time. In 1879 the Irrigation Sub-Committee of the Finance Commission again pressed for the legislation and its views were fully endorsed by the Finance Commission. A committee was accordingly appointed to prepare a Bill which was submitted to Government in 1892 and which was introduced into the Legislative Council and referred to a Select Committee. In 1894, however, the proposed measure was withdrawn principally on the ground that additional funds had become available for the maintenance of minor irrigation works—a reason which can hardly be regarded as adequate seeing that the principal ground for refusing customary labour is that it is required for carrying out petty works which cannot by their nature be properly seen to by Government or by any one but the people on the spot who alone are in a position to do those repairs which, trifling as themselves, may, if neglected, lead to serious injury. The Irrigation Commission of 1930-1932 again revised the subject and strongly advocated the enactment of a more satisfactory law. The various Collectors have been consulted and there is a general agreement among them that the present law is inadequate for the due enforcement of Inducement and that it ought to be amended.

The chief defects of the present law are that section has to be proved before Inducement work can be executed, that the nature of the irrigation works for which Inducement work can be required is not clearly stated, that no adequate penalty for failure to perform Inducement labour is provided, that some persons have to be settled by a panchayat, that some persons have to go into separate village funds, that it is left uncertain whether the owner or the occupier of land is the person responsible for doing work and that no provision is made for compulsion for Inducement by payment of a fine or for settlement of disputes as to the share of work contributed by villages where more than one village is concerned. Regarding the levy of a cess the Irrigation Commission of 1931-32 observe: "We should be inclined, indeed, to legislate the imposition of one only when the Local Government was satisfied that the Inducement system would not work or when it was desired by the people concerned. We think also it would be a great advantage if our funds could be administered by local panchayats for each task or group of tasks . . . and that at any rate legislation should provide for such arrangements." The defects mentioned above have been remedied in this Bill.

17. Chapter XI treats of irrigation panchayats and boards. As already pointed out, the working of the Inducement system has been unsatisfactory in many districts of the Presidency. The existence of factions in villages, the absence of landlords, the want of co-operation among the ayas, added to the cumbersome nature of the procedure under the Madras Compulsory Labour Act of 1858, are among the principal causes which have led to its failure.

One remedy is to amend the Act as the Bill now does. A further remedy, it is thought, will be found in the development of the panchayat system. As observed by the Irrigation Commission of 1931-1932, the most satisfactory means of administering the cess that may be levied in lieu of customary labour is through panchayats.

Informal panchayats have already been formed in some villages to regulate the distribution of water, to provide for the performance of customary repairs to tanks and also work out to settle irrigation disputes. If legal force is given to the decisions of such bodies, their influence will be greatly increased. The object of the present Bill is to institute irrigation panchayats on a statutory basis.

Under the Bill irrigation panchayats may be established even in non-irrigated areas in respect of settled irrigation works, that is, works of which control has been assumed under clause 10.

Clause 79 deals with the constitution of panchayats. The election of members is to be made by and from among occupiers of land benefited in the maintenance of the irrigation work for which the panchayat is formed. The object is to exclude alienable persons such as vendors, women, etc. Occupiers of land may or may not be residents of the village in which the land is situated. Residential qualification is not insisted on in their case as it is a very common feature that lands in one village are cultivated by the residents of the neighbouring village. This is inevitable in the case of "beherad," (deserted) villages.

18. Chapter XII deals of jurisdiction and procedure.

Clause 80 lays the basis of an injunction by a civil court to restrain the exercise of any of the powers conferred by the Bill upon Local Government, any person or persons or any officer. The restriction to which the jurisdiction of the civil courts is thus subjected ensures that irrigation officers shall not be hampered in the exercise of their powers for the regulation and control of irrigation works and the supply of water therefrom.

20. Chapter XIII deals with offences and penalties and intentionally provides heavier penalties for offences of a more serious nature.

Clauses 95 and 96 enable a magistrate dealing with an offence under the Act to award compensation to persons injured and to take measures to make good the injury done to irrigation or drainage works.

23. Chapter XIV contains supplementary provisions. Clause 99 makes it clear that labour may be imposed in regard to private works in an estate.

In clause 101 power is taken to make rules.

22nd January 1934

C. P. RAMASWAMI AYYAR.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

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